"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers to-day; fair to-morrow; south and southwest winds.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,801. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1909.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SHAH TAKES REFUGE IN RUSSIAN LEGATION

Gen. Liakoff Tries to End Hostilities, but the Shah Remains Obdurate.

REBELS ARE REINFORCED

Outcome in Their Favor Considered Certain—Foreign Houses Containing Women Under Fire.

TEHERAN, Persia, July 16, 10 A. M.—The Shah has just taken refuge in the Russian Legation.

A deputation from the British and Russian Legations is now on its way to inform the Nationalist leaders of the fact.

Despite the efforts of Gen. Liakoff, the military Governor of Teheran, to open negotiations with the Nationalist leaders and the agreement of both sides to cease hostilities, street fighting was in progress throughout the day between the Persian cossacks and the Nationalists around Artillery Square and between the Royalist Bakhtiaris and the newly arrived Nationalists and revolutionary Bakhtiaris.

The insurgents, however, continue in the ascendency, and as reinforcements are continually reaching them the outcome in their favor appears to be a foregone conclusion. The Shah remains obdurate and will probably insist on holding out until the Nationalist guns are trained on the Sultanahabad Palace.

Fighting around the Cossacks' barracks ceased this afternoon and negotiations for their surrender are now being carried on with Gen. Liakoff. The Shah's troops are discontented on account of insufficient food and pay.

The fighting to-day centred around the British Legation. A number of loyal Bakhtiaris, gaining an entrance to the city, took up a position on the tops of houses in the vicinity of the legation and near the Nationalist camp, which they bombarded with a heavy rifle fire. The Nationalists responded, and for several hours the British telegraph and other foreign houses, in which were a number of women, were under fire. During a lull the women were removed to the British Legation.

The battle last night between the Cossacks besieged in artillery square and the Nationalists who attempted to dislodge them was exceedingly fierce. When the Cossacks saw the Nationalist forces approaching they opened a terrific cannonade, and the Nationalists replied with their one gun and their rifles. Non-combatants were compelled to seek shelter in cellars, as shells were bursting everywhere.

The Cossacks succeeded in holding their position, and on the withdrawal of the attacking party opened fire with artillery on the Parliament Building. Under cover of this they made an attack on the Nationalist Headquarters, but were repulsed by a small force of Bakhtiaris, who took up a position with a Maxim gun in front of the British Legation.

The telegraphers, who are sticking to their instruments, have the windows of their house barricaded.

The control of the royalist troops has really passed from the hands of the Shah into those of Gen. Liakoff, who tried again to-day to stop hostilities. Through the Russian Legation Gen. Liakoff approached the Nationalist leaders, and agreed that the Cossacks should not fire except upon the undisciplined soldiers of the Shah, who were looting houses in the vicinity of the central square. He pointed out that a definitive reply to the Nationalists' terms yesterday did not depend upon himself. No reply was received to this communication, and Gen. Liakoff asked for an explanation as to why the Cossacks' quarters were being struck by bullets and pieces of shells.

The Nationalist leaders answered this by putting the blame for the continuation of the fighting on the Cossacks. They agreed to give orders that if the Cossacks took no hostile steps the Nationalists should remain inactive until Friday morning.

Four Nationalists Killed.

LONDON, July 16.—A dispatch to THE TIMES from Teheran says that all day long a party of Cossacks at the Russian Bank was heavily engaged with the Nationalists, of whom four were killed and several injured.

Gen. Liakoff's proposals for surrender, the dispatch says, are inexplicable. There are 300 Cossacks with artillery, under Russian officers, in the line taken up by the Royalist troops to the north of the town, and the Shah can hardly agree with the disappearance of this important section of his defense, nor, having regard to the fact that several of the city gates are still in the possession of the Royalists, is he likely to approve the surrender of the main body of the brigade.

Foreign Office advices from Teheran confirm the press reports that the resistance of the Royalists is practically at an end and the surrender of the Persian Cossacks imminent. With the exception of a single case of looting, a British house and unimportant damage to a few houses by rifle fire, foreigners in Teheran have not suffered either in person or in property.

Neither the British nor the Russian diplomatic representatives considers that any special measures of protection are necessary. The Russian troops have not been ordered to advance, but will remain in readiness at Kasvin, about eighty miles from Teheran.

The Government has received disquieting news, however, from Shiraz, capital of the Persian province of Fars, and arrangements have been made to hold a small British force in readiness at Bushire, on the Persian Gulf, and to increase the Consular guard at Shiraz in case the lives of foreigners are endangered.

Anxiety for Russian Officers.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 15.—The Foreign Office is anxious concerning the fate of Col. Liakoff and the other Russian officers in Teheran who, according to a dispatch received this morning from M. Sabelin, the Russian Chargé d'Affaires at the Persian capital, are in grave danger at the hands of the successful Nationalists.

The Persian Cossacks, who are commanded by these Russian officers, are besieged in their barracks and their position is critical. They may be overpowered at any moment, or they may desert to the Nationalists. The Russians include Col. Liakoff, Capt. Gregorovich, Capt. Perebinosoff, Capt. Zatolsky, Dr. Boitsushko, and eight non-commissioned officers.

A press dispatch received to-day says that Mme. Liakoff refuses to leave her husband's side and is now in the Cossack barracks with him. The so-called Cossacks of Teheran are a brigade of Persian troops who wear uniforms similar to those of the Russian Cossacks and who have been officered by Russians.

The Foreign Office apparently has not yet decided what status to attribute to these officers, who, although serving the Shah and on the retired list of the Russian Army, nevertheless have been regularly detailed to Teheran. It probably will decide that they may resume the status of Russian subjects, and, if defeated, be entitled to protection.

HEIR FOR PRINCE DE SAGAN.

Former Countess Boni de Castellane Gives Birth to a Son.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 15.—Princess Hélie de Sagan, formerly Anna Gould of New York, gave birth to a son this evening.

PARIS, July 15.—Prince Hélie de Sagan expressed great satisfaction at the birth of a son to-day, and immediately conveyed the good news to his intimate friends in Paris. Accompanied by several of these, he proceeded by automobile to St. Chero to express his gratification. Many telegrams of congratulation have arrived here for the Prince and Princess, and these have been forwarded to the château.

The birth of a son not only secures the succession to the Sagan title but means a Sagan heir, presumably, to share the fortune of the Princess de Sagan with her three children by her previous marriage.

The life of the Prince and Princess has recently been described by friends as exceedingly happy.

The Princess de Sagan was married to her second husband on July 7, 1908, in London, following a divorce from Count Boni de Castellane, to whom she was married on March 4, 1895, in New York. The divorce was sought and obtained in 1906.

By Count Boni de Castellane she had three sons—Boni, now 12 years old; George, 11, and Jay, 7.

SETTLE WITH MRS. CONRIED.

Metropolitan Opera Company Pays in Suit for Breach of Contract.

Supreme Court Justice Erlanger signed an order yesterday by consent of both parties to the action, dismissing the suit brought by Mrs. Augusta Conried, widow of Heinrich Conried, and executrix under his will, against the Metropolitan Opera Company for breach of contract with her husband.

The suit, it is understood, has been settled out of court on terms satisfactory to Mrs. Conried. The exact terms of settlement could not be learned last night. There was nothing in the Justice's order to indicate them, and Frederick W. Sperling, Mrs. Conried's brother, and her attorney in the action, declined to reveal them in the absence of Samuel Untermyer, the attorney of record in the action, who is in Europe. It was learned, however, that the settlement is on lines laid down by Mr. Untermyer before his departure, and that it included a substantial money payment to Mrs. Conried.

The action was begun by Heinrich Conried about December, 1908, immediately after he had ceased to be director of the Metropolitan. He sued for $90,000, alleging that the opera Directors had violated their agreement with him under which he undertook the direction of opera in this city. The Directors contended that there was a misunderstanding as to the terms on which Mr. Conried left the post in which he was succeeded by Signor Gatti-Casazza. It was generally understood, however, that when Mr. Conried severed his connection with the Metropolitan, his contract with the Directors had several years to run.

After Mr. Conried's death in the Austrian Tyrol some months ago, the suit he had begun was continued by his widow. Meantime it had come out that Mr. Conried's life had been insured for $150,000 by the opera Directors and that they collected this sum after his death.

NO SUTTON "WHITEWASHING."

Navy Department to See That the Investigation Is Thorough.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Meyer of the navy and the Judge Advocate of the Navy, it became known to-day, will maintain complete jurisdiction over the rehearing of the case of Lieut. James N. Sutton, the young Marine Corps officer who met a mysterious death on the night of Oct. 13, 1907, at the Naval Academy. While authority has been given to the members of a special board of inquiry to reopen the case, the Secretary will interfere if he sees the slightest inclination on the part of any one to strive to gloss the affair over. There is to be no "whitewashing."

Mrs. Sutton, the mother of the young man who lost his life at Annapolis, held a conference to-day with her two attorneys. They went over the evidence carefully and framed the questions they were to put to the various witnesses that have been called. The drift of these questions was not made public. Neither Mrs. Sutton nor her attorneys would talk. The former spent the evening in her apartments resting, she said, in anticipation of the hearing which begins Monday.

Mrs. Sutton's attention was called to the interview with Miss Elizabeth Stewart of Pittsburg, printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning. In the interview Miss Stewart denied that she had received the attentions of young Sutton, and that she was well acquainted with him. Mrs. Sutton accepted Miss Stewart's statement as being absolutely true. She acknowledged that, so far as she knew, there was no attachment between Miss Stewart and her son at the time of his sudden death. The elder woman regretted the connection of Miss Stewart's name with the case.

Certain members of the court arrived in Washington to-day in preparation for reopening at Annapolis on Monday. They will confer to-morrow with Assistant Secretary of the Navy Winthrop to ascertain the procedure to be followed in the rehearing.

TOURAINE SOON REPAIRED.

Bent Propeller Fixed Quickly and the Liner Sails on Time.

The French Line steamship Touraine sailed on time yesterday morning for Havre after some quick work on the part of her officials to get her ready for her scheduled sailing—10 A. M. On the voyage from Havre to this port which ended on Sunday the liner struck some submerged obstacle in the water, and she arrived here with one of the blades of her port propeller badly bent.

The officials decided to have the repairs made before she again sailed. All day Sunday and part of Monday a large force of longshoremen were engaged, under a special permit from the customs authorities, in unloading her. She was then taken to Brooklyn, where she was placed in dry dock.

The bent blade was removed and another substituted. The men had to work at night doing this, and the vessel got back to her North River pier just in time to allow her loading in time to sail yesterday morning.

"Let *your* Malted Milk be HORLICK'S. Everybody knows why. A nourishing lunch, at fountain, hotel or home. An ideal *food-drink*."—Adv.

GIRL NEARLY KILLS BOY WITH A RAZOR

Slashes Him Repeatedly in Sight of Church Crowd While a Companion Holds Victim.

TO AVENGE SMALL BROTHER

Kept Up Attack Till Victim Was Senseless and a Policeman Arrived—Victim Likely to Die.

A boy and girl walked down Pacific Street, Brooklyn, last night past Policeman Donaldson and the throngs of persons sitting on the steps of the Church of Our Lady of Loretto, near Sackman Street, till they came opposite the grocery store of Anthony Romain, almost opposite the church. In front of the shop thirteen-year-old Tony Romain was playing with his five-year-old brother, Angelo, and some other children.

The boy and girl crossed the street and called to Tony. He stepped into the middle of the street to meet them and the boy seized him. Like a flash the girl drew a razor from the folds of her dress and fairly crying with anger slashed again and again at Tony's head and face while he was held helpless by the larger boy.

From up the street Donaldson saw the attack. Men, women, and children saw it, too, but all were too stunned to do anything for a moment. Then the policeman rushed down the street, shouting to frighten the little girl, who continued slashing her victim furiously.

Both she and the boy who held the now almost unconscious Tony saw Donaldson coming, but it was not until he was almost upon them that the policeman heard the boy say:

"Let him go, Lena. He's had enough now. Let's beat it."

The girl threw the razor from her and her companion dropped Tony, who sank senseless to the pavement. Both the assailants started to run up Sackman Street, but they had waited too long. Donaldson grabbed the boy, and, fairly jerking him along, overtook and grasped the girl, too.

By this time a crowd of several hundred persons had gathered, among them Mr. and Mrs. Romain, whom their younger son had told of the attack on Tony. Mrs. Romain was hysterical, and tried to throw herself on the girl and boy prisoners. Mr. Romain was just as excited, and only by threats did the policeman manage to protect his prisoners while a fellow officer telephoned for an ambulance.

Drs. Wynne and McCluskey came from St. Mary's Hospital after Tony had been carried into his home. The doctors worked over him for an hour and a half. His left ear had been nearly severed and his nose had been so slashed that it hung almost in strips.

On the back of his head was a cut seven inches long. Other long cuts were on his face and neck, and there were two wounds in his back. He was weak from loss of blood and shock, but at last the doctors got him to the hospital, where it was said last night that his chance for life was about an even hazard.

Donaldson meantime took his boy and girl prisoner to the Brownsville Station. The girl said she was Lena Mielino, 13 years old, of 2,355 Pacific Street. The boy said he was Philip Mazza, 17, of 34 Nostrand Avenue. Neither would make any statement. The girl was sent to the Children's Society charged with felonious assault. The boy was locked up as an accessory.

From persons in the neighborhood who had witnessed the attack the police learned, they say, that the attack was brought about by the desire of the girl to avenge a fancied wrong to her five-year-old brother Frank. According to the story Frank Mielino and Angelo Romain quarreled yesterday afternoon and were in the thick of a fight when Tony rescued his small brother.

Frank ran home crying with the tale of Tony's interference, and presently little Lena left her home with Mazza without telling her parents where she was going. Apparently they went directly to Tony's home.

NEW HIGH MARK FOR WHEAT.

July Touches $1.29, Then Drops—Patten's Tax Assessment Doubled.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Wheat for July delivery made a fresh spurt upward on the Board of Trade this morning, touching $1.29, 2 cents higher than the record for the season, established yesterday, and then dropped back, closing at $1.23⅛.

The demand for the July option was satisfied early in the day, and when it became evident that some of the big holders were taking profits there was considerable realizing by smaller longs. This resulted in a steady fall in prices. September closed 1¼ and 2 cents below yesterday's final figures, at $1.10¾.

James A. Patten, who is said by fellow-members of the Board of Trade to have made a profit of $300,000 within twenty-four hours yesterday, found himself at the top of the list of Evanston taxpayers to-day.

"How much personal property ought I to assess you on this year, Mr. Patten?" asked the assessor.

"How much was it last year?" asked Mr. Patten.

"Something like $250,000," responded the assessor.

"Never mind the figures," Mr. Patten interrupted. "Whatever it was then just double it now. Reckon that'l fix it about right."

POLICE BOXING SCHOOL GOES.

Commissioner Baker Says It's a Failure—Rumor of Another Shake-Up.

One more of former Police Commissioner Bingham's pet innovations, the School of Boxing and Wrestling, was done away with yesterday. Commissioner Baker came to the conclusion that the school was unnecessary and abolished it. It had been in existence about six months, and, Commissioner Baker said, had proved a failure.

The school was started by Gen. Bingham at the suggestion of one of his Deputies, Mr. Woods, and Sergt. Frank A. Sahulka was appointed master of the art of self-defense, and Acting Sergeant Seligman master of wrestling. Lieut. James Dunn had charge of the instruction in the art of handling burglars.

Lieut. Mead of the Legal Bureau of the School of Instruction was transferred to desk duty at the East Twenty-second Street Station yesterday. He had been coaching the recruits in the preparation of cases for the Magistrates' courts and General Sessions.

A rumor which could not be confirmed last night, but which was being discussed with some eagerness at Police Headquarters, has it that Commissioner Baker was preparing for another shake-up, involving most of the first grade detectives and Bingham's favorite Captains. The rumor had it that the Commissioner would announce the changes this morning.

In order to make sure of obtaining a copy of Sunday's Times, features of which are advertised elsewhere, place your order with your newsdealer early to-day.

PANAMA BOND ISSUE TO BE $397,000,000

Conference at White House Decides on Increase in View of Treasury Deficit.

PLAN TO SAVE PARTY'S FACE

Avoids Appearance of Issue for Current Expenses—$50,000,000 to Reimburse Treasury for Canal Purchase.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—At a conference at the White House to-day between the President, Senator Aldrich, Mr. Payne, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Norton, it was decided to increase from $130,000,000 to $397,000,000 the authorized issue of Panama bonds. This sum is Col. Goethal's latest estimate of the complete constructive cost of the canal. As agreed on by the financial experts to-day the plan involves the return to the working balance of the Treasury of $50,000,000 of the sum realized from the bonds in compensation for the original purchase price of the Canal and Zone.

The conference at the White House took place following a luncheon, at which Cardinal Gibbons was also present, but the Cardinal did not remember the discussion. The issue of bonds or any similar emergency measure to tide over the deficits which it is everywhere admitted will follow the adoption of the Tariff bill for one or two years, is known to have been opposed by Senator Aldrich. He stated recently on the floor of the Senate that he would prefer matters of that kind to go over until next session, and be considered, probably, in connection with the Currency bill.

In the House Tariff bill, however, there was a provision for an additional issue of $40,000,000 in Panama bonds to reimburse the Treasury in part. That issue was to be at 2 per cent., as formerly provided for these bonds. Also there was a provision for the issue at rates not exceeding 3 per cent. of certificates of indebtedness to an amount not exceeding at one time the sum of $250,000,000. Mr. Payne believed that some issue of this sort would ultimately prove necessary, and it is thought that his arguments, combined with the opinion of the Administration, induced Mr. Aldrich to yield.

The rate of issue is not made public. Three weeks ago Mr. MacVeagh stated it was then impossible to get a market at par for a 2 per cent. issue, and it is thought that the bill will authorize a higher rate of interest, especially in view of the unusual size of the issue.

Senator Aldrich has recognized for some time the difficulty of selling 2 per cent. Panama bonds at par under existing market conditions, and even before the new Administration came in there was under consideration a plan to raise the rate to 3 per cent. The withdrawal of Government deposits now going on will release a large amount of Panama bonds now in the custody of the Treasury as security for Government deposits. This will render still heavier the already heavy market for 2 per cents.

On the other hand, the Secretary of the Treasury is empowered to issue 3 per cent. one-year certificates of indebtedness, which could be used to tide over current difficulties, and in view of the general expectation that there will be a decided revival of business following the enactment of the tariff law, which would probably improve the bond market, it may be decided finally to retain the 2 per cent. rate for the new Panamas.

By making the issue simply one of Panama bonds, it is intended to save the Republican Administration from the charge of issuing bonds for current expenses and to enable the bookkeeper of the Treasury Department to make a better showing as to the finances of the Government.

BOY DEAD IN CAVE-IN.

His Sisters and Another Girl Rescued from Brooklyn Tenement Cellar.

Through the caving in of a side of a cellar excavation at the northeast corner of Franklin Avenue and Prospect Place, Brooklyn, late yesterday afternoon a boy was suffocated under tons of earth, three other children being saved from a like fate by the quick work of rescuers. The lad who lost his life was John Mackie, 4 years old, who lived with his widowed mother, Mrs. Annie Mackie, at 634 Franklin Avenue.

A deep cellar has been dug at the corner for a big tenement house to be erected there. As the excavating had been completed no men were at work there yesterday. The hole was guarded by planks placed on barrels. The Mackie boy was playing around the excavation with his sisters, Florence, 6 years old, and Agnes, 9, and Catherine Boyle, 10 years old, also of 634 Franklin Avenue.

While the children were at the edge of the excavation the earth suddenly gave way and they were precipitated into the hole. All were buried under the falling earth, the boy much more deeply than the girls.

The screams of other children attracted the attention of men in the neighborhood, and John Lennon, a plumber, of Grand Avenue and Prospect Place, and Patrolman John J. Joyce of the Grand Avenue Police Station, quickly dug out the three girls. One of Catherine Boyle's legs was badly bruised, but the other girls were unhurt.

The frightened children told the rescuers that the Mackie boy was still buried in the pile, and shovels and spades were obtained. Although the diggers worked with the greatest haste, it took about eighteen minutes in which to reach the lad. He gave no sign of life when taken out. Dr. E. Paul Harman of 563 St. Mark's Avenue, who had been called, expressed the opinion that the child had lived up to within a few minutes of the time that his body was reached.

"Delatour" Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Club Soda, and Lemon Soda. The very best. Estb. 1868. —Adv.

RICH WOMAN TO BE TRIED FOR SMUGGLING

Mrs. Chesbrough, Who Brought in Goods Under a Trunk's False Bottom, Is Indicted.

$23,000 NECKLACE GIVEN UP

It Will Be Held Till the Customs Men Find Out How It Got In—Mrs. Chesbrough in Sanitarium from Worry.

There is now locked up in the safe in the office of the Collector of the Port the $23,000 pearl necklace brought to this country either by Fremont B. Chesbrough or his wife. Until they can prove that there was no intent to import it without the payment of duty it will remain in the custody of the officials here.

The Chesbrough case has been occupying the attention of the United States District Attorney's office for several weeks, and it was learned yesterday that an indictment for smuggling has been found against Mrs. Chesbrough. The indications are that she will soon be brought to trial. The pearls were surrendered yesterday after a week's investigation by special Treasury agents.

Mrs. Chesbrough arrived here late in May on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. from Bremen. She declared that her foreign purchases amounted to about $100. The Customs officers in examining her trunks found one containing a false bottom. Packed underneath this were several thousand dollars worth of wearing apparel and furs. The goods were seized.

What most interested the Customs men in the trunks, however, were bills showing that a pearl necklace and another necklace of imitation pearls had been purchased abroad. The imitation pearl necklace, which Mrs. Chesbrough valued at $700, was found with the concealed furs, but there was no trace, at first, of the real pearl necklace.

Mr. Chesbrough, who went to the assistance of his wife, said that this necklace, valued at $23,000, had not been brought into this country yet, because he was waiting to see if the duty on it would not be reduced under the new tariff law. The necklace was rumored to be in Canada, waiting for an order to bring it in.

The officials here were not satisfied with this explanation. They continued their investigation. Just what steps they took to find the necklace they would not say, but yesterday William Cady, a Pittsburg attorney, appeared at the Custom House and surrendered the necklace. He was told that the burden of proof as to intent in importing it rested with his client, and the necklace would not be released until the matter had been thoroughly explained.

Meantime Mrs. Chesbrough has broken down under the shock of exposure and worry and is now in a sanitarium. Her husband has appealed to the officials here not to trouble her and has promised to produce her for trial when requested.

Another interesting fact in connection with the seizure of the second necklace is that this one, which, Mr. Chesbrough says, cost him about $700 abroad, is appraised by the precious stone examiners at the Appraiser's Stores as worth about $2.60. It is, however, a fine looking string of imitation pearls.

Fremont B. Chesbrough is the owner of the Chesbrough Coastwise Line of steamships running out of Boston. He is best known in Detroit, where he has a magnificent home. Besides being one of the wealthiest men of the Northwest he is the owner of the town of Emerson, Mich.

The arrival of Mrs. Chesbrough with the false bottom trunk came at a time when the customs officials, under the new régime, were especially active in examining the baggage of incoming travelers. The officials are unwilling to compromise this case because they believe that a few convictions of rich persons for smuggling will go far toward discouraging such attempts on the part of many who have been suspected of smuggling in the past.

"No longer will a smile and a handshake go on the steamship piers as in the not so long ago," said a customs official yesterday. "We are determined to go the whole length in the Chesbrough case. After we get through Mrs. Chesbrough will look after her own affairs and not have her trunks packed by others who will insert goods under a false bottom in her trunk without her knowledge."

ABBOTT JEWELS INQUIRY.

Treasury Department Surprised That She Paid No Duty on Them.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—James Feldman and the jewelry, gifts from European royalty, which he confessed he stole from Mrs. Anna Abbott of Philadelphia, were taken back to Philadelphia yesterday by a detective. But Mrs. Abbott may have to pay a large sum before she regains the jewelry, valued at $35,000. Agents of the United States Treasury Department in Philadelphia were so surprised by her statement that she brought jewelry valued at $87,000 to this country without paying duty that Special Treasury Agent G. W. Stratton is investigating the case.

Mrs. Abbott also was surprised at the inquiry, and said she had taken her jewelry across the ocean three times without paying duty, as she said the jewelry consisted of presents to her from crowned heads and other European nobility.

In 1893 and in 1897, she said, she arrived in New York, and that the customs agents had passed her gems free of duty when they saw the letters she carried from the donors declaring they were gifts.

Feldman said he met Mrs. Abbott through a matrimonial advertisement inserted by him in a Philadelphia newspaper eight months ago.

ANARCHY IN MOROCCO.

International Intervention Believed to be Inevitable.

TANGIER, July 15.—The internal situation in Morocco occasions the deepest apprehensions, and it is believed here that international intervention cannot long be delayed. The entire country is the prey of complete anarchy.

Whether Roghi, the rebel leader, is actually master of Fez, is not yet certain, but the Sultan, Mulai Hafid, is manifestly helpless and a prisoner in the capital, and Mulai El Kebir, brother of the Sultan, who has been proclaimed Sultan in Zemur, is advancing at the head of a large force on Mequinez.

The Foreign Board is without money, and as it refuses to give security for a loan, negotiations for which have been going on in Paris, the eventual seizure of the customs by the exasperated creditors is being discussed as an early probability. Events in the Riff country are expected to precipitate matters.

MANY DIE IN EARTHQUAKE.

Several Villages Destroyed in Greece —Property Loss Great.

ATHENS, Greece, July 15.—An earthquake has occurred in the Province of Elis, the capital of which is Pyrgos. Several villages were destroyed and many people perished. The material loss is heavy.

LONDON, July 15.—A dispatch from Athens says that a violent earthquake has occurred in Southern Greece, resulting in considerable loss of life and damage to property. Twenty persons are reported dead and a hundred injured at one village, and three other villages suffered heavily.

The dispatch adds that when the details are learned it is likely that the casualty list will be greatly increased.

FARLEY TO BE CARDINAL?

Rome Paper Says He Will Receive Red Hat Next Fall.

ROME, July 15.—The Tribuna says that Archbishop Farley of New York will be created a Cardinal at the Consistory to be held in November.

The report that the Rev. James P. Donovan of Middletown, Conn., had been appointed Bishop of Hartford is denied.

READY TO CUT CABLE RATES.

Companies Offer Reduction If Government Will Co-operate.

LONDON, July 15.—As an outcome of the recent Imperial Press Conference in London, representatives of the Eastern and Indo-European Cable Companies agreed to-day to reduce the press rate from 1s. to 9d. a word between Great Britain and India, Australia and South Africa, provided the British and Colonian Governments are prepared to assume their share of the reduction.

KERMIT BAGS HIPPOPOTAMUS.

Roosevelt Party Now Making Headquarters at Attenborough Ranch.

ATTENBOROUGH RANCH, British East Africa, July 14, by Courier to Naivasha, July 15.—The members of the Roosevelt party are continuing their hunting trips from the ranch of Capt. Richard Attenborough, which is twenty-five miles from Naivasha on the south shore of Lake Naivasha.

Kermit Roosevelt was successful in bagging a cow hippopotamus yesterday.

ORGAN RECITAL TOO NOISY.

Ocean Grove Cottagers Say "The Storm" Disturbs Their Naps.

Special to The New York Times.

OCEAN GROVE, July 15.—Ocean Grove's new pipe organ—the largest in the world—is causing trouble for its owners, the Camp Meeting Association.

An organ recital is one of the daily events of the Summer's musical programme and its feature is the daily playing by Organist Will C. Macfarlane of "The Storm," a composition which shows off the organ to the best advantage.

But the cottagers and hotel guests in the vicinity of the Auditorium have become surfeited with the organ's noise. They complain that it disturbs their afternoon naps and annoys them at teatime.

They will appeal to the association and suggest that for "The Storm" be substituted something more soothing.

HATPIN WEARERS LIABLE.

Will Be Arrested in Hanover Hereafter for Injuries Caused by Them.

HANOVER, Germany, July 15.—The President of the Police has issued a decree warning women against the dangers of wearing long hatpins.

He points out that several deplorable accidents have occurred recently from this cause, and announces that in the future if an accident occurs to another through a woman's hatpin the wearer will be liable to arrest and prosecution for assault.

POISONED BY A HATPIN.

Long Branch Doctor Injured with It on a Street Car.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 15.—Dr. George H. Baker is confined to his bed suffering from a mild form of blood poisoning caused by a hat pin.

He started to attend a patient at West End, this city, on July 6, making the journey by trolley. When the car reached West End Avenue he slid, without rising, from where he was sitting to the hand rail, and in doing so came in contact with a hat pin that had been left on the seat.

Feeling the piercing pain, he looked down and saw the broken end of the pin, the missing part having imbedded itself in the fleshy part of his right leg. He was obliged to go to the Monmouth Memorial Hospital to have the pin removed, which necessitated a deep incision in the leg.

Instead of remaining at home and resting, the doctor continued making his daily calls until he was obliged to take to his bed, blood poisoning having resulted.

FLOODS ARE STILL RISING.

Crest of the Mississippi Predicted—Illinois Levees in Danger.

ST. LOUIS, July 15.—The Mississippi River during the night rose so that the gauge to-day read 35.3 feet. The Weather Bureau predicts the crest of the flood will be here to-night, with the gauge reading 35.5.

Manufacturing concerns across the river in Illinois are moving their stocks to higher ground, fearing a storm will wash the waves over the levees. At Cahokia, Ill., the levees will stand but a slighter rise.

Five thousand acres of farm land were covered with water early to-day by the Missouri, Kansas & Texas embankment breaking at Cul-de-Sac, five miles north of St. Charles, Mo. Reports to the Weather Bureau show the Missouri is falling at Hermann and Jefferson City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 15.—Almost normal conditions after two weeks of flood were resumed in Western Missouri and in Kansas to-day.

A heavy rain accompanied by a strong wind fell in portions of Oklahoma and Arkansas early to-day.

AUTOMOBILISTS—"IDEAL TOUR." Stop at Equinox House, Manchester, Vt.—Adv.

ROCKEFELLER GIVES $4,000,000 TO SON

Transfer of Cleveland Real Estate Causes Belief He Is Preparing to Retire from Business.

DEEDS DRAWN IN NEW YORK

Father's Transfer to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Follows Several Similar Transactions Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 15.—By the transfer to-day to his son John D. Rockefeller, Jr., of practically all his Cleveland realty except his homes, John D. Rockefeller, his friends here believe, is preparing to retire from business. Preparation for his possible death also is seen in the transfers, friends taking them to mean that Mr. Rockefeller desires to put his property in such shape that no complications could embarrass the management of the property.

In three deeds filed to-day in the County Recorder's office Mr. Rockefeller transferred downtown property worth from $3,000,000 to $4,000,000 and real estate in East Cleveland of considerable value to his son. The downtown property includes the Rockefeller Building, the Weddell Hotel, the Johnson and Harriot properties, forty-one feet west of the Rockefeller Building, in Superior Avenue, and five lots in Mayfield Street, East Cleveland.

The deeds were drawn up in New York Tuesday. They were certified to in the Supreme and County Courts of New York County by Peter Dooling, clerk, and were presented there by Harry W. Faulkner. Mr. Faulkner acted as agent for Mr. Rockefeller.

deeds of Cleveland property the last year by Mr. Rockefeller. Practically all of the downtown Rockefeller real estate has been placed in the hands of his son. No consideration, beyond the technical $1, is named.

The deeds were signed by Mr. Rockefeller and Laura Rockefeller, with Lewis J. Murphy and Harry W. Faulkner as agents. They were filed in the County Recorder's office by Mr. Rockefeller's local representative.

On the Weddell House property a lease for ninety-nine years to Joseph and Lewis Koblitz stands. This lease, the deed requires shall be maintained.

The transfer follows several similar The East Cleveland land comprises five lots bought by Mr. Rockefeller in 1898 and 1900. On one of these lots the Alla Social Settlement is located. Written in the conveyance, but afterward stricken out, were the words, "This conveyance is made subject to the rights that the Alla Social Settlement may have in the premises." Lines in red ink removed this clause.

FORDNEY TELLS TAFT STORIES

Thus Michigan Protectionist Dodges Low Tariff Pressure from President.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Here is a story of how Representative Fordney, the protectionist from Michigan, avoided low-tariff pressure from the President at breakfast at the White House when it was known that the President had invited him to urge him not to oppose revision.

The breakfast began, goes the story, as if it were purely a social affair. Mr. Fordney, however, was on his guard, and he talked the more rapidly on that account.

"Ah," said the President, when the meal was well advanced, suddenly assuming a graver countenance, "Mr. Aldrich tells me—"

"That reminds me," broke in Mr. Fordney, "of a story up in Michigan—"

Mr. Fordney told his story so that the President shook with laughter. That staved off the unpleasant subject, but Mr. Fordney continued to watch the President closely.

"Aldrich tells me," finally began the President again, "that lumber—"

Lumber reminded Fordney of a story about a logging camp.

He told that story with the same success as the former, and again the conversation took another turn. It is said that just before Mr. Fordney took his leave Mr. Taft managed to finish a sentence to the effect that there seemed to be some difficulty over the cotton schedule.

OBJECT TO TAFT TRAVEL ITEM.

His Salary Measure Was to Cover That, House Democrats Say.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Unexpected opposition developed in the House to-day to the appropriating of $25,000 for the President's traveling expenses. The item was carried in the Urgent Deficiency bill reported by Chairman Tawney. After prolonged debate an amendment eliminating the item was defeated. The House will meet again to-morrow, when it is practically certain that the item will be adopted by the Republican majority.

The opposition was chiefly Democratic. Champ Clark, the minority leader, said that the item came as a sign of bad faith on the part of the Republican leaders. He said that the increase of $25,000 had been voted in the President's salary on the tacit understanding that no further effort would be made to secure traveling expenses as such. That was the view held by many speakers.

The bill carries a total appropriation of $434,401.58. Important items in the bill are $101,000 for a contagious disease hospital and improvements on Ellis Island, $13,500 for improvements to the Presidents' office building, $30,000 for an exhibit at the Brussels Exposition, $40,000 for repairs to the Treasury Building, for the War Department, $15,000; $27,000 for the payment of special attorneys in the Department of Justice, $7,500 for the widow of Representative Francis W. Cushman, and some $20,000 additional expenses of the House, due to the special session and improvements.

DEWEY'S SAUTERNE AND MOSELLE. Exceptionally fine Table Wines. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York. —Adv.

ALDRICH AND CANNON HAVE TARIFF FIXED

Conference Deliberations Called Play-Acting and Rates Said to be Cut and Dried.

PROMISE TAFT REDUCTIONS

But Only in General Terms—President Unruffled and Planning Sweeping Corporation Legislation for Winter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—There is a growing impression in Washington that the conference discussions on the Tariff bill now going on conceal the fact that the final state of the bill is a matter of clear agreement; that there is a distinct understanding between President Taft on the one hand and Senator Aldrich and Speaker Cannon on the other. So far as the President is concerned, the understanding is said to be somewhat vague as to rates of duties, and specific only on the point that there shall be "reductions in conference." As to the rates, the belief is that Mr. Aldrich and Speaker Cannon have agreed as to just what the conferrees shall do in the matter of fixing them. On the spectacularly controversial items, like lumber, coal, hides, and iron ore, it is said, the rate will be a compromise involving a reduction from the Senate rates and an increase over the House rates. This will be exhibited to the President as a fulfillment of the agreement with him that everything should be straightened out in conference, and he will be called upon to sign the resultant bill.

What Mr. Taft will do under such circumstances remains to be seen. He maintains his serene confidence that everything will be made all right in conference.

Corporation Legislative Programme.

The President undoubtedly believes, as a good many shrewd observers of political conditions do, that the Tariff bill, in any case, will not cut much of a figure in the next campaigns. As one Administration official puts it, the country is all set at the starting line waiting for the adjournment of Congress to the word "go!" to be off on a phenomenal revival of business. That revival alone would be enough to divert attention completely from the tariff, but it will have to help it next Winter a programme of corporation legislation, which, if it had been undertaken by President Roosevelt would have precipitated an uproar such as nothing he did or said evoked.

In discussing the possibilities of adjournment to-day a prominent member of the Finance Committee said that there remained stil for settlement such difficult problems as free oil, coal, iron ore, and hides. In the end, said the Senator with a little smile, the President is expected to settle the points over which Mr. Payne and Mr. Aldrich differ. This statement, however, is taken with a grain of salt.

Some members of the conference said to-day that while an effort will be made to grant as many and as much of the President's requests as possible, he will not insist on those requests in a way to force their bodily adoption. However, his influence is expected to bring the final rates a little closer to the present House figures.

In this way between the House's paragraph of free hides and the Senate rate of 15 per cent. a rate of 10 per cent. is expected finally to be adopted. In oil and coal and iron the same course is expected, more or less. In case it is evidently impossible to get free coal the President is said to favor a rate of about 40 cents, with a reciprocity provision with Canada.

The rarest feature of the conference is Sereno Payne, standing like a rock in favor of all sorts of reductions in rates from the Dingley law—Sereno Payne, who just before the Republican National Convention adopted the platform declaration for revision declared there was neither rhyme nor reason in the revision talk. His friends explain that he has been a reductionist all through the struggle in the present session, and that he is fighting his fight alone and unaided now against the forces of standpattism headed by the old standpat sinner Speaker Cannon, who, they say, aware of the change of heart before the House was organized, deliberately packed the Ways and Means Committee to prevent Payne's carrying out his intended pruning of the rates of duty. For Sereno Payne alone, his friends say, loyally accepted the mandate of the Republican Convention and is faithfully attempting to obey its direction toward revision downward.

Cannon and Coal and Lumber Deal.

As to Mr. Cannon, his case is different. It is asserted that even before the House met the representatives interested in coal and those interested in lumber formed a combination to prevent a reduction of the duties on those articles. There were more than enough men in this combination, joined with the out-and-out insurgents, to defeat the re-election of Cannon and to prevent the adoption of the rules.

When the Speaker learned of this combination, it is charged, and that it was considering joining the regular insurgents, he sent for a West Virginian, who headed the coal men. As a result the combine supported Cannon for re-election and the adoption of the rules on the understanding that after the House bill had reduced the duties on lumber and coal the Speaker should use his influence with Senator Aldrich to have the duties restored in the Senate. The appointment of Fordney and Calderhead as conferrees as part of this understanding comes in from the secessity os the part of the combine of protecting the increases given them by the Senate.

Meantime Senator Aldrich and Mr. Payne, following their visit last night to the White House, have, according to information believed to be authentic, told the conferrees to-day that the corporation tax amendment must be incorporated in the Tariff bill, and nobody who went to the White House to-day was left in any doubt as to the President's confidence in the ultimate enactment of the provision. It was said there with evident authority that the President has received assurances which give him absolutely no concern as to the adoption of the tax, in its amended form, by the conferrees on the Tariff bill. It was said, too, that Messrs. Aldrich and Payne sought the conference with the President rather than that Mr. Taft sent for the leaders because of reports that the corporation tax was in danger.

OBJECTS TO INSURANCE TAX.

Darwin P. Kingsley Sends a Protest to Attorney General Wickersham.

Basing his argument on the various decisions of the Federal Courts that "insurance is not commerce," Darwin P. Kingsley, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, has written to Attorney General Wickersham at Washington, protesting against the proposed corporate tax on mutual life insurance companies. He makes the further point that the tax would fall chiefly upon the man of moderate income.

"The policies of this company," said President Kingsley, "average in amount about $2,000 of insurance. The great body of our policy holders is composed of our thrifty citizenship of small means, who have responsibilities, and by their life insurance are making a sacrifice to compensate in a measure for the loss of the insured in the contingency of death. This is a tax not upon the rich, but upon the poor and least able to pay."

Changes in the proposed House bill are suggested by President Kingsley. He says they are submitted solely in the interest of clearness, and not because the proposed measure is regarded as just legislation.

"On the contrary," says Mr. Kingsley, "we are opposed to the tax in any form or amount, and believe it is unfair, unwise, and unjust."

In this connection Mr. Kingley refers the Attorney General to the insurance laws of New York State, which, he points out, already impose a heavy tax and otherwise tend to limit returns to policy holders.

The communication to the Attorney General concludes with this statement:

"If, as the newspaper report, this Federal tax is to be imposed as a substitute for an inheritance tax, because the States impose an inheritance tax, and, therefore, it might seem oppressive for the Federal Government to impose a like tax, is not the substitution much more oppressive than the thing it displaces?

"I venture to say that notwithstanding its character and high purpose, there is not to-day a property or business in this country so universally and oppressively taxed as life insurance. This being so, how can the Federal Government justify an additional yearly tax upon this business as a substitute for a tax payable once in a generation imposed upon the devolution of the estates of the rich?"

FORT ATTACKS TARIFF BILL.

Says Republican Congressmen Have Violated Party's Pledges.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., July 15.—Gov. Fort criticised the action of the Republican members of Congress to-day in their enactment of a tariff bill as a "flat violation of the pledges of the party to the people." The Governor made the statement in the course of an address to his guests at luncheon at the first Governor's Day of the militia encampment of 1909.

The Governor said that National and State issues are now so vigorously contested as to almost threaten a division of parties. He quoted President Taft, when he said at Yale that the time has come when a party which does not keep its platform pledges is sure to be relegated to the position of "his Majesty's opposition." The Governor then continued:

"For four months the people have been witnessing an exhibition at Washington of a party trying to enact a tariff bill in flat violation of its pledges to the people. If the final result shall be a law of that kind the next election will see the tariff the chief issue. The action of ten of the great Senators of the Middle West—the very foremost Senators in Congress—in breaking away from the party and refusing to stand for the Senate bill of their party is unique in the political history of the country. It evidences the spirit of independence that is abroad, and foretells the doom of caucus action and dictatorship in matters of political policy."

LOST INCOME TAX RESOLUTION

Must Taft Sign Joint Resolution for Amendment to Constitution?

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Where is the income tax amendment resolution? The State Department has not seen it yet. Resolutions submitting constitutional amendments are not supposed to be signed by the President. They are merely, after being adopted by both houses, mailed by the Department of State to the Governors of the respective States.

In this case Congress fell into an error, according to an official of the State Department. It made the resolution a joint resolution instead of a concurrent one. A concurrent resolution does not need to be signed, but a joint resolution in general does.

However, when the validity of the Eleventh Amendment was contested in the courts on the ground that the President had not signed the resolution submitting it to the States, Chief Justice Chase said, in upholding the amendment: "The President has nothing to do with the proposition or adoption of amendments to the Constitution."

EDWARD B. VREELAND HURT.

Breaks Collarbone in Attempt "to Make" Republican Baseball Team.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—With his collarbone broken and one shoulderblade dislocated, Representative Edward B. Vreeland of New York is to-day enjoying the unenvied reputation of being the first person injured in connection with the proposed baseball game to-morrow between the Republicans and Democrats of the House.

The accident occurred yesterday evening, when Representative Tener of Pennsylvania, Captain of the Republican team, took a few of the baseball aspirants to the White House Ellipse for practice. Besides Mr. Vreeland there were in the party Representatives Parsons of New York and Cole of Ohio.

Some one (it is not known who) threw a nice, high, easy-looking "fly" toward Mr. Vreeland. He started after it, but evidently misjudged it. He jumped for the ball, his left hand high in the air, and slipped. He struck the ground with full force.

In spite of the fact that he was injured, Mr. Vreeland arose, put his coat over his shoulders, and walked to the automobile of Representative McGuire of Oklahoma, in which he was taken to his apartments.

NEW STREET RAILWAY UNION.

Motormen and Conductors Urged to Enroll Themselves in the Organization.

Many of the motormen and conductors on the surface lines in this city received circulars yesterday containing an appeal to them to enroll as members of a new union of city railroad employes.

This is the second attempt within two years at forming an organization of the motormen and conductors. The first time they received circulars asking them to enroll themselves as members of a proposed local of the Amalgamated Street and Electric Railroad Employes' Union, of which William D. Mahon was President at the time of the Subway strike and of which he is still President, a meeting to be called to elect officers when enough enrollments had been secured. So far no such meeting has been called.

The new circulars were sent out yesterday by M. Fruchter, with the request that those who choose to enroll send word to him by letter at the office of Typographia No. 7, an American Federation of Labor organization, 14 North William Street.

Most of the employes of the New York City Railway Company are members of a protective and benevolent association with insurance benefits, but with no trade union features.

Killed in Scaffold's Fall.

A patent scaffold, while being raised from the fifth to the sixth floor of an iron skeleton building at 7 and 9 Warren Street, collapsed yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, and the six men at work on it had to scramble for their lives.

One of them, Peter Purdy, a bricklayer of 536 East 136th Street, less lucky than the other five, fell three stories to the roof of a building and was so seriously injured that he died later in the hospital.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

TWO EXTRA DAYS' VACATION.

The great West this year offers many opportunities for vacation outings. Yellowstone Park with its wonders; the Seattle Exposition; the Colorado and Canadian Rockies, and the lake resorts of Minnesota are attracting thousands from the East.

When making the summer vacation trip to the West, the "Pennsylvania Special," the famous 18-hour flyer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, will save you a day in each direction.

It leaves New York every day in the year at 3:55 P. M., and makes connection at Chicago next morning with completely-equipped trains of the trans-continental lines to all resort sections of the great West.

The saving of a day going and a day returning means much to the business-tired traveler who is seeking recreation among the shaded haunts of nature's wide wonderland.

The perfect appointments of the "Pennsylvania Special" climaxes the comfort of the journey and initiates the vacation, and the pleasure of traveling between the Atlantic seaboard and Lake Michigan between suns over a rock-ballasted dustless roadway, famed for its scenic beauties, is an experience which no other feature of the outing can duplicate.

LONGEST FLIGHT YET BY GLENN H. CURTISS

Drives His Biplane Six Miles Through a Heavy Fog in Seven Minutes.

TO TRY FOR 15-MILE SPIN

After The Scientific American Cup—Crowd Out Before Dawn to See His Machine.

Glenn H. Curtiss made two more flights early yesterday morning over the Hempstead Plains, north of the Mineola Fair Grounds, covering in all about eight miles. Owing to the moist, foggy atmosphere, he was prevented from making a fifteen-mile flight or, more, as was his original intention, the excessive moisture weakening the gasoline mixture flowing into the carburetor.

Notwithstanding the early hour at which the flights were made, for the aeroplane was wheeled out of its tent at 4:30 o'clock, several automobiles with interested spectators from Garden City, Westbury, and other places were lined up awaiting Mr. Curtiss's signal to move toward the big field nearly three-quarters of a mile away.

When the machine arrived at the proper starting point, the fog was so dense that it was impossible to discern objects 200 or 300 feet away, and Mr. Curtiss waited several minutes, hoping that the rising sun would dispel the thick mists. But as there was no evidence that better conditions would prevail, Mr. Curtiss mounted into his little seat, and, grasping the wheel, gave the word to let her go. The bi-plane ran rapidly down the field and was soon seen to rise in the mist and disappear.

A. M. Herring, who is Mr. Curtiss's partner in the Hammondsport factory, had previously measured off an exact quarter of a mile and had timers placed at either end to note the speed of the machine. It traversed the quarter of a mile in 21 1-5 seconds, an average of 43 1-3 miles per hour. Mr. Curtiss then ran far down the field, making two turns in a wide circle, and landed after going two miles.

"It is like flying through the clouds," said Mr. Curtiss. "Forty feet above the earth it is practically impossible to see anything and the moisture is like rain flying in my face."

Although Mr. Curtiss noticed that the engine was not working at its best, he was ambitious to try a longer flight, and soon had the machine in the air again. This time he went four times around a circle about one and one-half miles in circumference, covering close to six miles, as he cut off at a sharp angle on the final turn, landing close to the crowd of early morning spectators. On this flight he was in the air seven minutes. It was the longest flight he has yet made, being nearly a mile better than he did on Wednesday.

The difficulty with the gasoline mixture caused the engine to miss fire occasionally, the "spitting" of the motor being clearly apparent as he came toward the observers. The air was very still, scarcely a breath of wind blowing. The control of the machine was perfect, but only a few times did Mr. Curtiss rise higher above the ground than ten feet. One of the valves was leaking slightly when he came down, but with good conditions this morning everything will be in ship shape order for a long flight.

If the weather is right to-morrow, Mr. Curtiss intimated that he might try for the Scientific American Cup, which requires a flight of fifteen and a half miles.

Mr. Curtiss came to the city in the afternoon and discussed the final transfer of the machine to the Aeronautic Society with President Lee S. Burridge. There is still $3,000 to be paid of the $5,000 the society agreed to pay. There has been some difference of opinion regarding some of the details of the purchase, one of which was that Mr. Curtiss should train a man designated by the society to operate the machine. This he agreed to do yesterday as soon as he finishes his experimental work at Mineola.

CAN'T FIND HOT-AIR FLIER.

'Sid' Turner of Newburg Saw It Coming from Matteawan Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL, July 15.—The hot-air flying machine, which has been hovering over this village and cutting zigzags across the sky above the Hudson in the dusk, has not been run to earth again since the obliging automobilists first announced that they had found it strictly guarded by its inventor, Ralph T. Jenkins, a carpenter, and his brother, a machinist.

However, persons who have seen the thing aloft may actually be interviewd. One Newburg resident, J. M. Meyers, saw a lurid red machine silhouted against the blue sky, while the keen Fishkill observers have plainly discerned its white-winged planes rising and falling over the highlands north of Newburg. Mr. Meyers discovered it on Sunday night, Decoration Day, and for a full hour, between 8 and 9 o'clock, watched it circle over Beacon Mountain, finally dropping from sight way back of the river below Fishkill Landing.

Naturally the people who were enjoying the cool of the evening on the hotel piazzas at the summit of Beacon Mountain got never a glimpse of the flier. It is explained that they were not looking.

"Sid" Turner "a genial Newburg character," said the man who introduced him to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter, who made a sleuthing expedition yesterday to discover the remarkable air craft, was the next man to see it. He discovered it two weeks ago while sitting with Joseph McClughan on the piazza of the latter's home on Montgomery Street. The machine was then coming from the direction of Matteawan Asylum, three miles or so above Fishkill. It passed over Fishkill, circled Sugar Loaf Mountain, and then mysteriously dropped out of sight after about a ten-mile flight over some of the roughest country that an aviator would care to fly over. Last Friday night "Sid" saw it again back of Beacon Mountain, and a few persons are positive they saw it last Tuesday night.

At the same time that "Sid" Turner was viewing the machine's evolutions back of Beacon Mountain last Friday night, Ferdinand Laughran, the Fishkill druggist, with Mrs. John Place and her daughter, saw the flyer from the Place residence on Sky Top Hill, in Fishkill. The machine was then back of Newburg. Mr. Place was with the party. He is employed in the Mechanics' Bank of Fishkill.

"Yes, I looked at it," he told the reporter, "or at least what my wife thought was the airship. I called it a cloud. You know we have some wonderful cloud effects up here."

The merry automobilists who passed through Fishkill a week ago and reported finding the mysterious Jenkins brothers tinkering with their aero beside the road neglected to leave behind either names or addresses.

WINDS BALK THE WRIGHTS.

Further Flights at Fort Myer Postponed Until To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Contrary winds, which followed a downpour of rain in mid-afternoon, prevented the Wrights from attempting a flight to-day at Fort Myer. The aeroplane was in readiness for a test, the broken skid having been repaired this morning, but the conditions remaining unfavorable, the brothers gave up all hope of trying it out.

The Wrights put in the time they were waiting for the wind to die down in planning a change in the position of their starting track, by which the aeroplane will have a longer distance in which to rise, and also will have a clear space in which to circle the field for the return flight.

The weights that give the machine its impetus at the start are to be increased also. Both changes probably will be made to-morrow morning in time for the flights the Wrights hope to make in the afternoon.

The Wrights have less than two weeks in which to test their aeroplane and become acquainted with it before beginning the final trials demanded by the Government requirements. It is generally believed they will ask for a further extension of time.

FRENCH RECORD BEATEN.

Paulham Flies Thirty-seven Miles in a Wright Aeroplane.

DOUE, France, July 15.—M. Paulham has beaten the French record with biplane, held by Tissandier, Wilbur Wright's pupil. With a Wright machine, Paulham made an official flight to-day of 48 kilometers 178 meters in 1 hour 7 minutes 19 seconds.

The actual distance covered in the aerodrome was more than 60 kilometers, or about 37 miles.

ROADHOUSE IS ROCKEFELLER'S

Title to the Long-Sought Property Soon to Pass to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, July 15.—From developments of to-day in the sale of John Melin's Sleepy Hollow roadhouse all doubt as to the identity of the purchaser was removed. The property will become a part of John D. Rockefeller's great Pocantico Hills estate.

The title to the property, over which there was such a long conflict between the oil magnate and the innkeeper, stands in the name of Edward A. Nichols, son of H. W. Nichols, who acted as Mr. Rockefeller's agent in the purchase of most of the land included in the Pocantico Hills estate. It is understood that the title will pass to Mr. Rockefeller within a few days.

Mr. Nichols also announced the purchase of eight and three-quarters acres belonging to William H. Leonard and adjoining Melin's place to Mr. Rockefeller for $5,000. The oil magnate now owns all of Briggsville, except a house on the south of Melin's place, which belongs to the Levy estate, and it is believed that he will eventually get it.

The price paid, according to Melin, was $5,500. Nichols says it was under $5,000. Melin has permission to stay in the place over night, but to-morrow he must surrender the keys to Mr. Rockefeller's agent. Melin said that he had no feeling against Mr. Rockefeller.

"To show that I think John D. is all right," said the innkeeper, "I will tell you that I have packed in my trunk now to take home to Sweden, with me a book giving an account of his life. Rockefeller is all right."

All of Melin's household effects were sold at auction to-day.

It was reported at one time that Mr. Rockefeller intended buying all of Briggsville, so as to turn the Sleepy Hollow Valley into a big lake. Those who know him well, however, say that he never destroys anything, and even Melin's road house will either be turned into flats or a clubhouse for the men employed on his place.

ROW OVER SUBWAY PUMP.

Harlem Residents Unite to Prevent Its Operation.

More than 100 property owners met yesterday in the Cayuga Club, 200 Lenox Avenue, and formed the Property Owners' Association of the Thirty-first Assembly District to adopt means of fighting the operation of a big steam pump which the Subway has erected in Lenox Avenue at 115th Street for the purpose of drying up the subterranean stream which overflows into the Subway tunnel at this point. The pumping plant, surrounded by a ten-foot board fence which incloses about 200 square feet of the avenue, was completed three days ago.

Property owners of the neighborhood assert that its operation will cause the value of their property to decrease greatly and cause discomfort because of the use of soft coal. William J. Wright, Tammany leader of the district, and Samuel Marx, Alderman, were elected President and Vice President, respectively, of the association.

It was said that Capt. John Weber of Engine 58 in 115th Street had declared the fenced-in structure a menace to the successful operation of a fire engine which must pass through Lenox Avenue, and had also pointed out the danger of awning fires from flying sparks. George B. Tilson, Chief Engineer of the Bureau of Highways, says that no permit had been issued for the erection of the pump.

Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission said that a sort of blanket permit to tear up the street for repairs to the Subway had been issued to John B. McDonald, its builder. The meeting last night declared that this permit was invalid in the present instance, as Mr. McDonald is not doing the work of repair.

CITY BREVITIES.

The daily service on the Hudson River Day Line has been increased below Poughkeepsie with the steamer Albany in commission. She leaves Desbrosses Street at 9:40 A. M., West Forty-second Street at 10, and West 129th Street at 10:20 A. M., returning in the evening.

The Marks Arnheim Benevolent Association, composed of the 300 employes of the firm, will have its tenth annual outing on Saturday, July 17, at Metropolitan Park, Brooklyn. There will be dancing, games, and sports of all kind.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Capt. G. E. Mitchell, Thirteenth Cavalry, detailed for instruction in the Army Signal School at Fort Leavenworth.

Major B. F. Cheatham, Quartermaster, to Camp Perry, Ohio, and Camp Logan, Ill., to examine methods of construction of concrete buildiings at those places.

First Lieut. C. R. Pettis, relieved from duty at Vancouver Barracks, Wash., and with Company F, Second Battalion of Engineers, and proceed to West Point, N. Y.

Capt. A. E. Williams, Quartermaster to South Bend, Ind., to inspect sprinkling wagons being manufactured by the Studebaker Manufacturing Company for the Quartermaster's Department, and of obtaining information regarding the building of wagons and other means of transportation.

Capt. G. R. Spalding, Corps of Engineers; Lieut. Col. C. H. Hunter, Coast Artillery Corps, and First Lieut. J. S. Dusenbury, Coast Artillery, appointed a board to meet at Key West Barracks, Fla., to appraise the value of the wharf on property recently acquired by the Government near Fort Taylor, Fla., and to submit a plan for proper drainage.

The Navy.

Capt. J. C. Gillmore, to command the Maryland; Lieut. G. L. Smith, home, and wait orders.

R. C. Giffen, commissioned an Ensign.

Machinist C. W. Jackson, to duty Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Marcellus at Newport News and Wolverine at Mackinac Island, Mich.

Sailed—Chattanooga and Cleveland, from Kiukiang for Hankow; Hannibal, from Bradford for Provincetown; Standish, from Annapolis for Norfolk and New London; Hartford, [illegible] Gardiner's Bay; Absarsenda, [illegible] for Provincetown.

4,000 STRIKERS IN A DOZEN BATTLES

Steel Men Again Attack State Police and Are Fired Upon—Hundreds Wounded.

RESCUE BREWERY FROM MOB

Women with Torches Drive Back Constabulary Trying to Evict Them—Workmen Charge Graft.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., July 15.—This was another day of rioting at the McKees Rocks plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company, where almost 6,000 men, principally foreigners, are on strike. The authorities are satisfied to-night they have on their hands a strike almost as serious as that of Homestead. The illiterate foreigners at the McKees Rocks plant were like so many savages to-day when they first caught sight of khaki-clad State constabulary, who came in during the night to take charge.

The day was not old when the foreigners threw themselves on their enemy—the officers of the law. It was not yet noon when all over McKees Rocks there was waged battles between strikers and officers. There were 70 of the mounted State constabulary, 300 armed Deputy Sheriffs, and about 500 armed special officers against about 4,000 strikers. The battles were fought in perhaps a dozen different localities about the same hour.

It is impossible to tell how many persons were injured, for like yesterday as soon as a striker would fall he would be helped away by his friends or women of the household. It was said to-day that three of yesterday's wounded had died in the night, but if so the bodies cannot be found. It is estimated that several hundred people were injured in to-day's battles. The Ohio Valley Hospital is filled and the most prominent patient is Trooper Fred Frash, who was badly battered by the strikers in the hour battle. The squad of State constabulary to which Frash was attached was ordered at 11 A. M. to chase 700 strikers off a bridge.

A volley of stones met the six troopers and unhorsed Frash with a gash in his head from a thrown rock. Several big strikers would have finished Frash had he not jumped to his feet, gun in hand. He climbed into the saddle while his fellow troopers held the mob at bay. Then came another shower of rocks, and the troopers fired into the crowd. Two shots each were fired, and some of those who ran to safety declare eight wounded men were helped away from the back of the mob.

About the same time Sheriff Gumbert with 120 deputies had a hard battle rescuing the town brewery from the mob of 500, which had taken possession of it by force early in the day, when they found no saloons would open. There was a very bitter clash, and many heads were rapped by clubs of the deputies.

Effort to evict families of striking miners from the company's houses this evening produced an impressive scene. Hundreds of women, many of them with lighted torches, drove the thirty mounted constabulary back, threatening to set fire to that part of the town if attempt was made to carry out orders by the officers, who retired.

At 9 o'clock to-night fifty mounted State constabulary had a bitter fight with a mob of several thousand. Trooper Elmer Jrtsen is in the Ohio Valley Hospital, and it is estimated that fifty of the mob were badly injured by the troopers. Jrtsen was knocked from his horse by a thrown rock and his horse, stumbling, fell and rolled on him. It is not thought his injuries are fatal.

The strikers, who had gathered in a large army near the troopers' barracks, began stoning them, and when the horsemen, fifty strong, began to ride them down, the strikers, safe behind piles of ties and other things, pelted them unmercifully with stones. The troopers fired several times with blank cartridges, then finally loaded with ball cartridges and fired one volley which is said to have injured many.

Scandal has developed over the strike, and an investigation of international aspect is now being urged by friends of the foreign workmen, who assert they have been beaten out of all their earnings and their labor for years past at this great plant. The workmen say they have been compelled, on application, to pay to some one from $10 to $50 for a job at the McKee's Rocks plant, and that even after paying this their positions were not secure, but in most cases they would be discharged at the end of a few weeks to make way for some fresh fellows with the entrance fee.

Nor was any discharged applicant barred from re-applying for work again at the plant, according to the workmen who are striking. They allege they could get their old jobs back or a new position just as often as they had the money to pay for it. Who got this money is something that the workmen ask be investigated. It is alleged that when the plant was running full time and overtime this graft from workmen wanting jobs amounted to as high as $10,000 a month.

F. N. Hoffstot, President of the Pressed Steel Car Company, returned to this city yesterday from Montreal, where he had been to attend a meeting of the Canada Car Company, Limited, and left again for Pittsburg last night. In an interview Mr. Hoffstot said that the reports of the trouble at the Pressed Steel Car Works at McKee's Rocks had been greatly exaggerated. The trouble had arisen through the dismissal of 400 incompetent, dissatisfied men out of a total of 4,700 employes.

There was absolutely no foundation, he said, for the statements that the men had to pay from $10 up to the foremen to get their jobs, and after a week were discharged to make room for others. The foremen employed in the works were all high-grade men, and the majority of them had been with the company for several years.

The pooling piece work system had never been objected to by first-class workmen, Mr. Hoffstot went on to say, as its operation meant higher wages for all the men working under it. The men who worked on the cars might be classed into three grades—very good, medium, and indifferent.

Under the ordinary piecework system first-class workmen who put the car up might have to wait and lose time for poor riveters. By the pooling arrangement the men divided themselves into gangs and the good men sorted themselves out so that there were again three grades in bodies the same as when each man worked for himself instead of being paid in a gang and dividing the money.

BAR HARBOR BARS AUTOS.

Residents' Vote, 542 to 27—Assert Roads Not Suited for Machines.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., July 15.—By a vote of 542 to 27, Bar Harbor to-day excludes automobiles entirely from the roads of the island. Within ten days the last automobile will have to leave the limits of the town of Eden, in which Bar Harbor is situated.

The fight against automobiles has been a long and bitter one, and during the past year has been waged with extreme heat.

The roads on the island, while admirably adapted for carriage driving, picturesquely winding and narrow, are in many places little more than death traps if fast racing cars are admitted.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, the novelist and nerve specialist, has been a leader in the fight against them, as L. E. Opdycke of New York. The measure was supported by practically the entire Summer colony, with the exception of George W. Vanderbilt, who has left his cottage here and gone to Newport because of the action of the town.

A bitter fight was carried on in the Legislature last Winter to permit the town to shut out motors, after which the enabling act passed both House and Senate without a dissenting vote.

The last hope of the automobilists is the test case tried some weeks ago before a full bench. A decision is expected soon. The case rests upon the constitutionality of the exclusion laws.

Three other towns on the island vote on the measure this week, Southwest Harbor on Friday morning and Tremont and Mount Desert on Saturday morning. The only town in which there is any doubt as to the result is Southwest Harbor.

MR. WOOG DIES OF AUTO HURTS

Real Estate Broker Expires at Atlantic City Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 15.—As a result of injuries suffered July 3, when he was thrown from his automobile at Dead Man's Curve, near Port Republic, Benjamin Woog, the real estate broker, succumbed to meningitis at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Atlantic City Hospital.

With a party of friends, Mr. Woog was hurrying to Atlantic City a week ago last Saturday to meet his sister and brother-in-law, who were on their honeymoon.

The steering gear gave way near Port Republic and the auto crashed into a big cluster of pine trees at a deep bend in the road known as Dead Man's Curve. All of the occupants of the auto, two of whom were women, were thrown to the ground.

TO ARREST AUTO OWNER.

Rodney D. Chipp Must Answer for Killing a Bronx Coal Dealer.

Coroner Schwannecke of the Bronx received word last night from the lawyers representing Rodney D. Chipp, a railroad man of 25 Broadway, whose home is at New Rochelle, that he would return to this city by next Tuesday to be present at the Coroner's inquest into the death of Thomas Spano, a coal dealer of 176 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, who was knocked own by Mr. Chipp's automobile on Wednesday night. The accident occurred at Southern Boulevard and 136th Street, and Spano was taken to the Lincoln Hospital, where his injuries appeared to be confined to a lacerated arm.

Spano refused to make a complaint against Mr. Chipp, and the latter drove on to his home, leaving there early yesterday on a business trip to Cincinnati. Spano, who returned to his home, died there early yesterday morning, and the Coroner ordered the arrest of Mr. Chipp, only to find that he had left the city.

CHAUFFEUR HELD FOR WRECK.

Accused of Smashing Another Auto by Driving Recklessly.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 15.—Felix Faust, chauffeur for I. A. Bach, a Long Branch cottager, is in the Freehold Jail charged with wrecking an automobile driven by Samuel Gabriel while Gabriel was returning from the Red Bank Carnival late last night. With Mr. Gabriel was Miss Ellen Clancey and Miss Mollie Heckman.

Mr. Gabriel says that when he saw the Bach car coming he pulled out to let it pass, but declares that Faust pulled into him, tearing off two wheels and breaking an axle. The two young women were thrown out and Miss Clancey was cut about the face.

Faust was arrested and held by Justice Hulse in $800 bail.

PLATT'S 76TH BIRTHDAY.

He Kept It at Freeport, L. I.—Letters from All the Berliners.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEPORT, L. I., July 15.—Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday quietly here to-day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Abel, with whom he is spending the Summer. He was the recipient of several hundred letters and telegrams of congratulation, and flowers and other remembrances came in large numbers. Many residents of the village visited Mr. Platt, and he shook hands with all of them, although toward evening he appeared to grow a trifle fatigued.

One of the most pleasing of the birthday remembrances was a handsome silk-embroidered table cover from "Sol" Berliner, American Consul at Teneriffe, Canary Islands. Mr. Platt also received letters from Mr. Berliner's two children, one of whom, named after the former Senator, is only 6 years old. Mr. Platt said that he greatly prized the letter from the little boy.

There were two large floral offerings from Mr. and Mrs. Edward Platt, the ex-Senator's son and daughter-in-law, and from Frank M. Baker, President of the Village of Owego, N. Y.

A letter that the Senator had looked forward to receiving for some time came from a little girl whose birthday falls on the same day as his. She and Mr. Platt have exchanged letters of congratulation every year for the last three years.

Mr. Platt appears to be in excellent health. He rises about 6 o'clock every morning and breakfasts heartily about an hour and a half later. The greater part of the day he sits on the porch of the house reading. He transacts considerable business through his secretary, who calls four times a week. After spending the evening out on the front porch, the Senator retires about 8 o'clock.

Mr. Platt announced his intention today of remaining at Freeport until about the middle of October.

Eyeglass Comfort

may be upset if you do not have your eyes examined regularly—at least every two years.

The services of our *Oculists* (registered physicians) are at your disposal. If we can improve upon your present glasses we furnish eyeglasses fitted with the *Harris Suction Clip* for $1 or more.

M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians

54 East 23rd Street, near Fourth Ave.
27 West 34th St., bet. 5th & 6th Ave.
54 West 125th Street, near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st and 82d Sts.
76 Nassau Street, near John Street.
489 Fulton St., (Op. A. & S.) BROOKLYN

SCARED BY SLEUTHS, FALLS FROM WINDOW

Two Policemen Arouse East New York Homes in Early Morning Hunt for Fugitive.

FORCED SPRATH APARTMENT

Mrs. Sprath, Thinking Them Burglars, Fell from Second Story—Reserves Called Out by Frightened Neighbors.

The strange actions of two plain-clothes men of Police Inspector Titus's staff, who went to East New York to capture a man charged with felonious assault, caused an uproar at 3 o'clock yesterday morning in the neighborhood of 1,703 Eastern Parkway.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sprath of that address was aroused from sleep by the policemen, who pounded on the door of her apartment. She was so terrified that she jumped or fell from a second story window. She fell on her head and shoulders on a grass plot in the rear yard and was badly hurt. The actions of the detectives caused persons in the neighborhood to think they were thieves.

The detectives were John Archibold and John Ward, and they said later they were hunting for an Italian named Giuseppe Costello, wanted in Manhattan for shooting another man.

The detectives, it is alleged, sought admittance to the apartments of tenants at the Eastern Parkway address, including that of Mr. and Mrs. Sprath. They rapped on the door and demanded to know, the Spraths declare, if the man they wanted was not inside. They declared they had traced him to the house.

Mrs. Sprath called to her husband that thieves were trying to break in. She had opened the kitchen door slightly. A man forced his weight against it and strode into the room, pistol in hand. Sprath saw his wife jump back from the intruder and screaming make for a rear window. It was open and Mrs. Sprath fell from it.

When the police reserves reached the scene they found the detectives in front of the house surrounded by a crowd of excited men and women. Several houses in the neighborhood had been visited by the two men, it was declared. The reserves helped the detectives to continue their search for the man they wanted.

In the meantime Mrs. Sprath was cared for by neighbors. She had been found lying stunned where she had fallen. An ambulance was called from St. Mary's Hospital and Dr. McClusky put several stitches in her scalp and attended to her other injuries.

The woman's family and friends expressed indignation over the actions of the detectives, and declared they would bring the case to the attention of the authorities.

The detectives declared that they had traced the man they sought to the Sprath house, and that they were only doing their duty in searching it. They did not catch the man they were after.

EXPRESS CHARGES TOO HIGH.

Commerce Commission Orders New Basis of Rates Filed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—In a decision made public to-day, the most sweeping of its kind yet laid down, the Inter-State Commerce Commission condemns the manner in which the leading express companies of the country conduct their business. The commission commands the companies to file with it a new basis of rates for the carriage of small parcels. The instructions deal with rates between New York and Boise, Idaho, and points similarly situated, but they practically include the entire country.

The companies directly affected by the ruling are the Adams, United States, American, Pacific, and Wells-Fargo. The Boise Commercial Club brought the complaint against the carriers, maintaining that Boise and other towns in Idaho were grossly discriminated against because of the lack of competition in such towns. It was shown that a package weighing in excess of seven pounds and less than forty-eight pounds, shipped from New York to Boise, was exorbitantly taxed. This contention was found to be correct by the commission. The formal finding of the commission says:

"Under the application of the single graduate to an eighteen-pound package rate between New York and Boise would yield a charge of $1.20, or 15 cents per pound. The actual charge made by the application of the double graduate is $2.20, or 27½ cents per pound—$1 from New York to Omaha and $1.20 from Omaha to Boise."

Smith Gray

Were You There?

Things *did* hum yesterday at all four of our stores. Seems that there are still a lot of "vacationers" in town who want to start with something new, or else people who are waiting for just such a sale as this to get summer clothes.

At $16.50

they made

THAW THREAT LET IN; SAID HE'D KILL WIFE

So She Testifies, Adding That She Wouldn't Have Told If Her Income Hadn't Been Cut.

THAW DENIES SAYING IT

Or That He Said He Barely Missed Killing White the Day Before He Did —Dr. Meyer a Witness for Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 15.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, testifying here to-day as a State witness against her husband, in answer to questions of Assistant Attorney General Roger Clark swore that during a visit to Thaw in the Matteawan Asylum last year Thaw had told her that when he got out of the asylum he "supposed he would have to kill her." She also said Thaw told her he missed killing Stanford White by only two minutes on the day before the actual murder on the Madison Square Roof Garden. Thaw later in the day denied his wife's story.

Mrs. Thaw was called as the first witness at the afternoon session of court. She was composed and, though a reluctant witness, her answers were prompt and to the point. Justice Mills had ruled that a threat against life was not a confidential communication between man and wife, and that, provided what young Mrs. Thaw had to say did not tend to incriminate her she would have to tell what threats Thaw had made.

Mrs. Thaw was on the stand less than ten minutes. It had been expected that Mr. Morschauser, Thaw's lawyer, would cross-examine Mrs. Thaw at great length, but he asked her only two or three questions. She identified four letters for him that she had written to Thaw since the killing of Stanford White.

Thaw kept his eyes glued on his wife's face while she was testifying against him, but he, too, kept his nerve, and there was no sign of an outbreak on his part. Anthony Comstock of the Society for the Suppression of Vice sat beside Thaw while Mrs. Thaw was testifying. Directly behind him were his mother, his sister, the former Countess of Yarmouth, and Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Thaw.

Thaw's wife came to White Plains unattended and stood behind the jury box while waiting to be called. The courtroom was packed to the doors at this time, at least half of those in the hot little room being women. Many of them had stayed in court all during luncheon recess for fear that if they left they might not be allowed to re-enter.

Justice Mills announced right off that he would follow a recent decision of the Court of Appeals and allow Mrs. Thaw to tell of the alleged threat by Thaw.

Thaw's Threat to Kill.

Attorney General Clark wasted no words when Mrs. Thaw had taken the stand.

"Is it true, Mrs. Thaw," he asked, "that on a certain occasion when you were talking with Harry K. Thaw in the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, and at a time when Daniel O'Reilly was present, that Thaw said this, or in substance this, to you: 'When I get out of here I suppose that I shall have to kill you.'"

Mr. Morschauser jumped to his feet with an objection, but Justice Mills simply shook his head and said, "She must answer."

"Under a section of the Penal Code," said Mr. Morschauser, "a wife cannot testify on the acts of a dead or insane husband, and as Harry K. Thaw is now in law adjudged insane he is the same dead in law."

"She will have to answer," was the reply of Justice Mills, and Mr. Clark again put the question.

Mrs. Thaw looked appealingly at Justice Mills, in seemng distress.

"Must I answer that question, Judge?" she said. "I am in a terrible position. These people already hate me, and if I answer he will hate me always. I am still married to him, and I would rather not put anything in his way."

"I appreciate your position," said Judge Mills, "and I am sorry for you; but you will have to answer, unless you can say that to do so would tend to incriminate you."

"I can't say that," Mrs. Thaw said.

For the third time Mr. Clark repeated his question. Mrs. Thaw seemed to deliberate a moment, as if trying to frame her answer, then looked up swiftly straight into Mr. Clark's eyes and said:

"Yes, he did."

Her voice was so clear that even the crowd in the corridors outside heard what she said.

"Mrs. Thaw, will you state exactly what Harry K. Thaw said to you at that time?"

"He said," she replied, "'When I get out of this place I suppose I shall have to kill you.'"

"Describe Thaw's actions when he said that."

Meant to Kill White Sooner.

"We were discussing his mental condition at the time, and Thaw had said to me, 'You know I was not crazy when I killed Stanford White. I just missed him by two minutes the day before.'"

Dr. Baker, the Superintendent of the Matteawan Asylum, who sat beside District Attorney Winslow, took many notes during Mrs. Thaw's testimony. His face was a study when Mrs. Thaw told what Thaw had said relative to missing the chance to kill White the day before he did kill him.

This ended the State's examination of Mrs. Thaw. Then Mr. Morschauser took her in hand.

"Do you recall," he asked, "visiting Thaw at Matteawan in November, 1908?"

"I made several visits to him there," she replied.

"Do you remember a conversation with Thaw in reference to a warning given him about Dr. Flint?"

"Now I know what you are talking about," she answered.

"What did you say to him at that time?"

"There was to be an entertainment of some sort in the asylum, and I told him that some people were coming up to Matteawan, among whom was to be Dr. Flint. I told him that under the circumstances, if I were he, I would keep out of sight, and asked him if he didn't think it would be a wise thing to do."

Mr. Morschauser then handed a number of letters to Mrs. Thaw to be identified. She said that all of the letters had been written by her to Thaw. She laughed out loud while reading one of the letters.

As soon as Mrs. Thaw left the stand the examination of witnesses for Thaw was resumed. Anthony Comstock was the first witness. Mr. Comstock said that he had had several interviews with Thaw concerning White.

What Thaw Told Comstock.

"Thaw told me," said Comstock, "that this man was in the habit of debauching young girls. I told him that we would have to have evidence besides that of the girls themselves, as their testimony would not be sufficient under the law. I added that there was a big difference between moral certainty and legal evidence. I told him I had heard other complaints against White. Thaw said that he was anxious for me to get the evidence so that he could bring the matter to the attention of District Attorney Jerome. Only two or three days before the shooting Thaw gave me some names of girls who, he said, had been White's victims."

Mr. Comstock said Thaw had always impressed him as being rational.

Dr. F. A. McGuire, the Tombs physician, also testified that he believed Thaw to be sane.

Dr. Adolph Meyer of New York proved to be one of the strongest witnesses yet called for Thaw. Dr. Meyer said he had visited Thaw in the White Plains Jail and talked with him on many subjects, among them being Thaw's boyhood and school days. He said Thaw told him about studying law and referred to a visit he had made to Monte Carlo. He was present at a conversation Thaw had with his mother.

On one occasion, Dr. Meyer said, Thaw told him he had helped to elect William Travers Jerome District Attorney.

"Are you revengeful?" Dr. Meyer said was one of the questions that he had asked Thaw.

"Not in any way," Dr. Meyer said Thaw answered.

"What was it you asked him that brought in Mr. Jerome's name?" Mr. Morschauser asked Dr. Meyer.

"I had asked him what he thought of Mr. Jerome's attitude.

"I asked Thaw," continued Dr. Meyer, "what he thought of crime committed under the influence of alcohol, and he replied that it should be no excuse. I also asked what motives had prompted him to shoot Stanford White, and he answered that the motives were not improper.

"I asked him to describe the incidents of that evening, and asked: 'Did you see White before you went out?' He replied that he did not. 'We went down the aisle,' Thaw said, 'and I stopped to speak to some one, and then I saw White glaring at me. He put down his hands, and then there was a disturbance, and the shooting was done.' Those were his exact words."

Senator Spooner Advised Thaw.

Dr. Meyer said that Thaw told him he did not remember the three shots, and that later Thaw declined to say anything more about the actual shooting on the advice of a prominent lawyer. This lawyer, Thaw said, was ex-United States Senator John C. Spooner of Wisconsin.

"Thaw also told me," added the witness, "that Jerome had been just with him, and that he did not ascribe any improper motives to Mr. Jerome for his work against him.

"That impressed me," said Dr. Meyer, finally, "that he was rational."

On cross-examination Dr. Meyer said that Thaw had also talked with him about the alleged actions of Stanford White with young girls. Thaw's will was then referred to, in which he had willed money to Edna Goodrich, Paula Desmond, and other actresses to continue their investigations into the manner of life of certain men.

Justice Mills asked Dr. Meyer to tell him what Thaw had said when he asked him his opinion of the right of a person in certain cases to take the law into his own hands. Dr. Meyer's answer was that Thaw had said that it might be an "obligation of self-defense, as a necessity, but not to excess," adding that he "had a natural horror, nevertheless, of the act."

Dr. Meyer said he asked Thaw if on one occasion he had said that the shooting of Stanford White was an act of God.

"I never made such a remark in my life," Thaw answered.

Just before adjournment Justice Mills announced that the hearing of testimony in the case would not be resumed until a week from next Monday. He wants the extra time to read up on the history of the case. Thaw still has several witnesses to call, and when the hearings are resumed he will take the stand himself.

After the adjournment reporters asked Thaw if he had anything to say about his wife's attorney. He replied that he had not been surprised at her attitude, but denied emphatically that he had ever threatened her life as she testified he had.

"It's plain to every one," said Thaw "that her story is untrue. I never threatened to kill her. First she says one thing and then another."

"Is it true that you made an attempt to kill White on the day before you did?"

"If I had you would have heard of it before this," Thaw replied.

When Mrs. Thaw's attention was called to Thaw's repudiation of her testimony she had nothing to say. She seemed to think that the fact that she was under oath while on the stand was sufficient evidence of her truthfulness.

There will be no physical examination of Thaw by the State's alienists, and the court will confine the insanity test by the experts to the mental examination of Thaw as a witness.

Young Mrs. Thaw Explains.

Before leaving for New York Mrs. Evelyn Thaw said:

"If the Thaw family had done the right thing by me I would never have taken the stand to testify against my husband. But they wouldn't guarantee me the allowance I asked for when the annulment proceedings were begun. If they had done that I would have been far away from here to-day and Harry would have a better chance of getting his liberty.

"I have no idea what my future course will be. I must get a living somehow. I can't go back to the stage. The public would say I testified against my husband to make myself notorious. I may try to get work as a model.

"Often I feel sorry I ever saw the stage at all. As a model I can be a good girl and earn enough to keep me. I can hope for nothing from my husband's family.

"When my husband cut my allowance to $500 a month he left me with many debts on my hands. I used my allowance to clear off my debts. My studio costs $95 a month, and I have to buy food and clothes, and the money I get is not more than enough to get along on.

"I don't know whether or not my husband will harm me if he is released. He has made one threat, though, and that terrified me."

COAL STRIKE ON AND OFF.

18,000 Pittsburg Miners Who Quit to Return Pending Settlement.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—The strike ordered by President Francis Feehan of the Pittsburg district of the United Mine Workers of America, was generally observed among the 18,000 miners employed by the Pittsburg Coal Company to-day. The strike was declared off to-night, however, and the men ordered to return to work in the morning, pending negotiations.

At only a few of the smaller mines did the men remain at work. President T. L. Lewis of the National organization had ordered the men to remain at work, but his order was disobeyed.

President Feehan said that the districts which favor a strike the most are those that showed the most strength in favor of President Lewis when he was elected to his present office. President Feehan said:

"Had it not been for the interference of National President Lewis this strike would not be on to-day. It would have been settled yesterday. Our officers are of the opinion that we are entirely within our constitutional rights in declaring a strike. It is a matter of great satisfaction to the officers to know how generally the order was obeyed. We anticipate no trouble."

There is feeling between Feehan and Lewis. The result may be the disintegration of the United Mine Workers in this district. One peculiar feature of the strike to-day was the fact that thousands of miners who are not affiliated with the organization obeyed Feehan's order to quit work.

The contentions of the mine workers were gone over to-day by George Z. Hosack, Vice President of the Pittsburg Coal Company, and the Executive Committee of the United Mine Workers.

The latter telegraphed to President Lewis to come to Pittsburg to settle the dispute. He replied that he would be here to-morrow to confer with the company, thus taking the question out of Feehan's hands.

Members of the National Tin Plate Workers' Protective Association, numbering 3,000, struck at the plants of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company to-night, as their scale with the company had expired. The organization is not affiliated with the Amalgamated Association, and the men are employed in the tin dipping departments. The strikes at the plants of the company have been complicated as a result, as the men quit work at four of the plants that have employed non-union men in the rolling departments.

The company has refused to recognize the union, and the men are fighting for their organization, as no question of wages is involved.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BRANCH

of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 FIFTH AVENUE, near 41st Street.

Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts.

Acts as custodian of personal property and manager of real property.

Letters of Credit. Foreign Money and Travelers' Checks. Vault Boxes for Customers' use.

7 WORKMEN DEAD IN WRECKED BUILDING

Twenty-five Hurt Out of Thirty-three Buried by Collapse of Walls in Philadelphia.

SUPPORTS KNOCKED AWAY

Red Cross Nurse Who Risks Life In Effort to Rescue Some of the Buried Workmen Cheered by the Crowd.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., July 15.—The five-story building at the northeast corner of Eleventh and Market Streets collapsed at 1:15 this afternoon, burying workmen who were employed in the construction work in the ruins and injuring many men and women who were passing along the sidewalks. The entire Market Street end of the building fell, and became a mass of timber, brick, and twisted steel

Of the workmen seven were killed, one is missing, one is mortally hurt, and twenty-four are more or less seriously injured. In all thirty-three were buried for a time in the ruins. The dead are:

CHARLES LARSEN, 45 years old, sub-foreman of carpenters.
PETER FRITZ, 56 years old, carpenter.
PAUL HANNING, 45 years old, laborer.
ALFRED DAVIS, 18 years old, negro laborer.
SIGMUND LANSBERG, 23 years old, laborer.
ALVIN ——, 50 years old, a Swede.
UNKNOWN MAN.

James Haggerty has a fractured skull, which may cause his death.

All the lower portion of the building, which was being remodeled for the United Gas Improvement Company, had been cut away, the weight of the upper stories being supported by heavy beams. A huge girder that was being slowly hauled into the building struck one of these timbers, knocking it from its position. The rest of the supports were not strong enough to carry the weight, and the sides and front of the building fell, carrying everything away.

A cracking sound preceded the accident, followed at an interval of a few seconds by the final roar and crash. So completely was the building covered with huge canvas signs that for a few seconds bystanders failed to realize the exact cause of the noise. When the signs were torn away by the falling timbers clouds of dust arose and the full extent of the disaster was apparent.

The persons in the immediate vicinity of the building rushed to places of safety. Patrons in a restaurant next to the building ran into the street with cries.

Reserve Policeman Jackson of the traffic squad was standing opposite the building at the time of the accident. At first he failed to comprehend the cause of the noise. Huge clouds of dust that filled the street led him to believe for an instant that an explosion had occurred. Then as he watched the canvas sign bulged out "like a baloon," to be torn away and hurled into the cellar of the building by the falling bricks and timbers the next moment. He sent in a general alarm.

The only thing that saved many pedestrians from being buried into the debris was the fact that it was noon when the accident occurred, and the wrecked structure was on the sunny side of the street. Most of the pedestrians were on the shady side out of danger.

In a short time engine companies and a squad of mounted policemen arrived. The firemen, aided by hundreds of volunteers, attempted to reach the men who were known to be buried beneath the pile of wreckage. No sound came from the heap of material, and powdered mortar and plaster hung as dust over the heap, making it difficult for the rescuers to breathe.

A woman who had been passing the building and a fruit peddler, whose stand was on the curbstone on the corner, were found unconscious in the street.

Hundreds of citizens seized the ropes tied to timbers and helped drag them into the street.

When the men first began to dig in the ruins a little woman crawled through a hole in the wall and entered the cellar of the building. At the risk of her life she groped beneath the tons of wreckage that was held by the first floor of the building, until she reached the side of one of the workmen. He was dead. Crawling along still further, she found a man, still living, though unconscious. Climbing back the way she came, she called for aid, and was lifted to the street. This rescuer was Mrs. Margaret Simon, a Red Cross nurse, living at Camac and Louder Streets, Logan. Following her directions, men entered the building and brought to the street the workman she had found.

At 1:20 o'clock, owing to the courage of Mrs. Simon, five men had been carried to the street and rushed to near-by hospitals in ambulances. Again and again the plucky Red Cross nurse was cheered by the crowd. She did not cease her labors until the work of rescue was over.

It was not until 2:15 that another man was found. He was alive. At 2:27 a body was carried from the ruins on a stretcher, and at 2:45 another body was found.

It was known to the workers that a number of men were still pinned beneath the debris. Far upon the wall an arm hung limp. Under the floors bodies could be seen, but the timbers held them fast.

About this time a patrol was hurried to a hospital to obtain apparatus for administering oxygen. Upon the arrival of the apparatus, the surgeons climbed as near as possible to the bodies in view, and attempted to administer oxygen.

Dr. Brown of Jefferson Hospital succeeded in reaching the side of a workman who was held fast by a beam. The workman smiled, and said, "It's no use boys, you can't help me, look after the rest of them."

Dr. Brown administered the oxygen to keep the man alive for an hour. Meanwhile the beam that held him down was sawed in two and he was released. Painfully standing up, the man said:

"I'm still on the job, boys. My name is H. W. Fickes and I live at 778 North Thirty-seventh Street." He collapsed and was taken to a hospital.

Dr. Schwartz of Jefferson Hospital kept a negro alive by the same means. He was dying, however, and asked for a priest. Father Fitzgerald of the Church of St. Philip Neri, who was helping the rescuers, responded, and administered extreme unction. The negro died soon after.

Another clergyman who aided the rescuers was the Rev. A. C. Carty of the Church of the Transfiguration. He pulled on ropes and helped lift the timbers to the street.

Several of the firemen were overcome by the heat and were carried to the ambulance. The firemen, exhausted and grimy, were finally replaced by 100 Italian laborers. It was almost certain that the men still in the debris were dead. The firemen were on the verge of collapse.

Want country board in New Jersey? See Page 12.

VICHY CELESTINS

Prevents GOUT and INDIGESTION

Ask your Physician

In July & August Store Closes Saturdays at 1 P.M.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

WILL CONTINUE FRIDAY AND END ON SATURDAY

The following extraordinary sales:

Summer Suits for Men

Former prices $28, $30, $35 and $40

at $22

3-garment models, ⅜, ¼ or ⅓ lined with silk or mohair.

Every Suit is from our regular stock, and this is the first reduction in their prices

The suits are made of smooth worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cheviots, flannels, velour-finished cassimeres, in medium, light or tropical weights. Colorings include the season's most favored effects.

Negligee Shirts for Men
Values 1.75 & 2.00 Special at 1.10

Coat models of imported or domestic madras in stripes and neat effects. Very desirable patterns—soft or pleated bosoms, attached or detached cuffs. All sizes—14 to 20; all lengths of sleeves.

Straw Hats for Men—at half price

Including our entire stock of distinctive models

Straw Hats of split, sennit and mackinaw braids; also London made sennit straws. Formerly 2.50, 3.00 & 3.50 } 1.65

Fine Split Straws and Milans—all the choicest numbers from our regular stock. Formerly 4.00, 5.00 & 6.00 } 2.65

A Very Special Offering of

Washable Suits for Boys

BEACH, SAILOR AND RUSSIAN BLOUSE MODELS.

Beach Suits in a wide assortment of colors and many styles of trimmings.
Russian & Sailor Blouse Suits in a comprehensive variety of fabrics and colorings. Value 2.25 } 1.45

Washable double-breasted Norfolk and Russian Sailor Blouse Suits, including a great many distinctive effects which are exclusive with us. Fabrics include khakis, linens and other seasonable materials of both foreign and domestic manufacture. Value 4.00 } 2.95

Washable Knee Trousers of khaki, linen or crash, in plain or fancy colorings; full bloomer models. Value 1.00 } 65c

An automobile is like everything else. To do its best and look its prettiest, it must be clean—engine, body and brasswork.

To keep the engine clean, get hold of the best machinist you can find.

To clean the painted parts, use Ivory Soap, tepid water and a couple of soft cloths.

To clean the brasswork, use Ivory Soap paste. This is the way to make it:

To one pint of boiling water add a quarter of a cake of Ivory Soap, shaved fine. Boil ten minutes after the soap is thoroughly dissolved. Let it cool. Keep in a glass jar with a tight-fitting top. Apply with a soft cloth. Polish with another soft cloth.

Ivory Soap . . . 99 44/100 Per Cent. Pure.

"Downward Revision" at Last

Men's Fine Suits

At this season a good many men hold off, awaiting our lowering of prices. They know the cut is worth while, and that we make it on all our high-grade lines rather than carry into another season.

Wait no longer, gentlemen. Some of the best suits are already running low in sizes. In a majority of cases $5 is taken from the original price.

E. & W. shirts reduced—now $1.35, $1.85 and $2.35.

Hackett, Carhart & Co

265 Broadway, near Chambers St. 841 Broadway, at 13th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

Hot Weather Merchandise Basement.

There are as many sides to Macy's as there are seasons—and more.

Just now the sizzling element of the weather suggests all the practical domestic utilities that help make perspiring humanity comfortable.

The heat of Summer is here and we are ready with "Hot Weather Merchandise"—ready as never before. The good housewives of New York know our basement. They know the wide scope and broad economy of the stocks assembled there. Otherwise business would not seethe there as it is seething.

Here are some hints of the things that appeal to thousands during these sun-hot days:

Stone Water Coolers
Nickel Plated Faucets.

Capacity 2 gallons—price $1.12
Capacity 4 gallons—price $1.47
Capacity 5 gallons—price $1.68
Capacity 6 gallons—price $1.97
Capacity 8 gallons—price $2.47
Capacity 10 gallons—price $3.47

Japanned Water Coolers, capacity one to ten gallons, $1.19 to $3.79.
Japanned Nursery "Nonpareil" Coolers, $3.21 to $6.49.
Hardwood Refrigerators, $5.79 to $92.84.
Hardwood Ice Chests, $6.31 to $26.59.
"Peerless" Ice Cream Freezers, freeze cream in three minutes; one to sixteen quarts, $1.44 to $9.74.
"Peerless" Ice Chippers, 31c.
Ice Picks, 7c. to 26c.
Ice Cream Moulds, 18c. to 53c.
Porcelain Water Pitchers, assorted colors, decorated with the words "Ice Water," small size, 19c.; large size, 23c.
Pressed Glass Water Pitchers, regular price 19c.; special at.....10c
Pressed Glass Water Tumblers, regular price 23c. dozen; special at....15c
Pressed Glass Water Tumblers, Colonial design; regular price 29c. dozen; special at.....18c
Plain Thin-Blown Tumblers; regular price 48c. dozen; special at.....39c
Plain Thin-Blown Tumblers, neat design; regular price 72c. dozen; special at 48c
Cut Glass Water Pitcher, capacity 2½ pints; regular price $3.49; special at $2.49
Cut Glass Tumblers, diamond and fan-shaped patterns; regular price $3.49; special at.....$2.28

Stone Water Filters
Nickel Plated Faucets.

Capacity 6 quarts—price $2.39
Capacity 7 quarts—price $2.97
Capacity 8 quarts—price $3.69
Capacity 9 quarts—price $4.93
Capacity 10 quarts—price $6.47
Capacity 12 quarts—price $8.43

Bohemian Glass Service, 50 pieces; regular price $7.18; special at....$6.49
Bohemian Glass Service, 60 pieces, decorated with neat design; regular price $8.49; special at.....$7.49
Bohemian Glass Service, 60 pieces, decorated with gold lines and initials to order; regular price $16.23; special at $14.49
Lemon Squeezers, 10c. to 22c.
Tin Lemonade Shakers, 12c. to 23c.
Nickel Plated Shakers, 94c. to $1.31.
Electric Fans, direct current, 110 volts, plug and 6 feet of cord—
Size 12 inches at $9.94.
Size 16 inches at $12.24.
Electric Irons, plug and 6 feet of cord, $3.49 and $4.29.
Bath Sprays, 84c. to $1.09.
Tanglefoot Fly Paper, box 39c.
Wire Fly Killers, 8c.
"Sallades" Mosquito Bite Cure, 19c.
Moth-Proof Bags, suit size, 33c.; overcoat size, 44c.; ulster size, 59c.
Cedar Camphor for moths, 9c.
Oriental Camphor, 15c.
Moth Sheets, size 40x48 in., doz., 42c.; sheet, 4c.
Macy's Persian Insect Powder, ¼-lb., 9c.; ½-lb., 17c.
Macy's Sanitary Fluid, 24c.
Macy's Chloride of Lime, 8c.

Some Revised Prices

We have a few odds and ends of men's summer suits, of our well known standard of quality, that we want to sell now while half the summer is still ahead of us. Here are the new prices:—

Men's $18, $20 and $22 Suits, now $15
Men's Suits that were $25 and $28, now $18
Suits that were $30, $32 and $35, now $22

Broken lots of fancy shirts that were $1.50, $2 and $2.50 are now

$1.15

One-third has been taken off all hat prices.

Browning, King & Co

Broadway, at Thirty-second Street
Cooper Square, opposite Fifth Street
Brooklyn: Fulton Street at DeKalb

HEGEMAN & CO DRUGGISTS

200 Broadway.
21 Park Row.
B'way and Bleecker St.
B'way and 42d St., (Times Bldg.)
B'way and 101st St.
644 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
112th St. and 3d Av.
125th St. and 7th Av.
125th St. and Lenox Av.
149th St. and 3d Av.
155th St. & Amsterdam Av.
180th St. & St. Nicholas Av.
Getty Square, Yonkers, N. Y.

QUALITY PURITY

FAIR DEALING.

It is a comfort to deal with a store that has the kind of goods you want, and which gives you just what you ask for. For 82 years it has been the firm rule of this company to give customers absolutely what they ask for—to fill perscriptions exactly as the Doctor specifies. We do not seek to sell you imitations and substitution is impossible in a Hegeman Store.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

DAILY AND SUNDAY

Is a vacation requisite that will be missed if neglected. Better make sure of its regular receipt while away in the country. By mail 17c. per week, 75c. per month, post free. Order of your newsdealer, or at The Times Office, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

KOH-I-NOOR Pencil Point

THE

Lead in KOH-I-NOOR Pencils costs nearly twice as much as in any other brand.

The Standard of Pencildom. Known, sold and used throughout the world. Same Price, Quality, and Uniformity every where. An exactly-right pencil for every purpose and paper—17 different degrees (6B to 9H) and 2 copying degrees. Each degree always the same. 10c. ea., $1 a doz. The genuine is always stamped "KOH-I-NOOR." Any stationer can supply you. If yours will not, write us.

L. & C. Hardtmuth. Estb. 1790. 34 E. 23d St., N.Y.C.

Wallach Bros.

1195 Broadway
238-242 Bowery
647 Eighth Ave.
246 W. 125th St.
3d Av. & 122d St.

TAKE advantage of every cool opportunity. Here's one—soft shirts with soft collars and,—there's not a more comforting garment for hot weather to be found than they—made of Soisette—collars and cuffs attached.

White, cream and tan. Real $1.50 shirts. Special at $1.15.

Yellowstone Park Tours

Will Be Especially Attractive This Summer

In Making Plans, Remember That Careful, Particular, Busy People

TRAVEL VIA

Union Pacific

For Safety, Service, Speed

Dining Car Meals and Service

Everything that contributes to ease of mind, personal comfort, and economy of time.

"Best in the World."

For full information inquire of

J. B. DeFRIEST, G. E. A.,
287 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath

Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York.

"Busy" Lines Block Business

With telephones enough "busy" lines are avoided. The cost is small. The value is great.

THE NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.,
15 Dey St.

The Buffalonian

$8 Lv. Desbrosses St.....7:45 P. M.
" West 42d St.....7:55 "
Ar. Buffalo.....7:15 A. M.

West Shore R. R.

Derby Desks Sanitary Styles

Derby Desk Co

City Investing Bldg 165 Broadway New York

Chiris Olive Oil

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT AND CONNOISSEURS PREFER IT.

Victor Talking Machines and Records. Buy from us direct.

LANDAY BROS.
400 Fifth Av.
(OPP. TIFFANY.)

EASY STROPPING

Auto-Strop SAFETY RAZOR

EASY SHAVING

"SQUARE DEAL" OFFICE FURNITURE.

"Ask me to prove it."

CHAS. E. MATTHEWS,
275 Canal Street,
One door East of B'way. Tel. 1299 Spring

Westinghouse Nernst Lamps are the cheapest to install and maintain.

NERNST LAMP COMPANY,
241 West 42d Street.
Open till 9:30 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Have you tried THEOLINE for **Tired Feet?** Ask druggist for this SKIN TONIC.

SUICIDE FOR LOVE OF A CHORUS GIRL

Cuban, Once Wealthy, Ends Life with a Bullet Because She Wouldn't Wed Him.

LEAVES A LETTER FOR HER

She Finds His Body in the Morgue, and, Kneeling, Cries, "Why Did You Do It?"

Keeper Goldey of the Morgue, at the foot of East Twenty-sixth Street, to oblige the young woman who had asked it of him, pulled out one of the coffinlike drawers in the wall there yesterday afternoon and so disclosed the rather handsome dark face of a young man, marked with lines of dissipation. The young woman fell to her knees on the floor, looked at it for a moment, and then breaking into sobs, cried several times over:

"Oh! what made you so foolish? Why did you do it? Why did you do it?"

The young man was Juan Balsinde, the oldest son of one of the old families of Havana, Cuba, who had that morning, because of a falling out with his family and his despairing jealous love for the girl that now knelt over him, closed a year of reckless living by shooting himself.

The woman was Miss Louisa Von Oesten of 82 Lott Street, Flatbush, a chorus girl. Balsinde met her when she played in Havana in February, 1908, and ever since he had followed wherever her theatrical career led her. He proposed to her often, but she, finding his disposition too wild and violent, so violent that he had often threatened to kill himself and once to kill her, had always put him off.

"The last time," she said, "was on Wednesday night in Union Square. He promised that if I accepted him he would settle down as an importer of flowers.

"I told him I did not want to get married yet, that I wanted to stay one year more on the stage any way. I said we ought to wait a year or two. I was late then to keep my engagement and he was angry and spoke of suicide, but I did not believe him."

He lived extravagantly and his mother, a widow, no longer really rich since her husband's death twelve years ago, had refused to send him any more money. He had come down from living at the Hoffman House first and later the Hotel America, to a $2-a-week room in a lodging house in East Fourteenth Street. He was at the America for a while after he left the girl that night, and there seemed gay enough. When friends proposed a drink he accepted after some hesitation, remarking:

"All right, but this one will be my last."

He meant that it should be his last drink—the last of many. He went back to his house and met Mrs. Campin, his landlady, on the steps—that was 1 o'clock, and as he passed her he dropped his hand on her shoulder, and, referring as she thought to the money he owed her, said:

"Well, lady, everything will be settled to-morrow."

A few moments later Mrs. Campin heard the sound of a heavy fall, and another tenant called down:

"A man's killed himself up here."

Left a Letter for a Girl.

Mrs. Campin called a policeman. Together they went up to Balsinde's room. He lay half on the bed, just opposite a mirror, as though he had fallen back from before it. There was a wound in his left side, smoke in the room, and a revolver on the floor. On the bureau was a letter written several days ago, but not sealed or addressed.

The letter he had left was evidently intended for Miss Von Oesten, for it began "Dear Louisa," and the sentiments it set forth were so disconnected as almost to seem those of a disordered mind. There were frequent references in it to another girl, whom the young man said he really loved, and there were expressions of hate for the girl it was addressed to—evidently it was the letter of a madly jealous man. In it he wrote:

> Never come to my mind again. You were such good comedian, very fool I was to believe all your stories. But now all is over. Never get in my way again, because you will feel sorry. You never had love for me.
>
> You are one of the prettiest girls in New York, one of the best actresses, but what care I for that? I love another girl, such a good, educated girl, that works for her living. I love her and hate you now, because never a better girl lived, and if the whole world stood against me I would fight the whole world.

He Was Penniless.

This letter was written on the paper of the American Hotel, as near as one could read the date, on July 2, more than a month after the young man had left to take the room in which he died. There were plenty of other things in his room that showed his course of life—scores of theatre checks, receipts for wine and flowers, and there was a letter from his mother asking him to come back home, and saying she could send no more money.

A Cuban named Pubio Luna, taking his vacation in this city, at 253 West Twenty-third Street, saw by the newspapers of the young man's death. He knew the family in Havana, where his own business is. He went to the Morgue and offered to take charge of the body.

Luna said that Balsinde's father was a very rich sugar planter in Cuba, and that his family was, and had been for generations, of high position. But when the father died he left half his estate to a brother, and since then the boy's mother has gained her income mainly by renting the old family mansion. The demands of this oldest son were a trial to his mother, though he was her favorite.

Luna sent a cable message to the mother informing her of her son's death.

PRINCESS BEATRICE MARRIED.

Granddaughter of Queen Victoria Weds Great-Grandson of Louis Philippe.

COBURG, Germany, July 15.—The marriage of the Infante Alfonso of Bourbon-Orleans and Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg took place to-day. State Secretary von Richter performed the civil ceremony. A wedding according to the rites of the Catholic Church took place later in St. Augustin's Church. This was followed by a Protestant ceremony in the chapel at Edinburgh Castle.

Prince Alfonso is the great-grandson of Louis Philippe, the dethroned King of France. He was born at Madrid Nov. 1, 1886, and is an infante of Spain.

Princess Beatrice is the youngest daughter of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, also Duke of Edinburgh, second son of Queen Victoria of England. Her mother was the Grand-Duchess Marie of Russia. She was born in 1884. At various times she has been reported engaged to the Crown Prince of Germany, Duke William Ernst of Saxe-Weimar, Prince Arthur, the only son of the Duke of Connaught, and the Crown Prince of Portugal.

ANNUITY FOR MRS. STIRLING.

She Withdraws Appeal from Adverse Judgment in Divorce Case.

EDINBURGH, July 15.—The appeal brought by Mrs. John Alexander Stirling against the decree of divorce against her handed down in March was withdrawn to-day.

Counsel for Mrs. Stirling said that arrangements were being made to provide her with an annuity of $1,250 out of the estate of her former husband.

NEW HEAD FOR CHINESE ARMY

Emperor Appoints Himself Commander, Then Delegates Powers.

PEKING, July 15.—An edict issued to-day in the name of the Emperor appoints him commander in chief of the land and naval forces of the Empire, in accordance with the constitutional project of the late Emperor, Kwang-hsu.

A military Secretariat, under the Directorship of Prince Yulang, is also created to assist the regent. The exercise of the military powers of the Emperor is delegated to Prince Yulang.

Situation Uncertain in Bolivia.

LA PAZ, Bolivia, July 15.—President Montes has informed the Peruvian Minister that under no circumstances will Bolivia accept the arbitral award, and although measures have been taken to prevent attacks on the legations, the serious difficulty of a settlement still remains, rendering the situation uncertain.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

NAPLES, July 15.—The body of Ensign Hugh Kerr Aiken of the cruiser North Carolina was brought ashore to-day and transported to the steamer Perugia, which sailed for New Orleans.

LA GRANJA, Spain, July 15.—King Alfonso and the Spanish Court have left here for San Sebastian. Henry C. Ide, the American Minister, and the other diplomatic representatives will follow his Majesty to the Spanish watering place.

NIMES, France, July 15.—The monument erected here to Bernard Lazare, the first defender of Alfred Dreyfus, was demolished last night. The bust of M. Lazare was broken to pieces with a hammer.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 15.—King Frederick and Queen Louise of Denmark arrived this afternoon on the Danish royal yacht Daneborg and were met by Emperor Nicholas, the two Empresses, and the Queen of Greece. The visit is a family affair.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 15.—The police raided to-day five Johannite Orphanages belonging to a sect composed of the followers of the late John of Kronstadt. They took away 140 children who were suffering from scurvy and other infectitious diseases.

Want country board in New England? See Page 13.

Midsummer Sale of Brill Clothes

This sale of Brill suits for men and young men saves you 25% at least right now.

If you figure on wearing these clothes next season you save half or more.

Because the advancing cost of fabrics for Spring 1910 is going to make your clothes cost more.

In 1910 you can wear Brill clothes bought now at a saving of ⅓ and rest assured that you will be "in the style."

Because Brill styles are advance now, and furthermore, Brill stores guarantee that Brill clothes bought now will be good style in 1910 or you can have new clothes free.

$10.50 NOW for suits that are $13.50, $15 and $16.50 values, including fancy suits and fancy weave blue serge suits.

$13.50 NOW for suits that are $18, $20 and $22.50 values, including fancy suits and blue serge suits.

$17.00 NOW for suits that are $22.50, $25 and $28 values, including fancies and blue serges.

Brill Brothers

CLOTHIERS.

279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers St.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way.
125TH STREET, cor. 3d Avenue.
47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.

Four Convenient Stores.

It Costs a Trifle More than the "Cheap" Beers, but It's Well Worth the Difference.

Imperial "Gold Label" Beer

Extra Fine, Bright, Clear, Sparkling.

It's Just the Beer for Your Home.

Bottled at the Brewery. HEADLESTON & WOERZ, BREWERS, NEW YORK

MORGAN'S NAME BAIT IN $97,500 BOOK DEAL

Lured by It to Purchase Dickens's Works, Mrs. Hoxie Refuses to Pay $35,000 Balance.

METZ GOT OUT FOR $20,000

Paid to Break His Contract—Agent's Illuminated Tablets in Strong Box to be Brought Out To-day.

Behind the order obtained from Supreme Court Justice Bischoff yesterday by counsel for Mrs. Mary J. Hoxie, widow of John R. Hoxie, the railroad and stockyard magnate of Chicago, directing the Garfield Trust Company to allow them to examine certain tablets said to be in its vaults, is a story of unusual interest involving a contract made by Mrs. Hoxie in 1901 for 13 volumes of the alleged St. Dunstan's illuminated works of Charles Dickens for $97,500. The safe deposit vault will be opened to-day.

Yesterday's order grew out of an action brought by the University Press of Boston against Mrs. Hoxie in the Chicago courts to recover $35,000 alleged to be due on notes she made in connection with the contract for the set, of which there has been, up to date, but eight volumes published and five delivered to Mrs. Hoxie, the last coming out about four years ago.

This particular edition of Dickens was sold on contracts made calling for the payment of $750 a volume. It is said that Controller Herman A. Metz had a contract to buy the books, but subsequently paid $20,000 to be relieved from it. Mrs. Abbie B. Blodgett is also said to have made a contract for the works for $130,000, but after paying $24,000 some difficulty arose and the matter was adjusted without the contract being fulfilled.

Mrs. Hoxie's complaint sets forth that about seven years ago George D. Sproul of 331 West Seventy-eighth Street, with offices at 150 Fifth Avenue, made the Dickens contract with her, the books to be "illuminated" by Ross Turner, a marine artist of Boston. She says that Sproul held out to her that J. Pierpont Morgan was behind the publication, that his was to be the first set, hers the second. After receiving five volumes Mrs. Hoxie refused to accept any more and asked Sproul to destroy the notes given him and she would allow him to keep the cash payments she had made—about $50,000, it is said—and consider the contract at an end.

This, it is alleged, Sproul refused to do, but he suggested as a substitution for the rest of the books thirteen "illuminated tablets" of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States, done by Prof. Nestore Leoni, who is now in Rome, and whom Sproul described as the man who has successfully revived the lost art of illumination first brought out by the Roman monks in the fifteenth century. Mrs. Hoxie defaulted on the note payments and Sproul assigned his claim to the University Press Company, who brought the suit.

Sproul, it is said, told Mrs. Hoxie that the tablets were worth at least $125,000, and that negotiations for their disposal for $200,000 were pending with the Corcoran Art Gallery at Washington. Mrs. Hoxie has never seen the tablets, and upon her application to the Chicago courts B. Benjamin Savage of the law firm of Howland, Murray & Prentice, at 35 Wall Street, was appointed a Commissioner to take testimony in this city and examine the tablets to ascertain their value.

The tablets had been put in Sproul's safe deposit box at the Garfield Trust Company, which first refused to allow the box to be opened in response to a subpoena on the ground that the company had a lien of $140 on the box's contents for rent. An order requiring the trust company to show cause why it should not obey the subpoena was then obtained, and through this the story came out.

Mrs. Hoxie alleges fraud and deceit on the part of Sproul in her transaction with him, that the books were not of the quality as stated by him, and that the statement that Mr. Morgan was to have the first set and was behind the proposition was false. She further alleges that in place of the books being worth $97,500 if actually issued as described, they would hardly be worth more than $1,000.

An affidavit has been made by Theodore B. De Vinne of the De Vinne Press, publishers, to the effect that the parchment used in the books is of a poor grade, that the bands on the backs are false, the leather poor, being of Morocco instead of French levant as was supposed. Other affidavits were submitted stating that the books were probably worth about $50 apiece instead of $750, the price paid by Mrs. Hoxie.

The value of the tablets will be passed upon by experts. They are described as being 24 by 30 inches, and upon the face, of what is presumed to be parchment, is printed in gold raised letters the Declaration of Independence. Along the margin are portraits of the Presidents of the United States, and various battle scenes of the War of the Revolution.

In connection with the "illuminated tablets" and the book dealings of Sproul is recalled the suicide, some time ago, of Howard T. Goodwin, a confidential clerk of the brokerage firm of Cassett & Co. of Philadelphia. Goodwin, at a salary of $2,300 a year, it is said, contracted for the purchase of $285,000 worth of books, and the tablets in question for $65,000.

He was to pay for the tablets at the rate of $2,000 a month, but they were to remain in Sproul's name until fully paid for. If sold at an advance in the meantime the profits were to be divided. When Goodwin had paid $74,000 on the $300,000 contract his peculations became known to the firm. He shot himself in its office.

THINK GOVERNMENT CAN'T DEBAR KNIGHT

United States Court Officials Say the Alien Sailor Can Win Citizenship by an Appeal.

SHUT OUT BY MONGOL BLOOD

Even His Valiant Services for the Country in the Navy Left Out of Consideration.

Unusual interest is being taken by those employed about the United States courts and the Naturalization Bureau in the Federal Building in the case of William Knight, the seaman of the battleship Connecticut, whose application to become a citizen of the United States, although he has been in the navy for twenty-seven years, and received from Congress a medal for bravery in the battle of Manila Bay under Admiral Dewey, was denied Wednesday by Judge Chatfield in the United States Court in Brooklyn. Despite the ruling of Judge Chatfield, the consensus of opinion of those connected with the Naturalization Bureau is that Knight has a good chance of winning his case against the Government on appeal.

Knight's application for citizenship was denied on the ground that the naturalization laws expressly state that those persons in whose veins there is blood of a race other than black or white cannot become citizens of the United States. Knight's father was an Englishman and his mother was half Chinese and half Japanese.

Sympathy is generally with Knight about the Federal Building, and to bear out the contention expressed by several that he has a good chance to win his case on appeal it was pointed out that under a ruling by Judge Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals a few weeks ago there was admitted to citizenship a Parsee named Bhicaji Framji Balsara, despite strenuous opposition on the part of the Government.

Judge Lacombe held that under the original act for the naturalization of aliens passed by Congress in 1802 the Parsee was entitled to citizenship. In his decision, however, Judge Lacombe suggested that the Government take an appeal.

The naturalization laws under which Knight was restricted date back to 1875, when those other than free white men and those of African nativity and descent were debarred from citizenship. Since that time the courts have universally upheld the Government in restricting those of the Mongolian race, despite the fact that the Japanese have always contended that they are not Mongolians.

Those Japanese and Chinese who were naturalized previous to 1875, however, are American citizens, and there are several such now living in the country. It was further pointed out that even the descendants of these individuals can exercise the right of the franchise unless they have forfeited it by acts of their own.

CUBA TO KEEP PAGE AWHILE.

Discharged American Engineer Will Stay Pending Final Determination.

HAVANA, July 15.—An agreement has been reached between Edwin V. Morgan, the American Minister, and the Cuban Secretary of State, Garcia Velez, whereby James Page, the American engineer in charge of the Cienfuegos waterworks, will continue to officiate until a final determination of the question whether his appointment by Gov. Magoon was temporary or permanent, some ambiguity existing in the terms of Gov. Magoon's decree making the appointment.

Mr. Page was recently notified of his discharge by Secretary Lagueruela of the Public Works Department, which resulted in a protest being filed by the United States Government.

President Gomez has issued an order directing the bureau in charge of the national lottery to reserve at the first drawing ticket No. 1,806 for his personal account, the number commemorating the outbreak of the final war of independence.

TEN DIE IN SUBMARINE.

No Time for Escape When Craft Is Sunk by Steamer.

CROMER, England, July 15.—The British submarine designated as C 11 was sunk last night by the cargo steamer Eddystone at a point four and one-half miles northwest of the Raisborough Lightship.

Thirteen members of the crew went to the bottom with her, and only three were saved. Lieuts. Brodie and Watkins were among the survivors. The third man probably was a sailor.

The cruiser Bonaventure, with a flotilla of eight submarines, was proceeding in a southerly direction when the Eddystone ran in among the vessels and collided with C 11. The submarine was badly stove in and went down immediately. With the exception of the three men mentioned the crew did not have time or opportunity to save themselves.

The submarines C 16 and C 17, in endeavoring to avoid a collision with the freighter, ran into each other. C 17 was damaged, but there were no fatalities on board either craft.

Battleships and cruisers with ample salvage appliances were signaled for and reached the scene in the course of the morning. C 11 lies in fifteen fathoms of water. Wire hawsers already have been passed under her, and it is hoped that she can be raised at once.

BARON ROSEN TO GO?

Report That He Is to be Superseded as Ambassador Here.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 15.—The Novoe Vremya says Baron Rosen, the Russian Ambassador to the United States, is to be transferred to Vienna, and that George Bakhmetieff, formerly Russian Minister to Japan, is to be appointed to the Washington post.

This report is apparently based on probabilities, and all efforts to confirm it have been unavailing.

Rublee Slightly Better.

VIENNA, July 15.—William A. Rublee, retiring American Consul General here, is slightly improved, although he spent a restless night.

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co Today's News **O'NEILL-ADAMS Co**

What It Means to You

Merchants, everywhere, are intent on the news we published yesterday. Yet it was not news to them. They have known it, or, if they have not known it, they have suspected it for some time.

We should double our business in these two stores this year. The merchants know it. They don't like to think about it.

Buying merchandise, as we buy it, for our affiliated stores, means buying for less than any other merchant in America. We should be less than good merchants, ourselves, if we did not press *our* advantage.

Let us see wherein *you* share in this advantage:

In dress goods you share it. There are many grades of dress goods divided into two classes—*imported* and *American*.

Let us see how it works in imported:

Here is a mohair, from Bradford, England—the home of mohairs. Take a single example—mohair Sicilian. The samples are before us of the same grade sold in ten different stores in New York.

Our price is 69c a yard. It is a fine, lustrous example of the weave.

One competitor sells it for 79c a yard and marks it "special."

Another sells it for $1; a third for $1.25.

Not one sells it under 79c; our regular price is 69c.

Take another example—linens. Take an Irish linen table cloth, in what you call the "snow-flake" pattern—a pattern too well known to be mistaken.

We sell it for $2.98—it is 2x2½ yards.

Our neighbors sell it variously for $3.25 and $3.50—the cheapest is $3.25. There's no mistaking the pattern, the size, or the quality, or the make. Our price is 27 cents below that of the merchant who sells it next lowest—and he is doing exceedingly well to sell it for so little as $3.25.

Take stockings from Germany. Here are ours at 25c. The merchant next nearest sells the same grade for 35c.

Buying for these affiliated stores is what does it. We could do no better than the rest if we bought for a store at a time.

These are the facts. It is fair you should know them. You will decide for yourself where you can best afford to buy.

6th Ave., 20th to 22d St. | **O'NEILL-ADAMS Co** | 6th Ave., 20th to 22d St.

DEVLIN ONCE MORE WINS FOR GIANTS

Third Baseman Bats in Tally That Ties and Scores Decisive Run.

HOME RUN ALL REDLEGS GET

Rigler Changes His Mind at Johnstone's Behest and Sends Downey Back to Third Base.

Spite of a homer over the cocoa sign by Larry McLean that started a three-hit batting rally on the part of Cincinnati in the third inning of yesterday's game on the Polo Grounds, McGraw's men made it three straight from the Ruddylegs by a score of 2 to 1. Umpire Rigler called the game on account of darkness after seven rounds. That annoyed Clark Griffith, who insisted it was light enough to read the hallmark on the ball in a line drive, but it didn't fret him half so much as a reversal of decision by Rigler at Umpire Johnstone's behest that took a run from the Reds in that same third chapter. Griffith thinks he has ground for a protest, for he asserts there is nothing in the rules to justify Umpire Rigler in doing Johnstone's bidding. Whether he will take that action is another question. The Old Fox is not given to raising formal issues when he has doubts as to the outcome.

The change of mind on Rigler's part occurred shortly after McLean's rap for the circuit. Downey was on third by reason of his hit that caromed off Bridwell's body, Fromme's sacrifice, and Bescher's leaguer. Crandall made a low throw to Tenney to catch Bescher off first. The runner slid back to the bag feet first and lay in the dust. Of a sudden, much mystery regarding the whereabouts of the ball. Crandall's hurl was so bad that many spectators thought the sphere had bounced clear into the grand stand. Tenney was sure the ball hadn't got by him, and he proceeded to search Bescher. He even tried to lift the runner, who lay like a dead sheep and let Fred use him as a strength test. That part of it was very funny and evoked much laughter from such of the fans as were not too anxious in regard to Gotham's chances, the score already being 1 to 0 in Cincy's favor.

Meantime Downey hastened home from third, and half way to the bench, his run allowed by Rigler, when Manager McGraw and Tenney and several other Giants sent up a howl to high heaven. McGraw made signs to the umpires that sounded like "interference." Tenney fumed classically. At length the ball was found in the hollow of Bescher's knee. Tenney vowed it was under the runner's leg. Griffith insisted it wasn't, and says if the leather hadn't been stopped by the Buckeye boy it would have gone to the stand. An excited conference between Rigler and Johnstone followed and then the first-named umpire, though boss of the game by reason of being behind the bat, permitted his colleague's judgment to be forced upon him and ordered Downey back to third. With the result that the Porkopolitans got no more runs, as, though Paskert drew a pass, Egan popped to Doyle and Mitchell died at first.

"If Bescher had interfered with the ball," said Griff last night, "it would have been the umpire's duty to call somebody out. As there was no interference, which is shown by the fact that no runner was called out, Downey had a right to steal home on the play, and the run should have been credited to us. That would have meant victory for Cincinnati, or, at any rate, a tie."

All that being brushed aside, once more the award of merit must be given to Arthur Devlin. With his good bat he again won the game. This time, reversing Wednesday's procedure, he batted in the tally that tied and came home himself with the conclusive count. His useful bingle supplemented a three-bagger by Murray. It was followed by three walks broken only by a strike-out, and right there the history of the battle was made.

Crandall pitched liberally, allowing nine hits, but tightening in pinches so suddenly that Redland had to hit for four bases to get a man around. Fromme was stingier, but disastrously wild. He franked seven men in four innings—three in the fourth, two in the fifth, two more in the sixth. His attempts to put 'em over in the big inning were comical. Nevertheless, in five of the seven rounds he pulled himself out of dangerous places. In the sixth Giants filled the bases, with none out, yet the Buckeye boxman retired them runless for that round, causing two men to be forced at the plate and a third to die at first.

New York's profitable frame was opened with Murray's triple. O'Hara, after a drive along the right foul line that looked fair, but was called foul, popped to Lobert. Devlin singled cleanly to centre, scoring Red. Bridwell and Schlei strolled, filling the corners. Crandall fanned, but Tenney waited for four wide ones, forcing in Devlin with the winning run. Then Doyle filed to Hoblitzel. McCormick, in the fifth, reached third on his walk, and Murray's and O'Hara's force of "Red" at second. But on Devlin's bounce to Hoblitzel, Harry missed a good chance to get back to third. Consequently, as soon as Hoblitzel tagged Arthur in the alley, he threw McCormick out through Lobert to McLean.

Devlin, thus far in the Cincinnati series, in twelve turns at bat, has made nine hits, including a triple and a double—a base for every time up, three days running, and an average of .750. In that period he has scored four times and has batted in three other runs. He also has taken full advantage of eleven fielding chances. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tenney, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0	Bescher, lf.	4	0	2	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	2	1	Paskert, cf.	2	0	1	0	0
McCorm'k, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	Egan, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2
Murray, rf.	3	1	1	2	0	Mitchell, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
O'Hara, cf	4	0	1	0	0	H'litzell, 1b.	3	0	0	9	3
Devlin, 3b.	3	1	2	2	3	Lobert, 3b.	3	0	2	1	1
Bridwell, ss.	2	0	1	2	1	McLean, c.	3	1	2	7	2
Schlei, c.	1	0	0	4	2	Downey, ss.	3	0	2	0	3
Crandall, p.	3	0	0	0	4	Fromme, p.	2	0	0	0	3
Total.	26	2	6	21	11	Total.	26	1	9	21	10

Game called on account of darkness.

Errors—Lobert, McLean, Downey.

New York	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2
Cincinnati	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—Lobert. Three-base hit—Murray. Home run—McLean. Sacrifice hits—Bridwell, Fromme, Egan. Stolen bases—Bescher, 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 3; New York, 11. First base on error—New York. Double plays—Hoblitzel, Lobert, and McLean. Struck out—By Crandall, 4; by Fromme, 2. Bases on balls—Off Crandall, 2; off Fromme, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Johnstone. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Brooklyn Bats Out a Victory.

The Brooklyns had their eye on the ball in an unusual manner for them in the third game with Pittsburg yesterday, and the 1,200 "fans" who were present saw one of the best batting displays of the season at Washington Park, and the defeat of the Pittsburgs by 5 runs to 1.

Barring the second inning, when a single and a double came in succession, McIntire's pitching was a puzzle to the Pittsburgers, while Leifield was compelled to abdicate early in the seventh inning and Brock took his place. This young man was treated even worse than Leifield, and Brandon pitched the final inning.

The Brooklyns started off with a poor exhibition of base running, and the loss of a run in the first inning was the result. Lennox reached first on a good single to left, and Jordan followed with a double to right. Lennox hesitated twice in his efforts to reach home and was thrown out by Wilson to the plate. In the second inning Lumley hit to the right field fence, but the ball rebounded into Wilson's hands, and Lumley was nipped at second. Hummel followed with a long hit to the extreme left field, and made a circuit of the bases easily. Brooklyn clinched the game in the seventh inning when Jordan opened with a single and was sacrificed by Lumley to second. Hummel's hit bounded over Clarke's head and three bases were the result. Leifield was then relieved by Frock. McMillan touched up the newcomer for a single, but Marshall forced him at second. McIntire leisurely made three bases on a hit to left, and before the inning closed Burch and Clement singled, all of which scored four earned runs.

Pittsburg's only run was made in the third inning after the first two men had been retired. Leach sent a bounder over McMillan's head, and after stealing second scored on Clarke's double. The visitors had the bases full in the fourth inning, due to Hummel's dropping McMillan's throw at second. It was up to Barbeau to aid the runners, but the best he could do was to send out a fly to Clement. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burch, cf.	4	0	1	2	0	Barbeau, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2
Clement, lf.	4	0	1	3	0	Leach, cf.	5	1	1	2	0
Lennox, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1	Clarke, lf.	2	0	2	2	1
Jordan, 1b.	4	1	3	11	1	Wagner, ss.	4	0	1	1	4
Lumley, rf.	3	0	2	1	0	Miller, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Hummel, 2b.	4	2	2	2	3	Storke, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0
McMillan, ss.	4	0	1	3	5	Wilson, rf.	4	0	2	2	2
Marshall, c.	3	1	0	4	1	Gibson, c.	4	0	0	7	1
McIntire, p.	3	1	1	0	1	Leifield, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Total.	33	5	12	27	12	†Frock, p.	0	0	0	0	2
						Brandon, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						*Hyatt,	1	0	0	0	0
						†Abstein	1	0	0	0	0
						Total.	34	1	7	24	14

*Batted for Brandon in ninth inning.
†Batted for Barbeau in ninth inning.

Errors—Hummel, (2,) McMillan, Gibson.

Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	..—5
Pittsburg	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Jordan, Clarke. Three-base hits—Hummel, McIntire. Home run—Hummel. Sacrifice hit—Lumley. Stolen bases—Burch, Jordan, Lumley, McMillan, Leach. Bases on balls—Off McIntire, 3; off Leifield, 1. Struck out—By McIntire, 3; by Leifield, 1; by Brandon, 1. Double play—Jordan and Hummel. Base hits—Off Leifield, 6 in 6 1-3 innings; off Frock, 4 in 2-3 inning; off Brandon, 2 in 1 inning. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 10. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

At Philadelphia.

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Grant, 3b.	5	1	1	1	4	Byrne, 3b.	5	1	2	2	1
Knabe, 2b.	3	0	2	2	3	Ellis, lf.	4	2	2	3	0
Titus, rf.	5	0	1	1	0	Phelps, c.	4	0	0	2	2
Magee, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	K'tchy, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1
Br'af'ld, 1b.	4	2	3	13	1	Evans, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Shean, cf.	3	1	1	2	0	Deleh'ty, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Doolan, ss.	4	1	3	3	4	Hulsw't, ss.	4	0	2	8	5
Dooin, c.	4	1	1	4	1	Charles, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1
Cor'don, p.	3	0	1	0	5	Bachman, p.	2	1	1	0	2
Richie, p.	0	0	0	0	0	Beebe, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Ward	0	0	0	0	0	Laut'm'k, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						†Shaw	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	35	6	13	27	18	Total.	36	4	9	24	11

*Batted for Corridon in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Lautermilk in the ninth inning.

Errors—Grant, Knabe, 2; Doolan, Ellis, Konetchy, Charles.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	..—6
St. Louis	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Doolan, Byrne. Three-base hit—Byrne. Hits—Off Bachman, 11 in seven innings; off Beebe, 2 in one-third of an inning; off Corridon, 8 in eight innings; off Richie, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice fly—Ward. Stolen bases—Knabe, Grant. Double plays—Doolan, Knabe, and Bransfield, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; St. Louis, 8. First base on balls—Off Corridon, 2; off Bachman, 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; St. Louis, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Corridon, (Phelps;) by Bachman, (Knabe.) Struck out—By Corridon, 2; by Bachman, 1; by Richie, 1. Passed ball—Phelps. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Grant, 3b.	2	2	4	2	0	Byrne, 3b.	7	0	1	1	0
Knabe, 2b.	7	0	1	3	0	Ellis, lf.	4	1	1	4	1
Titus, rf.	6	0	0	2	0	Bres'han, c.	1	0	1	0	0
Magee, lf.	6	1	2	5	0	Bliss, c.	4	0	0	4	0
Br'field, 1b.	5	1	2	16	0	K'tchy, 1b.	6	2	2	22	1
Shean, cf.	6	0	1	4	0	Evans, rf.	6	1	3	2	0
Doolan, ss.	4	1	2	5	7	D'hanty, cf.	6	1	2	1	0
Dooin, c.	5	1	1	5	4	H'switt, ss.	6	0	2	2	5
Richie, p.	3	0	1	0	4	Charles, 2b.	6	1	1	5	8
Corridon, p.	0	0	0	0	2	Melter, p.	3	0	1	0	2
Moren, p.	2	0	1	0	0	Beebe, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*Ward	0	1	0	0	0	†Phelps	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	51	7	15	42	17	Total.	52	6	14	41	25

*Batted for Corridon in tenth inning.
†Batted for Melter in ninth inning.
‡Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Magee, Doolan, Byrne.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1—7
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0—6

Two-base hits—Grant, Knabe, Delehanty, (2,) Evans, Hulswitt. Three-base hits—Charles, Doolan, Richie, Konetchy. Home run—Magee. Hits—Off Richie, 10 in eight innings; off Corridon, 2 in two innings; off Moren, 2 in four innings; off Melter, 3 in eight innings; off Beebe, 10 in six innings. Sacrifice hits—Bliss, Doolan. Stolen bases—Titus, Dooin, Grant, Magee. Double plays—Doolan and Bransfield; Charles and Konetchy; Ellis and Bliss; Hulswitt and Charles. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 7. First base on balls—Off Richie, 1; off Melter, 4; off Beebe, 2. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; St. Louis, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Corridon, (Ellis.) Struck out—By Richie, 2; by Beebe, 1; by Moren, 1. Passed ball—Bliss. Wild pitch—Melter. Time of game—Two hours and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

At Boston.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	2	0	2	4	0	Becker, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Sheck'd, lf.	5	2	2	2	1	Starr, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Schulte, rf.	4	1	2	0	0	Thomas, lf.	4	0	0	4	0
Chance, 1b.	3	0	2	9	1	B'mont, cf.	4	1	0	0	0
St'nf'dt, 3b.	4	1	1	0	3	Coffey, ss.	3	1	0	0	2
H'fman, cf.	5	0	1	3	0	Stem, 1b.	3	0	0	13	0
Tinker, ss.	3	0	1	4	4	Sw'ney, 3b.	3	0	1	1	6
Archer, c.	3	0	1	6	2	Graham, c.	2	0	2	5	1
Pfeister, p.	4	0	1	0	3	More, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total.	33	6	11	27	14	Total.	30	2	5	27	14

Errors—Evers, Hofman, Beaumont.

Chicago	2	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0—6
Boston	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Sweeney, Chance, Schulte. Sacrifice fly—Steinfeldt. Sacrifice hits—Stem, Schulte, Archer, Chance. Stolen bases—Sweeney, Graham, Evers, Pfeister, Steinfeldt. Double plays—Sheckard and Evers; Sweeney, Graham, and Starr; Tinker and Chance. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Chicago, 9. First base on balls—Off Pfeister, 2; off More, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Chicago, 1. Hit by pitcher—By More, (Chance.) Struck out—By Pfeister, 7; by More, 3. Passed balls—Graham, Archer. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Kane.

Brooklyn Gets Three Players.

Through Tom Daly, the club's scout, the Brooklyns have secured three players from the minor leagues. They are Outfielder Wheat of the Mobile Club, Shortstop Myers of the Anderson, S. C., Club, and Pitcher Finlayson of the Brockton Club of the New England League. Finlayson was a member of the Brooklyn team early last season, but his work was so unsatisfactory in the only games he pitched that he was transferred to the Brockton Club. Myers is expected to report to the Brooklyn Club about Aug. 30.

Boys! See what's here!
2037 Boys' Norfolk and double breasted suits marked down.

To $6.50—707 suits of which 213 were $10.50 to $14.50.

To $8.50—640 suits of which 273 were $12.50 to $15.50.

To $10.50—289 suits which were $12.50 and $14.50.

To $12.50—401 suits of which 195 were $16.50 and 125 were $18.50.

All boys' Russian and Sailor suits of Summer wool mixtures reduced to $5.50.

For men, too, there are bargains!

E. & W. neglige shirts—$3.00 and $3.50 flannels and madras at $2.35; $2.50 madras at $1.85.

Straw hats at $1.85—former prices up to $4.00.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

NO YANKEE MAKES CIRCUIT OF BASES

White Sox, with Smith Pitching, Shut Out New York's in Easy Fashion.

WARHOP PITCHES POORLY

Ineffective and Wild, While His Support Is Ragged—Detroit and Cleveland Climbing.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 15.—The White Sox won the fifth game of the series against New York to-day by a score of 9 to 0.

Commisky's veterans did not have much trouble solving what was offered them by Pitcher Warhop, who was selected to work against Frank Smith, probably because he won a victory over Walsh in the opening battle of this series. Nine hits were bagged by the locals, and they made a run for each hit because Warhop was quite liberal with his passes, and there were kinks in his support.

Smith's pitching was excellent after he got over a little unsteadiness in the early rounds. He passed three visitors in the first four innings, but happily did not permit a hit in that time, consequently the "deadheads" on the bases did not get far. In the fifth, with one out, Kleinow spoiled the no-hit prospects with a drive to left for one base. Warhop grounded out and Demmitt bounded a slow one over Smith's head. Tannehill raced in and scooped it with one hand, but could not head off his man at first. Kleinow reached third, which was as far as any Yankee got.

Chase started the sixth with a clean single and watched Elberfeld foul out. Engle flied to right and Altizer pulled off his freak play. He muffed the ball squarely, but had to chase it only a step or two. Chase, expecting the ball to be caught, could advance no further than second, but Engle wheeled past first and tore along until stopped by a shout from the coachers. Atz had taken the throw-in and had only to whip it to Isbell to retire Engle easily. Cree then flied out.

Laporte led in the seventh with a double to left and reached third before the side was retired. He was the last man on, and Smith finished strongly by striking out Cree and Laporte, the last two men to face him. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Altizer, rf.	4	1	2	2	1	Demmitt, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Parent, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	Austin, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2
Isbell, 1b.	4	0	0	12	0	Chase, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0
D'herty, lf.	3	1	1	0	0	Elb'feld, ss.	4	0	0	2	1
Purtell, 3b.	3	2	2	1	3	Engle, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
T'n'hill, ss.	3	2	1	1	3	Cree, rf.	3	0	0	4	0
Atz, 2b.	2	2	1	2	2	Laporte, 2b.	4	0	1	0	1
Sullivan, c.	2	0	1	6	0	Kleinow, c.	3	0	1	2	3
Smith, p.	3	1	1	0	1	Sweeney, c.	0	0	0	0	0
						Warhop, p.	3	0	0	1	6
Total.	28	9	9	27	12	Total.	30	0	4	24	13

Errors—Altizer, Chase, Warhop.

Chicago	1	0	1	1	0	5	0	0	1—9
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Atz, Laporte. Three-base hit—Altizer. Sacrifice hits—Cree, Purtell, Tannehill, Sullivan. Stolen base—Altizer. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; New York, 7. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 3; off Warhop, 6. Struck out—By Smith, 5; by Warhop, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hurst.

At Detroit.

FIRST GAME.

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
McIntyre, lf.	5	2	2	1	0	Brown, lf.	3	2	4	1	0
Bush, ss.	4	0	2	1	4	Milan, cf.	3	1	2	3	0
Cr'ford, cf.	5	0	0	6	0	Lelivelt, rf.	5	0	1	0	0
Cobb, rf.	3	1	1	0	0	Unglaub, 2b.	5	0	1	4	4
Rossman, 1b.	3	1	2	6	0	Donohue, 1b.	5	0	1	9	1
Moriarty, 3b.	4	1	3	1	1	Kelley, 3b.	4	0	0	2	0
Schaefer, 2b.	3	1	1	2	0	McBride, ss.	4	1	1	1	1
Schmidt, c.	2	1	1	9	1	Street, c.	4	0	1	4	2
Donovan, p.	3	2	1	1	0	Johnson, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Works, p.	1	0	0	0	0	Hughes, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Havelik, p.	1	1	0	0	2
Total.	33	9	13	27	6	*Gray	1	0	1	0	0
						Total.	38	5	12	24	12

*Batted for Hughes in fifth inning.

Errors—Crawford, Cobb, Schmidt, Milan, Lelivelt, Donohue.

Detroit	0	3	1	3	0	2	0	0	..—9
Washington	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—5

Two-base hits—McIntyre, Browne. Hits—Off Donovan, 5 in six innings; off Works, 7 in three innings; off Johnson, 3 in three innings; off Hughes, 4 in one inning; off Havelik, 6 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Bush, Schaefer, Milan. Sacrifice fly—Schmidt. Stolen bases—Cobb, Milan, Unglaub. Double play—Donohue, Street, and Donohue. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Washington, 9. First base on balls—Off Donovan, 1; off Works, 1; off Johnson, 2. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; Washington, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Havelik, (Schmidt.) Struck out—By Donovan, 5; by Works, 3; by Hughes, 1. Passed ball—Schmidt. Wild pitches—Works, 1; Johnson, 1; Hughes, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
McIntyre, lf.	3	0	0	3	0	Brown, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Bush, ss.	2	2	1	3	4	Milan, cf.	4	0	0	5	0
Cr'ford, cf.	4	2	2	2	0	Lelivelt, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Cobb, rf.	4	2	3	2	0	Unglaub, 2b.	3	0	1	1	1
Rossman, 1b.	3	0	1	14	1	Donohue, 1b.	2	0	0	7	0
Moriarty, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3	Kelley, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
Schaefer, 2b.	4	1	1	1	5	McBride, ss.	3	0	0	3	2
Schmidt, c.	4	0	2	2	1	Street, c.	3	0	0	6	2
Willett, p.	3	0	0	1	1	Smith, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Jones, cf.	0	0	0	0	0						
Killifer, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	Total.	29	0	3	24	7
Total.	31	7	11	27	15						

Error—Street.

Detroit	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	..—7
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Schmidt. Home runs—Cobb, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Rossman, Willett, Donohue. Sacrifice fly—McIntyre. Stolen base—Bush. Left on bases—Detroit, 5; Washington, 3. First base on balls—Off Smith, 2. Struck out—By Willett, 2; by Smith, 4. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kerin and Sheridan.

At St. Louis.

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'tzell, ss.	5	1	2	2	3	Niles, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
Stone, rf.	4	1	2	2	0	Lord, 3b.	3	1	1	1	2
M'Aleese, cf.	4	1	1	1	1	Speaker, cf.	4	0	3	2	0
Griggs, lf.	4	1	2	1	0	Gessler, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Jones, 1b.	4	1	1	3	3	Wagner, ss.	4	0	0	2	3
W'Hams, 2b.	3	0	0	4	0	Stahl, 1b.	4	0	0	6	0
Ferris, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1	M'C'nell, 2b.	3	1	2	4	5
Stephens, c.	3	1	0	5	4	Donohue, c.	4	0	2	6	2
Dineen, p.	1	1	1	0	0	Burchell, p.	0	0	0	0	0
H'fman, cf.	3	0	2	2	1	*Hooper	1	0	0	0	0
Powell, p.	3	1	1	1	0	Pape, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Pat'son, 1b.	2	1	1	6	0	Wolter, p.	3	0	1	0	0
Total.	39	9	12	27	13	Total.	33	4	9	24	12

*Batted for Burchell in second inning.

Errors—Griggs, Stephens, Powell, Stahl, McConnell, (2,) Donohue.

St. Louis	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	..—9
Boston	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—4

Two-base hits—Jones, Stone. Hits—Off Burchell, 3 in one inning; off Pape, 2 in one-third inning; of Dineen, 3 in two innings. Sacrifice hit—Lord. Double plays—McConnell and Stahl; Hoffman and Hartzell. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Boston, 6. Bases on balls—Of Dineen, 2; off Pape, 1; off Wolter, 2; off Powell, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Wolter, (Griggs, Stephens.) Struck out—By Powell, 4; by Wolter, 3. Passed balls—Donohue, 2. Wild pitch—Wolter. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Evans.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'tzell, ss.	3	1	1	1	5	Niles, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
Stone, rf.	2	0	1	1	0	Lord, 3b.	4	0	0	4	0
H'fman, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	Speaker, cf.	4	0	1	1	1
Griggs, lf.	2	0	1	1	0	Gessler, rf.	3	0	2	1	0
Jones, 3b.	2	0	0	3	2	Wagner, ss.	4	0	0	4	2
W'liams, 2b.	3	0	0	3	3	Stahl, 1b.	2	0	0	6	0
Pat'son, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0	M'C'nell, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2
Crger, c.	3	0	0	5	0	Donohue, c.	3	0	0	4	3
Graham, p.	3	0	0	2	4	Wood, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total.	24	1	4	27	14	Total.	29	0	5	24	9

Error—Donohue.

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	..—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Gessler. Sacrifice hit—Jones. Stolen bases—Hartzell, Stone. Double plays—Graham and Patterson, 2; Hartzell, Williams, and Patterson; Speaker and Lord. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Boston, 5. Bases on balls—Off Graham, 3; off Wood, 2. Struck out—By Wood, 5; by Graham, 5. Passed ball—Donohue. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messr. Evans and Perrine.

At Cleveland.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Turner, 2b.	4	1	0	2	5	Oldring, lf.	2	1	0	1	0
Stovall, 1b.	3

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WHAT NEW YORK MUST DO TO BE SAVED.

Mr. HAFFEN regards himself as a persecuted man. His friends, he says, will not believe the aspersions upon his official conduct, and he professes becoming contempt for the dirty politicians at the City Hall. But the constituency concerned is much broader than those two classes. His case is illustrative, rather than solitary. Others than he have been exposed, and still others are as guilty although unexposed. Mr. HAFFEN alone is concerned regarding the personal aspects of his case. He may be personally honest, although it cannot be contended by either himself, or his friends, that he showed any appreciation of what it means to be honest officially as well as personally. The Aldermen, who have the power, may have the impudence to annul an apparently impending removal. Nevertheless Mr. HAFFEN would not come off scathless if all these things are admitted to be true, and the city's headlong progress toward bankruptcy would not be checked even if he were—as he is not—in the same class with Mr. AHEARN. The root of the evil lies deeper.

When TWEED was sent to jail there was an end of Tweedism. The present case of the city is worse than in TWEED'S time for two reasons: The loss to the city is greater in total and in proportion than it was in those days of gross peculation, which admittedly does not characterize the present situation even if it exists in some degree; and, secondly, the drain upon the city's resources cannot be stopped by any such simple process as breaking up a ring of rascals. What the present situation calls for is the production of brains enough to see what the case demands, and nerve enough to accomplish it. It is not a case calling primarily for the prohibition of bad acts—although there are bad acts to be forbidden—but for affirmatively producing excellence of administration. What New York is suffering from more than dishonesty is dry rot, adherence to bad old standards of efficiency and maladministration, and a weak sympathy for officials who are thought to be all right if only they are not outright thieves.

So long as this maudlin sentiment prevails the city's expenses will outgrow its income, and the debt will enlarge with each succeeding year until even a rising rate of interest will not attract lenders, and the embarrassment of the city will be as great as it can be short of insolvency. Already great public works cannot be financed as existing improvements were financed. Neither bridges nor subways nor even more necessary betterments can be produced on the same financial footing as those existing. Already it is difficult to get bond buyers to provide funds for fireworks and luncheons. And yet there is a concurrent demand for expenditures on the same scale as before the city's credit began to deteriorate. There are entire parties organized to debauch the electorate with public funds in Mr. HAFFEN'S manner, with words as smooth as his, with promises as alluring, and with results as disappointing.

The explanation is that the taxpayers—meaning those who realize that they are taxpayers—are relatively few, and that the electorate is "easy." Mr. HAFFEN and his kind would find short shrift if their fate depended upon the conscious taxpayers. The electorate is "easy" because it is ill-informed as a whole, and debauched in parts. Mr. HAFFEN has the reputation of making more places at the public crib than any other leader. How can he be impeached with those who live on the bounty he extracts from the public treasury? On a larger scale there is an organized party demanding that enormous public works shall be financed from public funds precisely because there is no profit discernible in them upon any commercial basis.

These things foreshadow the sort of campaign we shall have. On the one side there will be those who will take the electorate upon the top of the great height of the debt and promise them more good things, such as those which have made the city's interest charge exceed the Nation's. Against them will be set those who will demand that the city shall be run as a commercial undertaking, with no more politics than is necessary. They will demand efficiency and the proof of efficiency. They will demand such records and accounts as shall enable them to judge periodically how their interests are served, instead of learning it at, the end of a protracted investigation. The business of the city corporation must be conducted with as much accuracy and publicity as financiers require in the case of financial corporations. Mr. HAFFEN was able to be guilty because so few knew what he was doing. His removal is less important than the amendment of the conditions which made his conduct possible.

THE QUAY STATUE.

Pennsylvania has not yet decided what to do with its statue of MATTHEW STANLEY QUAY. Mr. PENNYPACKER has told the world how an old lady from the rural districts, standing amid the expensive splendor of the Harrisburg Capitol's rotunda, exclaimed: "I wonder if, when I die, Heaven will look like this!" In that rotunda of celestial appearance the statue of QUAY was designed to stand. Why should it not? The Capitol cost $13,154,422.18, of which $5,000,000 or more went into the pockets of the politicians and their allies. Its electric lamps were ordered by the pound, and are said to be the heaviest in the world. Perhaps the Quay statue was contracted for the same way. It is certainly an unwieldy thing.

An effort has been made to shift its site from the gorgeous rotunda to the grounds of the Capitol. There are fifteen acres of these grounds, velvety lawns shaded by ample trees. Perhaps the deepest shade the trees afford would seem appropriate for the statue to some regenerated Pennsylvanians. Some would prefer to have it sunk in the Susquehanna. But the consensus of opinion seems to be that the rotunda of the Capitol, the most splendid monument to graft on earth, is the best site for the effigy of that able politician, of whom another able politician, our own Senator PLATT, once remarked that he would rather be an office boy in QUAY'S employ than President of the United States.

Senator QUAY was cut down in his prime more than five years ago, after forty years of political activity. The movement among his admirers to perpetuate his memory in the new Capitol preceded somewhat the public disclosure of the vast frauds in connection with the construction of that building. But the frauds are ancient history now, the statue is finished, and the rotunda is ready to receive it. If it reminds an old lady of heaven, without the Quay statue, what will it remind her of when the statue is on its pedestal and the electroliers, purchased at so much a pound, shed their soft radiance upon it! Men swore by QUAY while he lived, lied for him, stole for him, died for him. He represented something, and the $13,000,000 palace in Harrisburg, said by a distinguished art critic to have been conceived by its architect in a dream, stands for much the same thing.

THE COLLEGE MAN'S PROBLEM.

Right at this time when so many persons are eagerly looking forward to vacations, and with faces humorously perplexed trying to determine ahead where they can get the most fun for the least money, there is another and very winning element of the population facing one of the most difficult and crucial situations of their lives—the choosing of a life work.

Within the last few weeks young men and women, whose number runs far into the thousands, have been set joyously free from high schools, colleges, and universities to find themselves, perhaps for the first time in their lives, forced to make a real decision whose chief consequences they themselves must bear. With the boy whose education has been limited to the elementary school course there is little room for choice. If he must support himself or contribute to the support of others in most cases he will have to follow the line of least resistance, taking hold of whatever he finds at the end of it.

With the high school or college graduate the case is regarded as so widely different, the freedom of choice so full, and this period in the lives of these young men and women so critical, that the New York High School Teachers' Association has just issued a pamphlet of pertinent suggestions on choosing a career.

In the opinion of the committee preparing the pamphlet it is absolutely necessary, if success shall reward a life of effort, that the youth start out with a definite plan from which he shall not allow himself to depart, rare instances excepted. To the young college man in a city like New York who must earn his way through the professional school the committee says it is wiser for him to interrupt his educational progress with several years of work to earn money toward his expenses than it is to overwork himself to acquire his professional training and to support himself at the same time. He comes out with sounder health and richer experience than the youth who has had the "touch and go" crushed out of him by the upper and nether millstones of mental and physical toil, amounting to torture.

Of importance second only to the choice of the profession itself is regarded the selection of the college in which to train. The committee, arguing on the principle that a tree is known by its fruits, urges young men not to make their decision until they have studied the annual reports of the United States Commissioner of Education, acquainting themselves not only with the efforts but the results of the institutions under consideration and the relative successes of their respective graduates.

As to the choice of a business career the committee foresees a brighter day for the small business man and the independent manufacturer coming through the possibility of obtaining convenient and cheap electric power for small establishments, the lessened faith in the management of great corporations, and the apparent tendency to scatter people now huddled in the great centres of population.

Dr. W. H. MAXWELL, City Superintendent of Schools, has repeatedly urged the teachers of the city schools to study their pupils with a view to discovering, if possible, their aptitudes as one of the best means of lessening the annual number of vocational misfits. In the same line the High School Committee advises the graduate, before determining his life plan, to seek the advice of his parents, his teacher, and his pastor, all of whom, perhaps, know him better than he knows himself.

BUILDING CODE HEARINGS.

Acting Mayor MCGOWAN takes the straightforward and praiseworthy course in determining to hold public hearings upon the revised Building Code and in taking counsel of experts before he gives or withholds his approval of the measure.

This new Building Code is a creature of darkness. It calls for light, and there cannot be too much light. It appears to be, not a regulation of building practice drawn in the public interest, but a measure intended to put money into the pockets of the powerful Tammany persons whose compelling influence forced it through the Board of Aldermen. The effect of the code is to impose restrictions upon the manufacture and use of cinder concrete that will double its cost and practically take it out of the market as a competitor of fire-proof hollow tiling. This tiling is manufactured by a company or combination called the "Fireproofing Trust," of which the Grand Sachem of Tammany Hall is the general counsel, and in which some of the chief men of Tammany, according to common report, are financially interested.

This is the modern method of practicing the art of "graft." TWEED stole openly. Not so the grafters of these days. They organize or buy interests in companies furnishing supplies to the city or to industries controlled by public authorities and so get their profits. Fire hose and grate bars have been made the subject of these grafting profits. The Third Avenue surface railway was not allowed to employ a contractor of its own choosing when its motive power was to be changed—it had to take a contractor named by Tammany, at a higher cost. Before this building materials have been subjected to specifications that favored purveyors affected with a Tammany interest. It would require evidence to remove the impression that the new Building Code is a graft measure for Tammany gain.

This is not the first time that Acting Mayor MCGOWAN has exhibited his independence of political control. He does what a faithful public officer should do in this case by taking technical advice upon the merits of the matter before him. He may earn the sour disapproval of some of the men of Tammany, but he will gain public esteem by subjecting the Building Code to a diligent scrutiny.

THE TRIUMPHANT TAXIMETER.

The practical citizen who, having been charged $1.80 for a $1.25 ride in a taxicab, took the matter before a Police Magistrate, had his labor for his pains. He was told to pay the chauffeur what he demanded and then put the case before the Mayor's Marshal. This would be going to a great deal of trouble for the sake of a small money loss. The companies controlling the taxicabs advise discontented passengers to pay the chauffeur, take his number, and report the case to them. If you are charged, say, $1.20 for riding in a direct line from Fortieth Street to Seventy-second, a charge not justified by any of the prevailing taxicab rates, you have no redress except from the company, who may prefer to take the chauffeur's word rather than yours, or a mysterious person at the City Hall who has not hitherto done much to relieve the people from the extortions of cabmen.

In short, the taxicab is not nearly so great a boon as it promised to be. There is abundant testimony that the fare is rarely as small as the passenger expects it to be. In spite of the declarations to the contrary by the companies, the taximeter plays queer tricks. It may register $1 when the machine reaches its destination. As likely as not the chauffeur will then turn the cab around before permitting his fare to alight, and the taximeter will register 10 cents more. Some relief may come when the new ordinance goes into effect. Systematic official inspection of the taximeters is certainly desirable.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Why Don't They Take Their Time?

Is there cruelty to animals in making or permitting carrier pigeons to fly the enormous distances which establish records and so much interest the breeders and trainers of that particular kind of pet stock? The suggestion is one entirely new to us, but one of our readers, in commenting on the recent record-breaking flight from North Bay, Ontario, to Baltimore, says that from long observation of the birds he knows that such feats involve subjecting them to terrible exhaustion, often resulting in death of a painful and pathetic form. He thinks, therefore, that these competitive journeys should be restricted to moderate length, and that not to do so is a mark of heartlessness and barbarism.

Well, it is a fact that homing pigeons are so obsessed by the idea that life is unendurable in any except one place that when taken away from it they will fly back toward it at their top speed, either until they reach the natal nest or until their wings refuse to beat any more. It is only this week that one of them, evidently come from afar and fast, alighted on a window sill of the Times Building and lay there for some time until he had rested enough to continue his voyage. He was an object of some commisseration from tender-hearted spectators, but, after all, his exertions had been entirely voluntary, and we cannot ourselves see much sense in getting excited over his fatigue. He had halted as soon as the need for it had become sufficient to divert his stupid little mind from its one object, and he and every other member of his tribe are free to decide the rate at which they will travel.

It is fair to assume that as a rule their exertions are not excessive—not greater than their recuperative powers. Were it otherwise the race of homing pigeons would have long since been extinct, that being the inevitable penalty of really injurious habits long persisted in. Those who see in the homing pigeon's talent for finding his way home from distant places and in his furious determination to do it the marks of unusual intelligence are mistaken. There is little or nothing of the mysterious in their ability to fly from one known landmark to another, while their exaggeration of the preference, almost universal in animate nature, for the home and the wonted haunts is a sign of inferiority rather than of superiority. The pigeon gets more pleasure than pain from his hasty return, else he would go more slowly. Were he beaten along his vertiginous course it would be another matter. Nobody pities the ducks and geese, though they make longer and more rapid journeys. 'Tis their nature to, and that settles it.

No Light on the Main Point.

Following the irritating custom of courts, the Appellate Division has almost ignored the only point of general interest in the Griffin case and contented itself with deciding that the man's sufferings from a false accusation of theft would have been adequately compensated by an award of $300. Justice DUGRO, it will be remembered, set aside the verdict of $2,500 which GRIFFIN, a Pullman porter, had won from a jury. Incidentally, or as the lawyers say, obiter, the Justice announced that a colored man would not be as much hurt in feelings or repute as would a white man by a charge of theft, and that, therefore, he should not get as much in the way of damages from the rash accuser.

That opinion made talk all over the country. Nobody could deny that there was a sort of truth in it, and yet almost everybody had an instinctive realization that somehow the thing was, or ought to be, wrong. It was, in short, the indictment and condemnation of a race, without regard to its better part or its exceptional members, and that is repugnant to the modern sense of equity. The Appellate Division—speaking through a majority of one, by the way—holds that Justice DUGRO was right in estimating GRIFFIN'S injury at $300, but it carefully adds: "The affirmance of the order is not to be taken as an approval in any degree of the expression of the trial court of its views in colloquy with counsel."

That sentence can be variously interpreted. On its face it is a strong implication that the Justice was wrong in holding black men less sensitive than white ones in matters involving their personal honor and dignity, for usually an explicit refusal to approve amounts to disapproval. More carefully read, however, the words seem to criticise only the expression of the opinion, and not the opinion itself. Then the implication is that both the decision and the argument on which it was based were sound, but that the Justice erred merely in explaining his conclusion.

Anyhow, the whole problem remains just where it was—except that GRIFFIN'S chances of ever getting the $2,500 he wants have gone a step nearer and very close to the vanishing point. That is an inconsequential detail—except to him—in comparison with the broader question of ethnic differences. Why couldn't the Appellate Division itself have favored us with an obiter a little more definite than the one in which it indulged?

Exceptions Might Balance.

When a man has served for twenty-seven years in the United States Navy, and especially when he has won a medal for gallantry from Congress in competition with men for whom death-defying courage in their country's service is a commonplace and all in the day's work, it does seem as if he might be admitted to citizenship, even though half his blood came from Mongolian sources. To be sure, the law is explicit, and on the whole it is a good law, at least as regards its exclusions, but WILLIAM KNIGHT, now of the battleship Connecticut, compares so well with a multitude of the aliens to whom citizenship is given for the asking that he might fairly be made the beneficiary of a special act of admission. He might be taken in as an honorary member, as it were. To keep him out because his mother was half Chinese and half Japanese seems rather ungrateful, not to say absurd, especially as he was born a subject of Great Britain.

COURT CLERKS' SALARIES.

Thinks Recent Increase Quite Warranted by the Job.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Criticising the increase of court attendants' salaries, "Unjust" writes in harmony with his name or betrays lamentable ignorance of the situation.

It is true that many clerks receive $1,000 salaries, but it is also true that many others receive much more—two and three thousand, for instance—and that low-grade clerks with ability are eligible to promotion.

"Court attendants" as a nomenclature is misleading, for while court attendants "attend court," that particular function is the least exacting of their duties. As a matter of fact they perform clerical work of the highest grade. They keep dockets and cash books, make transcripts and prepare executions, work the typewriter, often write shorthand; search for, compare, and file documents; make up appeals, and assist generally in the work of the office, and that work calls for absolute precision not only orthographically, but in punctuation and every little detail. They must have not a little knowledge of law and a thorough understanding of forms and of practice in order to be of service to the many who appeal to them for advice—and all this without a chance of promotion, as Municipal Court clerks are not in the classified service.

As a clerk I am interested in this discussion only through a desire to see justice done a class of employes than which one more painstaking and deserving is not on the city rolls.

ASSISTANT CLERK.

New York, July 13, 1909.

Tea Instead of Beer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The use of iced lemon tea seems to be becoming quite popular among the refined class, a harmless and refreshing beverage. What a benefit it would be to society if the use of it could be extended to bars, where the working classes could have it as cheap as beer, without the liquor!

R. W. E.

New York, July 14, 1909.

WESTON'S ACHIEVEMENT.

Says It Proves Him the Greatest Athlete in the World.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been more than casually interested in Mr. Weston's present walk, as I have seen him in nearly all of his greatest walks, and in his six-day contests with Daniel O'Leary, and in his exhibitions of walking against time, as well as ordinary fancy exhibition walks. I was present with him when he first accomplished the great feat of walking 500 miles in six consecutive days, which he did in the large Washington Street rink in Newark along about 1875.

I have the utmost sympathy for plucky, persevering, and indefatigable Mr. Weston, and he has many thousands of like admirers over the wide domain of this country. They as well as myself wish to acknowledge this feat of Mr. Weston's as the greatest in the walking line (all considered) ever undertaken or executed in this country. It really places Mr. Weston as the one great unapproachable athlete of the world. You will find imitators, and some will spring up who will try to do the same thing and to beat Weston's transcontinental time, but just watch the results. One will walk forty or fifty miles for three or four days, is behind Weston's schedule record, "steps on a rolling stone and sprains his ankles," and gives up the walk and goes back home. Another one "yaps" about it for six months in the papers in advance, starts out, gets about 200 miles, is behind Weston's record, meets some good friends in some John Barleycorn town, and winds up in a Keeley cure or a sanitarium. Another one reverses the route and starts from San Francisco and intends to make the New York population "sit up and listen" when he arrives and look at the greatest "hiker" of them all. But alas! he gets as far as Utah and falls through a hole in the bridge of sighs!

Mr. Weston is in a class by himself. His many great achievements and records in the walking line will stand. His walk to 'Frisco may take him about six days longer than he calculated on, but if the roads had been more appropriate and even and less deep mud and less strong headwinds and better feed he would, in all probability, have reached 'Frisco over five days ahead of time.

CARL TEMPLE.

Middletown, N. Y., July 13, 1909.

ARREST OF UNEMPLOYED.

Police Might Better Try to Find Work for Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's paper I note the account of the police raid on the unemployed. Eighty-two inoffensive tailors were arrested whose only crime seems to have been that they were out of work. Since when has it been a crime in our city to be out of work? If unemployment is a crime, then is not the city bound to furnish work to those who seek it? Could injustice go further than the taking of the last dollar from men who were already face to face with starvation?

I suggest that in future, when policemen find inoffensive citizens out of employment that they spend their time helping such men to find employment. As a taxpayer I should consider that a far better use of the policeman's time than that spent in arresting and prosecuting the innocent.

As a layman in the law, too, I confess I am wholly unable to understand how any Judge can reconcile his sense of justice with a decision to fine a workless fellow-citizen for the commendable business of looking for a job.

LEON ADDISON HARVEY.

Brooklyn, July 14, 1909.

IMMIGRANTS' CASH.

Enforcement of $25 Requirement Aims to Catch Labor Vote?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder how many of our "deporters" and law makers, including the officious Mr. Williams, would be glorious Americans if their parents were compelled to have $25 each when they landed at Castle Garden or elsewhere?

We hear a great deal of talk (in America) about this country being the champion of the oppressed, and we certainly did spend a lot of money and some lives interfering in Cuba and the Philippine Islands for which we get no thanks from the people affected. The deporting of these poor, hard working people who have spent the savings of a lifetime to bring themselves and their families here in the hope of bettering their condition is certainly oppression of the vilest sort, and is mainly done in the mad effort of our thieving politicians to play to the galleries of the labor unions.

It is about time for us to throw off the veil of hypocrisy and remove the statue of Liberty to some other part of the world.

AMERICAN.

Edgemere, L. I., July 13, 1909.

ORGAN-GRINDERS' MUSIC.

Disturbing to People at Work in Offices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to add my protest to the noises of the city. I am particularly susceptible to noises and yet I am obliged to sit at the open window on the first floor of a large office building which is exposed on three streets, and around which the organ grinders love to congregate. Hardly has one moved around the corner than the next one comes along, grinding out on organs more or less—usually more—out of tune the latest strains of the harrowing songs so popular nowadays. I am a stenographer and can hardly understand what my employers dictate, and in consequence of these noises am on the verge of nervous prostration. I often see from my window the police "shooing" a string of pushcartmen to the stationhouse, who are quiet and inoffensive and only looking to make an honest living, while the organ grinders are nothing but a lot of nerve-wracking beggars in every sense of the word.

AN ADVOCATE OF LESS NOISE.

New York, July 13, 1909.

CITY LABORER'S DEFENSE.

Inefficiency of Workmen Due to Hunger and Poverty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some letters have appeared in your paper under recent dates in regard to the gangs employed in the Department of Highways and the Bureau of Street Opening, Paving, and Repaving. Many of those men are very hungry and scarce able to perform their duties. They have three weeks' pay coming to them this Friday. When we first go into the department we have to work two weeks before we get any pay; then we only get one week; the other week is always kept back. Many of us have large families to support, and cannot get the necessities of life for our loved ones. Our rent is back and bills are staring us in the face. These people get angry and won't hardly believe we don't get our pay. It was a hard Winter, and we had very little work. Everything has gone to the pawnshop which we could dispose of. Will you look to our welfare? You did not know our deplorable condition when you put those letters in your paper. The men are afraid to say a word to any one for fear they will get fired.

New York, July 13, 1909. CITY LABORER.

Fruit Monopoly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While advocating the breaking and prosecuting of the various trusts which at present both monopolize and threaten the ultimate ruination of the country, I would respectfully call your attention to a trust that has for years been thriving and fattening upon the people, and which is, to my mind, one of the very worst of them all, and which, strange to say, has remained immune from criticism and prosecution, namely, the United Fruit Company.

Where in former years one could purchase a basket of peaches for 15 cents or 25 cents, and other fruits in proportion, to-day the prices range all the way from 75 cents to $1.50, practically pinching by such prohibitive prices actual necessities to the people in the class of luxuries. Don't you think it is about time that summary and swift action should be meted out to such an outrageous monopoly as this?

GEORGE DAY.

New York, July 13, 1909.

HERE'S A CHANCE FOR WORK.

Offer of Employment for Those Over 50 from Mr. Conklin.

Among the communications to THE TIMES yesterday regarding work for men and women over 50 in need of employment was an offer from Mr. Conklin of 640 Madison Avenue, who can place half a dozen carpenters, painters, and other craftsmen over 50 years old, at current wages, if they can do the work. Mr. Conklin will doubtless be able to get all the men he can use, for among those advertising in THE TIMES on the three Sundays on which these advertisements have been printed were capable artisans and painters, according to their representations.

Some idea may be gained of how keenly the need of such a campaign as THE TIMES has been conducting is felt from this letter, received yesterday:

> The generous work you are doing in aiding the man and woman over 50 has interested me greatly. To-day a man, well bred and refined, rang my bell and offered needles for sale. He said his age was against his getting employment. I told him of THE TIMES'S free advertisements of fifty words. He had not heard of it. I also gave him the page containing Sunday's advertisements and to-day's TIMES, in which was the sermon preached yesterday. He said: "Thank God! At last some one is willing to help. But, Madam, I am 68 and I fear beyond THE TIMES'S age limit."
>
> I said: "No, you are not. You read those advertisements and I know you'll be helped if you will try." He tried to speak and only stammered: "I must have been sent to you."
>
> He refused the little money I offered and only took what the needles cost—10 cents—insisting upon my taking the needles. I am so thankful our best New York paper has started this work and hope others will follow.

THE TIMES will publish on Sunday free of charge all advertisements from employers who can give work to men or women over fifty. Such advertisements may be sent to the main office, Times Building, Times Square; the downtown office, 8 Spruce Street, or the Wall Street office, 80 Broadway.

HILL PREDICTS PROSPERITY.

Tariff Out of Way, Times Will Be as Good as Under McKinley, He Says.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—"As soon as the tariff is out of the way," said James J. Hill, who yesterday was one of President Taft's callers, "this country will enjoy a prosperity which will at least equal, if it does not surpass, that it knew under the McKinley Administration.

"Last month I traveled extensively through the West, and I never saw such activity among the farmers. Everywhere I made inquiry and learned and saw that the crops were abundant and that the farmers were satisfied. Signs of the financial depression of 1907 are fast fading.

"Freight cars will be at a premium within a few weeks. We of the railroad world judge the prosperity of the Nation as much by the number of idle cars as anything else. Throughout the past year there have been thousands idle, but they will soon be rolling about the country filled with freight."

Mr. Hill says he expects to return to the St. Lawrence later in the Summer and resume his fishing.

THOUSANDS IN ELKS' PARADE.

Pageant Two Miles in Length Witnessed by Great Throng in Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 15.—With many gorgeous floats in line, scores of marching Elks clubs and drill corps moved to-day through the streets of Los Angeles. The marchers passed a mass of flags and bunting that fronted all the business houses and swung across the thoroughfares. The pageant was more than two miles in length.

Arizona lodges had at their head a band of Indian musicians from the Indian schools of Arizona. Spokane lodge members wore costumes to represent soldiers of the Continental Army, and behind them they dragged old-fashioned cannon used by Washington's army in the Revolution.

The four lodges of Riverside, Pomona, San Bernardino, and Redlands marched together in orange-colored uniforms. San Pedro, Cal., had a full-rigged ship manned by sailors in uniform, typifying the harbor city.

BOSTON BANKS TO COMBINE.

Metropolitan National and Atlantic Institutions Will Consolidate.

BOSTON, July 15.—An agreement of Directors to consolidate the Metropolitan National Bank of this city with the Atlantic National Bank was announced in a notice sent to-day to the shareholders of each institution. The business of the Metropolitan National will be liquidated.

The Atlantic, which is one of the oldest National banks in Boston, was incorporated in 1828. It has a capital of $750,000 and deposits of $3,669,873. The Metropolitan National was chartered in 1875, with $500,000 capital, and its deposits aggregated $1,411,283.

DARTMOUTH'S NEW HEAD.

Guidance of College Passes from Dr. Tucker to Prof. Nichols.

HANOVER, N. H., July 15.—This being the date set, Dartmouth College passed from the guidance of William Jewett Tucker to Ernest Fox Nichols of Columbia to-day without ceremony. The formal installation exercises will be held next October, when the student body returns.

President Nichols was absent from Hanover, and ex-President Tucker planned to pass the day at his home, a short distance from the college.

The Kind of Mayor Needed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We want no more greenhorn government. The idea of nominating a Federal office holder or a dry goods merchant or a stock broker or a manufacturer who has never had any experience in the City Government is preposterous. The many taxpayers' organizations and the Committee of One Hundred and the Citizens' Union are taking such an active part in the city campaign that it is certainly safe to say the Fusion forces will select a man thoroughly qualified for the great office of Mayor. It may not be vital to select a man who has held office under the City Government, although that would be very desirable. But all Republicans must take notice that the independent voters and the rent-payers and taxpayers who are organized for better government will insist upon a candidate whose public or private record is a guarantee that he would seize and solve the many complex problems that will embarrass the next Mayor.

AN ENROLLED REPUBLICAN.

New York, July 12, 1909.

GOING SOME.

Time was, when people, forced to walk
A few short blocks, would never balk,
Nor deem a half-mile trip so far
They must needs take a trolley car.

Bicycles now in cobwebs lurk,
For pedalling's so much like work
That motorcycles took their place,
And autos skim the roads apace.

Few rowers now are found afloat,
For each must own his motor boat.
Action, 'twould seem, has had its day:
So runs (or rides) the world away.

But look! Despising all his years,
The Apostle of the Walk appears!
His years—the allotted time for men,
The Psalmist says—three-score and ten!

Through calm and storm his way he's traced,
O'er shimmering track and trackless waste;
Through deserts where the hot sand blows,
Through high Sierras' melting snows;

Now palms and orchids greet his view,
And there, old 'Frisco rises new!
The Golden Gate stands open wide
For Edward Payson Weston's stride!

G. H. ANDERSON.

BANKERS IN CONTEST FOR STATE OFFICERS

Opposition to Lyford Because of His Indorsement of Plan to Guarantee Deposits.

TWO CANDIDATES PROPOSED

Tefft Talks of Returning Prosperity, and Watts Advises Closer Relations with the People.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 15.—The State Bankers' Association began its sixteenth annual convention at the United States Hotel here to-day. A contest for the Presidency by the friends of two candidates began at once that grew to open argument on the floor of the meeting hall, and continued during the afternoon and evening in quiet conferences and buttonholings of delegates.

E. S. Tefft of Syracuse, the retiring President, would, if the usual course were followed, be succeeded by F. E. Lyford of Waverly, the Vice President. But there was an attempt to change the procedure and to elect Alexander Gilbert, head of the Market and Fulton National Bank of New York, President, with Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank of New York, Vice President.

The point of attack upon Mr. Lyford's candidacy was that he wrote an article in advocacy of Government guarantee of bank deposits some time before the election for President.

The nominating committee, which usually reports at the opening session, begged leave this mirning to repirt to-morrow, and spent the afternoon in executive session. Early in the day it was said that this committee, composed of a delegate from each of the eight groups in the State, stood four to four for Lyford and Gilbert, and that Mr. Gilbert had wired from New York that he would take the Presidency if the nomination were unanimous, but not otherwise. After three hours of conference the committee adjourned, and it was learned that five of the eight had voted for Mr. Lyford and that his name would be presented to the convention to-morrow morning.

While Mr. Lyford's advocacy of the guarantee of deposits has not been withdrawn, his friends say that he believes it to be impossible now and is no longer talking about it.

Neither Mr. Gilbert nor Mr. Vanderlip was here to-day.

Later another candidate for the Presidency appeared in the field. Groups of members representing New York, Albany, and Buffalo will make a fight to-morrow for Ledyard Cogswell of Albany for President. The committee met again later in the day and nominated Bradford Rhoades of New York for Vice President and William J. Henry for Secretary.

There was a struggle in the open session over the proposition to have a paid Secretary for the association. The proposition to make the Secretaryship a paid office was so strongly opposed that it was withdrawn, but the Executive Council of the association, after an investigation, favors it, and it may come later.

In his annual address President Tefft expressed satisfaction over the election of President Taft and the general business outlook.

"I believe," he said, "that we can now pursue the even tenor of our ways in tranquillity. Although the return of prosperity may seem slow, it will be the more permanent. By the enactment of new and wise laws greater protection has been thrown around our financial institutions. While in some instances they may seem harsh and arbitrary, we must not lose sight of the general good that has been accomplished."

F. O. Watts of Nashville, Tenn., Chairman of the Executive Council of the American Bankers' Association, said to-day in a speech that there exists throughout every State a public distrust of bankers for which the bankers themselves and not banking conditions are responsible. He criticised bank officers because they have refused to come into closer contact with the people. Because of this, he said, public suspicion has centralized at times in agitations for free silver, a postal savings bank system, and guarantee by the Government of savings bank deposits.

The project of a postal savings bank was strongly criticised by Lucius Teter of Chicago, Chairman of the Postal Savings Bank Committee. He characterized it as "another patch on the crazy quilt of our financial legislation."

Nearly 400 bankers are at the convention from all over the Union. The members of the American Bankers' Association present to-day organized by electing Bradford Rhoades of New York Chairman and Lawrence L. Gillespie of New York Secretary. E. S. Tefft, the retiring President of the New York Association, was made a member of the Executive Council of the American Bankers' Association.

The annual dinner was held at night. The speakers were E. T. Brackett, Cresswell McLaughlin, Col. F. O. Watts, Clark Williams, State Superintendent of Banking; Lucius Teter of Chicago, and William M. Kingsley of New York.

CROP CONDITIONS ALARMING.

Drought Must Be Broken Soon, Says Horticulturist Atwood.

ALBANY, July 15.—Although a light rainfall to-night relieved conditions somewhat in this vicinity, the crops of the State are in an alarming condition, as the result of the lack of rain and a material shrinkage has been noted, according to State Horticulturist George Atwood.

"Copious rains are necessary if the crops are to recover," said Mr. Atwood. "The whole State area seems to be affected as the result of a lack of moisture. A drought at this time of year is particularly bad. Had it come in August, the result would not have been so detrimental."

Among the crops mentioned as being affected are corn, starwberries, tomatoes, raspberries, and in fact all the market garden crops. Oats will be short and hay is reported as being below normal. Strawberries are now practically unobtainable, and the early crop of raspberries has been checked.

R. D. EVANS LEFT $12,000,000.

Entire Fortune of President Taft's Landlord Goes to His Widow.

SALEM, Mass., July 15.—The will of Robert D. Evans, President Taft's Summer landlord, who died last week as the result of injuries received by a fall from a horse, left his whole estate, valued at $12,000,000, to his widow, according to information made public when the will was filed in the Probate Court this afternoon. Upon Mrs. Evans's death the estate is to be divided between his heirs and hers.

Mr. Evans, besides owning Woodberry Point, President Taft's Summer home, was a large holder of other real estate and mining properties.

Famous Harvard Bridge Unsafe.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 15.—The famous Harvard Bridge connecting Cambridge and Boston was declared to be unsafe in a report made to-day by a commission of Boston and Cambridge engineers, and announcement was made that work would be started on Monday next to strengthen the structure. The commission finds that all of the iron and steel beams of the bridge, which is nearly three-quarters of a mile long, will have to be replaced by new ones, at the same time the draw will be elevated slightly, and new surfacing will be put on. The Boston elevated railway company, which operates its cars across the bridge, is ordered to install new rails and new supports.

WESTON MAY WALK BACK TO NEW YORK

Would Retrace Steps If Sufficient Lecture Engagements Could Be Arranged.

RETURN TRIP IN 100 DAYS

Friends Oppose Proposed Walk, but Pedestrian Says It Would Keep Him Young and Healthy.

Written exclusively for THE NEW YORK TIMES By EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 15.—Having completed my walk from New York City to San Francisco last night, and enjoyed a restful sleep, I walked to the Post Office Building here this morning and delivered to Postmaster Fiske of San Francisco a letter which I carried in my walk from Postmaster Morgan of New York City. I received a cordial greeting from Postmaster Fiske and his subordinates.

A pleasant incident of my arrival at Oakland last night was the hearty welcome and congratulations extended to me by officials and employes of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. This company did so much for me that I fail to find words to express my appreciation.

Regarding my feelings and condition I would say that I feel like uttering bitter words, but do not feel inclined to make excuses.

I have received hundreds of letters and telegrams congratulating me on my wonderful achievement, and each one makes me wish I deserved it. Full of vigor and strength, I am disappointed that the elements were against me, and I frankly acknowledge that had it not been for the unbounded kindness of the officers and employes of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, I should not have dared to come further than Ogden, Utah. I practically had the right of way on the railroad, and every engineer tooted the whistle on his engine as it passed me.

I contend I walked a distance of upward of 4,000 miles in 104 days and 5 hours, and while it exceeds the distance between New York and San Francisco nearly 700 miles, and far excels any previous record, yet technically it is a failure, and I do not feel inclined to close my public career with a failure.

The expenses of this walk were upward of $2,500. Some dozen prominent cities in the East have made offers to arrange for testimonial lectures on my return, not only to help liquidate my financial loss, but to show that my object lesson in the journey, in striving to elevate in popular esteem the exercise of walking, is appreciated.

If within the next two weeks I shall receive assurances from a sufficient number of cities and towns between Omaha and New York that they will arrange for lectures and send such word to me in care of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, San Francisco, then I will try to prove myself worthy of their confidence and esteem by showing how easy it is for any one to walk from San Francisco to New York by direct route within 100 secular days.

There are three very dear friends who energetically oppose this extra walk, but when I convince them that it is my only salvation, and that it would still keep me young and healthy, I know they will fall in with my plans.

Meanwhile the only trouble I have is an awful appetite.

EDWARD PAYSON WESTON.

C. W. WATSON RETURNS HOME.

Owner of Fairmont Farms Brings Back Many Trophies.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Watson arrived here yesterday on the White Star liner Adriatic. Mr. Watson is the owntr of the Fairmont Farms, West Virginia, and won more than fifty ribbons, including two championships, with his famous high-stepping harness horses at the recent Olympia International Horse Show in London.

Mr. Watson drove in the amateur classes, while Mrs. Watson drove in the ladies' classes. She was very successful in the ring, her driving materially contributing to the stable's success.

The Watson horses, including Lord Baltimore, Lady Baltimore, My Maryland, My Maryland II., Norena, Kitty Grey, and Ringing Bells, arrived last week under the care of George Winterbottom, who is preparing them for the Bay Shore and Long Branch shows, where they will be exhibited.

MRS. ASHCROFT NOT SEEN.

Former Secretary, Whom Mark Twain Is Suing, Did Not Call on Novelist.

Special to The New York Times.

REDDING, Conn., July 15.—Mrs. Ralph W. Ashcroft, a former secretary of Mark Twain, who is being sued by the author for $4,000, and who has just got back from England, where she was on her honeymoon, did not see Mark Twain to-day, nor has she yet come back to her home here.

Miss Clemens and Mr. Clemens's secretary saw a TIMES reporter at Stormfield, the novelist's home, and said that Mr. Clemens would have nothing further to say about the matter, which was in the hands of his lawyer.

Miss Mathews to Wed July 24.

The marriage of Miss Isabel Rutherford Mathews, youngest daughter of Mrs. John Rutherford Mathews, to William V. Mason, Jr., of Virginia, will take place on the afternoon of Saturday, July 24, at the residence of the bride's mother, Van Cortlandt Manor, Croton-on-Hudson.

Social Notes.

Mrs. John Bishop Putnam will give a reception at her residence Bonnie Haven, Rye, N. Y., to-morrow afternoon, to meet the Countess Lerchenfeld.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius N. Bliss are at Seal Harbor, Me., to remain all Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins, who have been spending some time in Alaska, have taken a house in the White Mountains, where they will remain till the end of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Greenleaf Sykes, who have spent part of the Summer in Burlington, Vt., and left recently for abroad, will not return till Autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund A. Hurry have closed their town house, 122 East Thirty-ninth Street, and are at their country place Clifton, Barclay Heights, Saugerties, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Trevor are spending a few weeks at Bar Harbor, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. William Crittenden Adams are at the North Country Club, Glen Cove, L. I., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Candler are at the Seaside Inn, Seal Harbor, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Breeden of Santa Barbara, Cal., are at the St. Regis.

José R. Barrios and his son, Manuel Raoul Barrios, will sail on the Arabic to spend a few months in Europe.

Dr. Egerton S. Jackson and Mrs. Jackson of 114 West Seventieth Street left town yesterday for Haines Falls, N. Y., to spend several weeks.

Mrs. Charles Auerbach of New York has returned from Elberon and will spend the remainder of the Summer in the Catskills.

Mr. and Mrs. William Kent are at the Gibert cottage in Newport for the Summer.

Mrs. Alfred Morris has Miss Susan L. Bruce of Philadelphia as her guest for a few days at Narragansett Pier.

Among those at the St. Regis are Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Strawbridge and Col. and Mrs. James Elverson of Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Appleton Robbins will sail for Europe this week to remain until the Autumn.

DR. HUNTINGTON ILL.

Grace Church Rector at His Son-in-law's Home, Nahant, Mass.

The Rev. Dr. William R. Huntington, rector of Grace Church, is seriously ill in the home of his son-in-law, Royal Robbins, at Nahant, Mass., where he has been spending the Summer. In response to a message inquiring the condition of the rector, this telegram was received yesterday from Mr. Robbins by THE TIMES:

Dr. Huntington is seriously ill at Nahant. The trouble is in the stomach and intestines. No change last few days.
ROYAL ROBBINS.

Dr. Huntington has been spending the Summer with his daughter and son-in-law because of the absence in Europe of Miss Margaret W. Huntington, another daughter, who has been his constant companion since the death of Mrs. Huntington. Dr. Huntington's Summer home is at Inchcape, North East Harbor, Me., but he was unwilling to remain there alone this Summer and consequently went to Nahant.

His present trouble is attributed largely to overwork. He celebrated his twenty-fifth anniversary as rector of Grace Church last November, and asked then that he be permitted to resign from active service. In response to a unanimous demand of the vestry and congregation, he withdrew this resignation.

AMERICAN POLOISTS DINED.

Lord Valentia Says "They Had Opened the Eyes of England."

LONDON, July 15.—The Meadow Brook polo team, who won the American Cup recently, were at a dinner at the Hotel Ritz to-night as the guests of the Hurlingham Polo Club. Viscount Valentia presided, and among others present were the Duke of Westminster, Lord Shrewsbury, and the leading English polo players.

Lord Valentia, in proposing a toast to the guests of honor, said that the Americans had opened the eyes of England, and that they would leave the country with the best wishes of every British sportsman.

MRS. SAGE ADDS TO GIFT.

Authorizes Laying Out of Play and Athletic Grounds in Sag Harbor Park.

Mrs. Russell Sage, who has already expended more than $50,000 on a park and playground for Sag Harbor, L. I., has authorized, through her representative, Lawyer De Forrest of Manhattan, further improvements to cost many thousands more. Mr. De Forrest has been at Sag Harbor conferring about improvements with the Park Commissioners.

Some recommendations approved include the laying out of tennis, handball, tether ball courts; an athletic ground, and improvements to the present buildings.

Jermain Library, also a gift to Sag Harbor from Mrs. Sage, is half completed, and the new railroad station, toward which she contributed a large sum, is going up rapidly.

NEW STEP IN SHUBERT WAR.

Their Merger with Klaw & Erlanger Dissolved in Trenton.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 15.—The United States Amusement Company, known as the merger of the Klaw & Shubert theatrical interests, which was chartered on April 26, 1907, was dissolved to-day in the office of the Secretary of State.

There was some surprise here when this dissolution of the theatrical merger was filed, although the New York dispatches have stated that fresh trouble began two days ago and that it was then decided to dissolve the corporation that controlled the majority of the theatres and theatrical productions in the East.

Officers of the dissolved company were A. L. Erlanger, President; Lee Shubert, Vice President; Marc Klaw, Treasurer; Louis F. Werba, Assistant Treasurer; James P. McGovern, Secretary; Directors—the before mentioned officers and Jacob L. Shubert, New York; Al Hayman, New York; Moses Reis, New York; George B. Cox, Cincinnati; Joseph L. Rhinock and William E. Holmwood, Newark. The authorized capital of the dissolved company was $1,000,000.

It was stated last night by a member of the Klaw & Erlanger firm that the dissolving of the United States Amusement Company was simply the last step in the winding up of the affairs of the advanced vaudeville agreement which was formed two years ago between Klaw & Erlanger and the Shuberts, whereby the latter were to present popular price attractions at some of the formers' theatres.

According to Klaw & Erlanger, the Shuberts broke their contract, which was to run for fifteen years, and both firms mutually agreed to withdraw from the amusement company. The dissolution also marks the end of the last ties which existed between the two theatrical firms now at war with each other.

Savage's "The Gay Hussars" Produced.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 15.—Henry W. Savage presented "The Gay Hussars" at the Apollo Theatre here for the first time in America, and a crowded house received it with much applause. The chorus is large and pretty, and the music unusually good. It will stay here for the rest of the week, and then go to New York. Col. Savage and a number of New York theatrical managers are here, and were greatly elated with the production.

Fred Griffin Ross Divorced.

On the recommendation of the referee a decree of divorce was granted to Leona Ross from Fred Griffin Ross, a theatrical manager, by Supreme Court Justice Bischoff yesterday. The decree carries with it $15 a week alimony. They were married fifteen years ago, and have two daughters.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Rehearsals of "Nearly a President," the new McIntyre and Heath show, with which Klaw & Erlanger will open the Circle Theatre on Aug. 30, began yesterday at the Aerial Gardens. The principals in the company are Julian Rose, Mabel Sealby, Toby Lyons, Alfred Fisher, Marion Stanley, John H. Pratt, Carl McCullough, Lena Merville, Jane Burby, Fletcher Norton, Adele Rowland, and Otto Johnson.

Marie Nordstrom will resume her part of Portia Perkins in "Mary Jane's Pa" when Henry E. Dixey begins his tour next season.

Louise Rial has been engaged by Henry B. Harris for one of the leading parts in James Bernard Fagan's play, "The Earth," in which Edmund Breese will star next season.

Three brass bands will play at the annual theatrical field day in aid of the Home for Destitute Crippled Children at the Polo Grounds on Thursday afternoon, July 29. The bands will parade from the New Amsterdam Theatre to the Polo Grounds.

Miss Louise Founds, whom Charles Frohman has engaged for one of the important parts in "The Dollar Princess," is the sister of Courtice Founds, the English comedian. The principal singling parts in all the musical comedies written by Leslie Stuart, have been sung in London by Miss Founds for several seasons.

Nance Gwyn has engaged Karl W. Schulz as musical director of her new dance creation, "Dawn," which will have its first presentation in this city early in August.

There will be a benefit for the Sunnyside Association at the Herald Square Theatre on Sunday evening, July 25. A vaudeville, concert, and entertainment bill will be presented.

While stepping from the porch of her home at Centre Moriches, L. I., on Wednesday, Henrietta Crosman sprained her ankle.

The stars of the William Morris vaudeville houses will appear at a benefit to be given at the Deal Beach Casino on Saturday evening, July 24, for the Hebrew Infant Asylum of this city.

An Unexpected Gift

enables me to send you $10 towards making a few sick folk better.

Every such letter makes it possible for us to give a whole week of rest, change, good food and invigorating air at Sea Breeze to four invalids.

There are hundreds of whose need we are sure. Gifts large or small may be sent to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 East 22nd St., New York.

N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

DUMA IS USELESS, BERNSTEIN SAYS

Czar's Empire Still Autocratic, the Sultan's Wildly Radical, Says the Novelist.

REGENERATION IN TURKEY

But Peril Lies in a Possible Uprising of the Old Sultan's Fanatical Followers.

Herman Bernstein, the novelist, arrived home yesterday on the White Star steamship Adriatic, from a trip abroad of several months, much of which time he spent studying conditions in Turkey and Russia.

"The reaction in Russia, notwithstanding the visits exchanged between the Czar and other European rulers, is going crescendo," he said. "Russia is continuing brazenly its policy of discrediting the principle of representative government by the people by lashing the Duma into submission, thus showing that it cannot accomplish anything. In high places as well as in low, the people are frank in condemnation of the Duma, which is more servile now than a year ago, when I last visited Russia.

"But while Russia, in its last desperate efforts to maintain the old form of government, is gradually revoking the so-called Constitution, the Government is sending troops to Persia under the pretext of forcing the Shah to maintain the Constitution.

"The recent meeting between Kaiser Wilhelm and the Czar attracted very little attention in Russia. The people of Russia were far more interested in the meeting of Russia's two greatest men, Prof. Metchnikoff and Count Tolstoy, which took place at the same time at Yasnaya Polyana. Prof. Metchnikoff, the head of the Pasteur Institute in Paris, the greatest living bacteriologist, and Count Tolstoy, the greatest living novelist, are the two men who have done more to uplift the prestige of the Russian people than the Russian Government has done to discredit it, and everybody in Russia realizes that something must be hopelessly wrong with the Government, since Metchnikoff comes only to visit his fatherland, while he is honored and encouraged by France as her leading scientist, and Tolstoy is only tolerated by the Russian Government because of his international popularity.

"From Russia I went to Turkey. I met the leading men of new Turkey and marveled at the change. The rapidity with which Turkey has been regenerated at first gives one the impression of a comic opera. The heroes, to be sure, are in earnest, but they are so naïve in their methods and their enthusiasm runs riot. The Young Turks make use of 'the big stick' everywhere, in the various Governmental departments and even in Parliament. No factions, no parties, no committees are tolerated except the Union and Progress Committee—that of the Young Turks. It is just as dangerous to speak of reaction in Turkey at present as it is to speak of revolution in Russia.

"The great problem before the new régime in Turkey is how to please Europe and introduce reforms without irritating Islam.

"The Young Turks have the situation well under hand now. Gen. Chefket Pasha is the dictator of Turkey. Constantinople is under a state of siege, but an ominous nervousness is still felt. It is believed in many quarters in Turkey that the generosity of the Young Turks in granting Abdul Hamid his life may still cost the lives of thousands of people, for there is still a strong reactionary party, and as long as the old Sultan lives imprisoned in the villa Alatini, in Salonica, his followers may, like Heine's Grenadiers, long secretly to liberate the Khalif of Turkey—'Der Kaiser, der Kaiser gefangen!'"

CONDEMNS RUSSIAN ATTITUDE

F. B. Harrison Says We Should Act Because of Jews' Treatment.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 15.—Congressman Francis Burton Harrison of New York addressed the Jewish Chautauqua Society here to-night on the subject of "Our Duty to Our Citizens Abroad." Mr. Harrison spoke at length on the attitude of the Russian Government toward Jews, both naturalized and American born, and the efforts that have been made through diplomatic channels to obtain recognition of their rights as American citizens.

"Let our Ambassador in St. Petersburg be instructed to demand peremptorily that this insulting process to our citizens cease at once," said he. "Let him say so plainly and frankly and let him speak so loud that the Czar on the throne will hear.

"If, with insidious cunning, the Russian diplomatists can twist a clause of our treaty into fancied permission to maltreat American citizens, let us renounce this treaty. Let us call upon our Administration for prompt and vigorous action."

Pouren League to Aid Mexican Fugitives.

Trades unions and Socialist organizations in this and other cities received an appeal yesterday from the Political Refugee Defense League, formed after the demand by the Russian Government for the extradition of Pouren and Rudowitz, asking for co-operation to prevent the extradition of Calixto Guerra and other Mexican revolutionists from the United States. The evidence against them, it says, shows they are no more criminals than Pouren and Rudowitz.

FEDERAL INSURANCE CONTROL

A. I. Vorys for National Department in Charge of Inter-State Business.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 15.—An unusually interesting session of the International Association of Accident Underwriters was held here to-day. Among the speakers was Arthur I. Vorys, formerly State Superintendent of Insurance for Ohio and active in the Taft campaign of last Fall. In his address he suggested a Federal insurance department, "competent, and having exclusive power to regulate all companies transacting business outside their own States and governed by laws enacted by the Congress of the United States."

Mr. Vorys said that a Federal department of insurance "capable of keeping a close inspection on the financial conditions and business operations of all insurace companies would unquestionably give more assurance to the people respecting the stability and character of all companies than they now have under separate departments. It would result, also, in a large decrease in the cost of supervision, and, therefore, lessen the insurance burden on the people."

LINER STICKS IN MUD.

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm Aground Four Hours—Freed by the Tide.

The North German Lloyd Line steamship Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, which sailed from Hoboken yesterday morning for Bremen, spent most of the morning in the mud on the edge of the Ambrose Channel. She went aground at 10:45 o'clock while passing out to sea and remained fast until 2:30 o'clock, when she floated on the rising tide without assistance, and went on her way undamaged.

As soon as news was received at the company's office here that the big liner was aground tugs were dispatched down to her help. The flotilla was in command of Port Capt. Moeller. When he got down the bay his help was not needed.

The Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm carries 317 first, 197 second, and 532 third class passengers.

CONSUL AFTER HIM.

Edwin Emerson, the Writer, Doesn't Know Why, but Feels He's Injured.

Edwin Emerson, the magazine writer on South American topics, has been summoned to appear in the Tombs Police Court to-day to face a charge brought against him by Raymon Bengoechea, Guatemalan Consul General in this city. What the charge is Mr. Emerson doesn't know, although he visited the court yesterday and tried to find out. Mr. Bengoechea refused to tell a TIMES reporter last night why he had had Mr. Emerson summoned to court. Mr. Emerson supposed the trouble must have arisen out of a series of articles on Central American countries he recently contributed to Uncle Sam's Magazine.

One of these articles dealt with affairs in Guatemala and appeared in the June issue of the magazine. To the surprise of W. D. Walker, editor of the magazine, and other officials connected with it, the entire issue disappeared from the newsstands three days after publication. Investigation, according to Mr. Emerson, disclosed that somebody had bought up the entire issue, saying that he did so for the Consul General.

Mr. Walker immediately applied for an injunction restraining the Consul from adopting similar methods with regard to the July issue, which contained a continuation of Mr. Emerson's story. Judge Lacombe in the Federal Court refused the injunction on the ground that Mr. Bengoechea, besides being Consul here, was also Secretary of Legation in Washington, and was, therefore, a diplomat beyond the law.

The injunction refused, the magazine proprietors had to sit by and see their July issue gobbled up almost immediately after publication, with the result, they say, that their property as an advertising medium was rendered valueless.

In this situation Mr. Walker addressed a note to the State Department in Washington asking if some means of redress could not be found. To this he has not yet received an answer, but as though in reply there came to Mr. Emerson the summons sworn out before Magistrate Breen by Mr. Bengoechea, calling him to the Tombs Court.

Just what Mr. Bengoechea complains of is a mystery to Mr. Emerson. He asserts that everything contained in his articles on Guatemala is the subject of official record and beyond question as to fact. Both he and Mr. Walker feel that if any wrong has been done the boot is on the other foot.

SENATOR KILLED IN DUEL.

D. K. Smith Shoots Man Who Defended His Brother's Slayers.

Special to The New York Times.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 15.—State Senator Oscar O. Bayles, a lawyer of Monroeville, was shot and instantly killed in Monroeville this afternoon by David K. Smith in a duel resulting from alleged remarks made by Bayles in a hearing before the Pardon Board in the cases of Isaac and Jessie Shirley at Montgomery.

The Shirleys shot Jim Smith, a brother of D. K. Smith, some time ago. One year later Jim Smith died from the wound and the Shirleys were each sentenced to four years in the penitentiary, mainly upon the evidence of Mrs. James Smith, the wife of the dead man and a sister of the Shirleys.

Bayles, representing the Shirleys in their petition for a pardon, asked questions during the hearing before the board that angered Smith.

The shooting occurred at the first meeting of the men after their return from Montgomery. It is understood that Bayles walked up to Smith on a platform in front of a drug store and said: "You are looking for me, are you not?" Bystanders did not hear Smith's reply, but it is said Bayles suddenly struck Smith with his fist, knocking him from the platform to the sidewalk. Smith came up with a pistol in his hand and began shooting. Bayles returned the fire, each firing four shots. Bayles was struck by two bullets and died in a few minutes. It is understood that Smith's plea will be self-defense.

Senator Bayles represented the Twenty-first Senatorial District during the last three years.

WINS BEAUTY PRIZE AT 70.

Aged Woman of Pennsylvania Mining Town Takes Award from Young Aspirants.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—Mrs. Bridget Doyle of Cecil, a mining town, who is 70 years old, won the fifteenth prize in a beauty contest at the picnic of the St. Paul's Orphan Asylum at Kennywood Park to-day. There were 500 entrants, and Mrs. Doyle stepped proudly on the platform and faced Congressman James Francis Burke, Attorney William Breenen, and Editor Aleck P. Moore, who were the judges.

When her name was announced the judges said she was fairly entitled to the award, although the other contestants ranged from 16 to 25 years.

AFTER LACKAWANNA OFFICIALS

Will Be Charged with Not Paying Their Men Twice a Month.

NORWICH, N. Y., July 15.—A court officer will leave here to-night for New York to serve summonses on the principal officers of the Lackawanna Railroad, for a hearing here on July 24, at which they will be charged with violating the law that a railroad company must pay its employes twice each month.

The complaint is made by the State Department of Labor on the affidavits of seven local employes, who certified to-day that their pay for the first fifteen days of June was not received until July 10.

Sunnyside Association to Incorporate.

Application has been made to the Supreme Court for the incorporation of the Sunnyside Association, the object being to establish and maintain a Summer home and to provide for Summer outings for children and mothers. The five Directors for the first meeting are Dr. Daisy Williams of 127 Manhattan Avenue, William McAllister of 102 East 129th Street, William Trainor of 127 Manhattan Avenue, Franklin A. Devall of 116 East Ninety-second Street, and George D. Stokes of 231 West 114th Street.

Call on Hughes to Oust Haffen.

The Civic League of the Bronx, which organization instigated the charges against Borough President Haffen, sent a communication to Gov. Hughes yesterday asking him to order the removal of Mr. Haffen from the office he holds, in accordance with the recommendation made by Wallace Macfarlane, the Commissioner who presided at the hearings.

YALE SPORTS COST $107,397.

Receipts for 1907-8 Were Slightly More, Being $110,986.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 15.—The report of the Finance Committee of the four major sports at Yale shows that for 1907-8 the total receipts were $110,986.34 and the expenses $107,397.20. The football team was the biggest money maker, running $26,306.96 ahead of its expenses. The baseball team showed a slight increase of receipts over the expenses, while the track athletics and the crew ran far behind. The sum of $2,182.53 was expended on Yale field and $16,835.05 was used in the repair, maintenance, and building of new stands.

The largest football receipts were from the Princeton game, $28,991.55, and the Harvard game, $22,005.12. The baseball games with Harvard netted $15,086.32, while the Princeton games brought in $13,213.85. From the games with the New York Nationals $1,315.37 was received.

The receipts of the track association were $1,414.40, and the expenditures $13,079.38; the baseball team took in $33,161.30 and expended $29,041.25; the football team received $72,541.32 from their games, with the expenses $46,234.36, while the receipts of the crew were $3,869.32 and the expenses $19,042.21. The reserve fund at the end of the year amounts to $110,831.70.

The largest item of expense for the crew was the training table, for which $5,131.29 was expended. For traveling expenses for the four teams and their hotel bills $14,494.99 was paid out, while for shoes and repairs the football team expended $1,167.65. The sum of $500 was appropriated to the Olympic Games Fund.

DIDN'T FEAR GHOST BURGLARS

Surgeon Needed for Thieves Who Tried to Scare Mrs. Joyce.

Mrs. Mary Joyce, who keeps a rooming house at 204 Third Avenue, proved yesterday afternoon that she is not afraid of burglars, even when they assume the guise of ghosts. It was about 3 o'clock when Mrs. Joyce heard some one moving about in a room on the second floor. She knew that the man who rented the room was at his work, so she went upstairs to investigate.

When she opened the door a figure in white advanced from the half-darkened corner of the room. The curtains were drawn, and Mrs. Joyce could only see the apparition that confronted her dimly. As she entered the room a voice said:

"I'm a ghost. Look out, I'm going to disappear in a minute."

"So it's a ghost you are," replied Mrs. Joyce. "I'm pleased to meet you, Mr. Ghost, but what are you doing in my house?"

Before the ghost had a chance to make good his promise to disappear Mrs. Joyce picked up a heavy ebony night stick which had belonged to her husband when he was alive.

"Take that, you ghost!" said Mrs. Joyce, and she banged away with the nightstick. "I've seen ghosts in Ireland, but I never heard one howl like you before. Down on your knees, you ghost, or I'll give you some more."

Another man, who had been with him in the corner, came forward to help, and Mrs. Joyce knocked him down with a blow on the head.

Thomas Hudson, a boarder, stuck his head in the door.

"Need any help, Mrs. Joyce?" he inquired.

"Not to manage these ghosts," replied the wielder of the ebony stick. "You might get a policeman, though."

Detectives Stahl and Sullivan found Mrs. Joyce still controlling the situation. At the station house, where the prisoners were locked up, they described themselves as Albert Leitner, a cook of 438 East Twenty-third Street, and Peter Ellis of 438 East Twenty-third Street. Both were bruised about the head and body, and were treated by a Bellevue Hospital surgeon in the station house.

BRAVE RESCUE BY POLICEMAN.

McKee Jumps Into River Fully Clothed to Save a Man.

When Policeman Charles L. McKee of the Madison Street Station House heard late last night that a man had fallen into the East River from Pier 36 and was in danger of drowning, he jumped into the river without stopping to remove even his coat. On coming to the surface, McKee saw a young man struggling near him in the water. The policeman seized him and brought him to the end of the pier, where a rope was thrown to him, by which both were saved.

Both men were taken to Gouverneur Hospital in an ambulance, the policeman having a badly sprained back. The rescued man was Benjamin Landsman, a laborer, of 108 Essex Street. It is not known how he came to be in the river.

Obituary Notes.

BENJAMIN WILMOT HAGGARD, for the past three years disbursing officer of the United States House of Representatives, died in Algona, Iowa, on Wednesday of tuberculosis.

DAVID R. MILLER, one of the foremost business men of Middletown, N. Y., died there yesterday, aged 71. He was a large owner of real estate in Orange and Sullivan Counties, and had a large share in the building of the City of Middletown.

PETER J. VANDERVEER, the "original Republican of Flatbush," as he was known, died yesterday at his home, 1,159 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in the old Town of Flatbush 76 years ago, and was a direct descendant of the Vanderveers of Holland, who were among the first settlers there. He died in the house where he was born. It was built a few years after the war of the Revolution. Mr. Vanderveer was the organizer of the Republican organization in Flatbush. He was in the real estate business and was a bachelor.

AARON G. SMITH died on Tuesday night at his home in South Orange, N. J., at the age of 80. He had been a mason and builder, but retired many years ago. He was an Odd Fellow of fifty-one years' standing, and never missed a meeting of his order except when ill. He was one of four men to receive gold jewels from the Grand Lodge for fifty years' membership. He leaves a widow, a son, and two daughters.

Capt. EDWARD A. DOLBIER, long a member of the Newark Fire Department, died in his home in Newark, N. J., yesterday morning. He had been in the Fire Department since 1888. He leaves two sons.

Mrs. EMELINE STEVENSON, whose mother, Mrs. Daniel F. Tompkins, established the first Sunday school in Newark, N. J., died on Tuesday night at her home in East Orange, aged 87 years. She was the widow of George Stevenson. Her grandfather, George Tompkins, served in the Revolutionary War. She had lived in East Orange forty-three years, and leaves four daughters.

CHARLES L. MATSON, for eighteen years head waiter at Delmonico's, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at his home, 108 East Fifty-eighth Street, in his fortieth year. He was born in France, and came to this country twenty years ago, after having served for several years as steward on Atlantic steamships. He was Vice President of L'Amitie Society. He leaves a widow.

WALTER B. THOMPSON, a real estate broker in Manhattan, died in the Memorial Hospital at Morristown, N. J., on Wednesday, following an operation for appendicitis. He was 49 years old. His father was the late James Thompson of Bound Brook. He leaves a widow and two children.

Serge, the Ideal Summer Suit

Cool, featherweight Serge Suits, modelled on easy, graceful lines—the sort you'll appreciate these "Dog Days" of Summer. Blue or black—the kind of serge that wears well and long, without becoming shiny. $15, $18, $20, $22 and $25.

Special: *An exceptionally good blue or black Serge Suit—at $12.75. The very best value offered this season.*

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 st. at 8 Ave.

FATHER TYRRELL DEAD.

Priest Who Withdrew from Society of Jesus Receives Absolution.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 15.—Father George Tyrrell, whose sympathies with the modernist movement in the Catholic Church caused him to withdraw from the Society of Jesus and brought him into trouble at the Vatican, died this morning after an illness which began on July 6 and throughout which he remained partly inarticulate.

M. D. Petre, in whose house Father Tyrrell died, states that the priest of the Diocese of Southwark was called in because both Petre and Baron Friedrich von Hügel, one of his friends, were convinced that Father Tyrrell would wish to receive all the rites of the Catholic Church, that Father Tyrrell apparently made his confession to this priest and received conditional absolution, and that extreme unction was administered, communion being out of the question, owing to the absence of the power of swallowing. Father Tyrrell was conscious while extreme unction was being administered.

Father Tyrrell's intimate friend, Abbé Bremond, was present at the end and had an opportunity, in a moment of very clear consciousness the evening before his death, of speaking to Father Tyrrell and accepting such confession as he could make by signs and giving him his last absolution.

James Samuels Dead at 98.

James Samuels died on Wednesday at his home in Vineland, N. J., at the age of 98. He came to this country from England when a boy and became a machinist of exceptional ability. He saw the first steamboat built, helped to build the first railway carriage, and saw the first railroad track of any note laid. He went to Vineland when it was a forest and worked hard up to four years ago. He was hardly ever ill, and at ninety-six was working on an invention. For forty years he had manufactured shoes. He was the oldest man in this part of the country.

Robert Dickson.

Robert Dickson, an Assistant Secretary of the Fidelity Trust Company of this city, died at the Postgraduate Hospital on Wednesday, after a long illness. He was born in England thirty-eight years ago, and came to this country when a boy. He entered the employ of the Fourth National Bank, and subsequently became Treasurer of D. Appleton & Co. Later he was a National Bank Examiner. He became identified with the Fidelity Trust Company in 1907.

Want country board up the State? See Page 13.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BALDWIN.—July 10, to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Baldwin, a daughter.
ROTH.—July 12, to Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Roth, a daughter.
SCHAFFER.—July 14, to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schaffer, a son.
VOSBERG.—July 13, to Mr. and Mrs. Everet Vosberg, a daughter.

Married.

LUSK—BRIGHT.—July 14, at St. George's Church, Belfast, by the Rev. Thomas E. Thorpe, assisted by Rev. William Quin, the Rev. William B. Lusk, Chapel of the Incarnation, New York, to Edna, younger daughter of Mrs. William Bright, Ederderry, Portadown, County Armagh, Ireland.
SHIMBIRD—FRANK.—July 15, 1909, Sophia C. Frank to Harold I. Shimbird.
STEINAM—HEINEMANN.—On Thursday, July 15, at Warsau, Wis., Lita, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Heinemann, to Edward S. Steinam of New York.
VAUGHAN—PARSONS.—On Thursday, July 15, at the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I., Ethel Thorne Parsons, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ross Parsons, to Donald Cuyler Vaughan of Garden City.
DAMON—CAMPBELL.—July 14, Mabel E. Campbell to D. Everett Damon.
GURLICH—FRITZ.—July 14, Gertrude Fritz to George C. Gurlich.
MOHR—SKINNER.—July 9, Lillian Skinner to Walter M. Mohr.
STYLES—UTTER.—July 14, Minnia Utter to Francis H. Styles.

Died.

BAKER.—John Andrew, Jr., on July 15, 1909. Services July 16 at 8 P. M. at 454 East 119th St., Manhattan. Funeral private. Palmyra, Mo., papers please copy.
BALSINDE.—July 15, Juan Balsinde of Havana, Cuba. Services at The Funeral Church, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)
EVANS.—On July 15, 1909, at Clifton Springs, N. Y., in his 78th year, James Evans, M. D., of Florence, S. C.
HAYS.—At Ronkonkoma, L. I., on Thursday, July 15, 1909, Samuel Hays. Notice of funeral hereafter.
RICHARDS.—At Shelter Island, July 15, Caroline Dodd, wife of Leonard Richards and daughter of Amzi Dodd. Paris papers please copy.
ROBINSON.—On Wednesday, July 14, at Summit, N. J., Grace Pierce, infant daughter of Dr. John A. and Grace B. Robinson, in ninth month of her age. Service private.
SCHWAB.—On Wednesday, July 14, Gabriel Schwab, beloved husband of Henrietta and father of Ada. Funeral Friday, the 16th, at 10 A. M., from his late residence, 233 West 102d Street. Friends, relatives, and following societies and lodges are invited: Members of Temple Emanu-El, Emanuel Lodge No. 634, F. and A. M.; Scottish Rites Consistories, Mecca Temple Shriners, Standard Lodge No. 30, I. O. F. S. of L.; Eureka Lodge No. 177, I. O. O. F.; Manhattan Lodge No. 156, I. O. B. B.; Monroe Lodge No. 105, Rochester, N. Y.
STRASCHNOW.—July 14, 1909, Ida Straschnow, aged 42 years. Services at The Funeral Church, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.) Cremation at Rosehill Crematory, Linden, N. J.
TORTER.—On July 15, Eliza, widow of the late Joseph Torter, in her 70th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend Funeral services at 12:30 Sunday, July 18, at the residence of her son, Joseph H. Torter, 501 West 167th St. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.
VANDERVEER.—On July 15, 1909, Peter J. Vanderveer, son of the late Gertrude Van Alst and John Vanderveer. Funeral services from his late residence, 1,159 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.
WOOG.—At Atlantic City Hospital, Thursday, 2 o'clock, July 15, 1909, Benjamin B. Woog of 324 West 83d St., New York, aged 30. Funeral at Washington, Sunday morning. Washington papers please copy.
ATKINS.—Mary, 338 East 25th St., July 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
BECKWITH.—Emma B., New Haven, Conn., July 13.
BUTLER.—Frances I., Shelter Island Heights, July 15. Funeral private.
CONNERY.—Sarah E., July 14, aged 69. Funeral 171 8th Av.
DALE.—William, Milton, N. Y., June 14, aged 19.
DORR—Elsie, 49 Vernon St., New Haven, Conn., July 13.
DUMPHY.—Catherine, July 13. Funeral 874 Lexington Av.
EVANS.—Janet L., 1,730 Cruger Av., Van Nest, July 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.
FARMER.—Henrietta, 210 West 107th St., July 13.
FERRIER.—Agnes, New Haven, Conn., July 13, aged 54.
FLAGG.—John P., Tompkinsville, S. I., July 13.
FOOTE.—Cullen, Short Beach, Conn., July 12, aged 70.
FORD.—Catherine, 628 8th Av., July 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GOLDSMITH.—Isaac H., 1 West 101st St., July 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GORMAN.—Francis J., 500 West 172d St., July 14. Funeral notice later.
HANSCHELD.—George W., Scarsdale, N. Y., July 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
HAYNIA.—Lillian, 444 West 42d St., July 13, aged 24.
HEALY.—Mark F., Rockaway Beach, July 14. Funeral notice later.
HENRY.—Honora, 204 West 88th St., July 15

ROCKEFELLER IN WESTERN MARYLAND

Not Only a Stockholder, but Supporting the Proposed Plan for Readjustment.

CASH FOR NEW EQUIPMENT

The Road Has Paid Its Way During the Receivership and No Floating Debt Has Accumulated.

The success of the reorganization plan of the Western Maryland, official announcement of which is expected within the next few days, will be assured by the formation of an underwriting syndicate in which John D. Rockefeller is expected to have a large interest. He is already largely interested in the Western Maryland and he is understood to be lending his full support to the proposed plan of readjustment. The commission to be paid to the syndicate will amount, it is said, to about 1½ per cent. of the stock subscribed for by the syndicate, this being the cheapest underwriting of a reorganization plan which bankers could recall yesterday.

The new Western Maryland, besides the outstanding underlying and first mortgage bonds, will have outstanding $10,000,000 of preferred stock to be issued in exchange for the outstanding convertible bonds and a little over $20,000,000 of common stock. This common stock will be subscribed for by the underwriting syndicate, which will in turn offer the present stockholders the right to subscribe at 40 to an amount of new stock equal to their present holdings.

Unless they subscribe to the new stock the present stockholders will lose entirely their position in the company. The right to subscribe to the new stock also at 40, it is understood, will likewise be extended to the present convertible bondholders, but with these subscription to the new stock will be optional.

By this plan about $8,000,000 of new cash will be raised which will go to pay off the balance of purchase money obligations and to pay off receiver's certificates issued to provide new equipment.

Thus this new money will be represented in the new company by its equivalent in additional property. The road has paid its way during the receivership and hence no floating debt, it is said, has accumulated. Receiver's certificates have been issued from time to time to meet the interest on the road's first mortgage bonds, but these have been paid in monthly installments out of earnings or are now being paid off in this way.

The reports long current that the Baltimore & Ohio or interests identified with that road were likely later on to acquire control of the Western Maryland were again in circulation yesterday. In still earlier rumors the Reading was mentioned as a possible purchaser of control of the Western Maryland, but neither suggestion has been regarded as probable.

WESTERN MARYLAND'S PLANS.

Published Report That Stock Will Be Assessed and Capitalization Greater.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 15.—A local newspaper publishes what it declares are the main features of the plan of reorganization of the Western Maryland Railroad, which has practically been completed and is about to be announced officially. The chief points, according to the paper, are as follows:

Assessment on the stock, for which holders will be compensated in common stock of the new company. The stock will not be scaled.

Present first mortgage secures an issue of $50,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds, of which $42,518,000 have been issued, to remain undisturbed.

Exchange of $10,000,000 of general lien and convertible 4 per cent. bonds for noncumulative preferred stock, par for par.

Payment of defaulted general lien coupons in cash.

Increase in common stock from $15,685,400 to $20,000,000.

Organization of a syndicate to take over non-assenting stock and pay assessment on same.

Discharge of receivership by Dec. 1, though the committee hopes to accomplish this before that date.

Under the plan the capitalization of the company will be: Preferred stock, $10,000,000; common stock, $20,000,000; first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, $50,000,000, of which $7,282,000 is reserved to take up underlying liens. While not officially stated it is generally understood that the assessment will be $20 a share.

The floating debt and other obligations of the company, which must be paid before the receivership can be lifted, amount to approximately $6,000,000, and an assessment of $20 a share would produce a little more than $6,000,000.

It is understood that the plan has been indorsed by the larger interests in the company, and that it has the warm support of John D. Rockefeller, who is said to head the underwriting syndicate. This syndicate will guarantee the payment to be levied upon the stock, which will provide the cash requirements necessary to rehabilitate the company. Applications for participation in the underwriting are said to amount to three times the amount to be offered.

While the sale of the railroad and other assets of the company is contemplated, the newspaper says it does not necessarily follow that this feature of the plan will be carried out.

It is pointed out that for the assessment stockholders receive real value, in that the money thus provided will pay for equipment and the balance due on coal land, which will then become the absolute property of the company.

BANK'S CAPITAL DOUBLED.

Coal and Iron National's Now $1,000,000 —Effected by 100 Per Cent. Dividend.

The capital stock of the Coal and Iron National Bank was increased yesterday from $500,000 to $1,000,000 upon the approval by the Controller of the Currency of action taken by the bank's stockholders on Wednesday, authorizing this increase.

The increase was effected by the declaration of a 100 per cent. cash dividend out of the bank's surplus and the use of this money for subscription by the stockholders to a like amount of additional stock.

This bank now has, in addition to a capital of $1,000,000, a surplus of $200,000 and undivided profits of about $100,000. The bank was organized a little over five years ago, and has shown large earnings. Last year it increased its dividend from 6 per cent. a year to 10 per cent., its latest dividend at this rate having been paid the first of this month.

STEEL PRICES STILL CLIMB.

Independents Put Structural Products Up to $1.40.

Following the general advances by the independent steel companies announced on Wednesday on standard products, steel billets have been put up $1 a ton in recognition of the heaviest demand for this class of steel since before the panic of 1907.

The Lackawanna Steel Company has joined the ranks of the producers asking $1.40 per pound for structural shapes and other standard products. The United States Steel Corporation continues to quote $1.35, although many of the independents report that they are turning away new business because of inability to make early deliveries.

Pig iron is also stronger. An advance of 25 cents per pound in No. 2 Eastern iron was announced yesterday, making the current quotation on that grade $16.25 at the furnace.

MAY SWAP TELEPHONE STOCK.

Shareholders Are Informed of a General Plan of Exchange.

Stockholders of the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company have been circularized by the officials, informing them of an offer of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company to exchange its stock share for share of their holdings. The circular gives no further explanation of the intent of the offer than to say that it is "with a view to securing further improvement in service and economy in administration." It states that the Directors have adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the proposal of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company to exchange the stock of said company for the stock of this company, share for share, being, in the judgment of this board, fair and reasonable, is hereby approved and recommended to the stockholders.

The stock of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company pays 1 per cent. more annually than the stock of the New York and New Jersey Company. Although the latter company has been regarded as a subsidiary of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the Bell Company owns less than 10 per cent. of the shares. It is understood, however, that the New York Telephone Company is a large shareholder, thus giving control to the Bell holding company.

The terms of exchange offer negotiable receipts for the New York and New Jersey stock on which a sum equal to the American Telephone Company's quarterly dividend of $2 per share will be paid on Sept. 30. The final exchange will be put in effect on Dec. 31, 1909.

S. P. STOCK TRANSFER MADE.

Practically All of $75,000,000 Preferred Issue Exchanged for Common.

Practically all of the Southern Pacific Company's $75,000,000 preferred stock issue had been exchanged by the close of business yesterday for common stock under the terms of the offer recently made by the company. Practically none of the preferred stockholders accepted the alternative offer of part cash and part debenture bonds.

While yesterday was the last day for the surrender of the preferred stock in exchange for common some further time will be allowed by the company to such holders of the preferred who on account of absence abroad or other reasons have been prevented from turning in their stock.

The stock has been called for payment at 115 in cash, and any holders who do not finally accept one of the alternative offers made by the company would be entitled to only this cash payment.

The Union Pacific's holdings of Southern Pacific preferred have been exchanged for the common. All told, about 95 per cent. of the preferred stock had been turned in yesterday, and when the definite figures are made up to-day it may be found that only a very little of the stock is still out.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Collector Loeb Is Reversed in High Assessment of Duty on Women's Trimmings.

Women's silk binding ribbons, described as narrow woven fabrics in different colors, with picot or purled edges, were yesterday held by the Board of United States General Appraisers to be dutiable at 50 per cent. as "silk bandings or bindings," or at the same rate under Paragraph 391 as "manufactures of silk."

Collector Loeb took the position that the merchandise should be classified as "silk trimmings" with a revenue tax of 60 per cent. After the presentation of evidence before the Board of Appraisers on an appeal filed by the Sherman & Sons Company of this city, General Appraiser Fischer finds that the Collector erred in his classification. It is accordingly ordered that a reliquidation be granted the importers and the goods admitted at 50 per cent. as "manufactures of silk."

A controversy between the Government and C. D. Stone & Co. regarding the classification of violin resin put up in boxes made of paper and cotton cloth was decided adversely to the importers. The goods were assessed at 85 per cent. as manufactures in chief value of paper, whereas the importing firm alleged duty at 20 per cent. as unenumerated manufactured articles. General Appraiser Fischer says, in overruling the protest, that the firm failed to refute the Collector's return.

FIERCE ROADS FOR TOURISTS.

Glidden Contestants Reach La Crosse After Hard Day's Travel.

Special to The New York Times.

LA CROSSE, Wis., July 15.—After the hardest day's ride of the tour thus far, over roads filled with rocks and heavy with sand, mounting and descending high hills and traversing marshy coulees, the Glidden tourists all arrived in La Crosse in good condition late this afternoon.

D. A. Lewis, pathfinder for the tour, said that the day's run had been the worst ever known since the Glidden contest had been established. Machines and occupants were enshrouded in clouds of dust. The roads between here and the Twin Cities are not much better than those traveled to-day, and southwest from Minneapolis the route leads through a country which is experiencing a flood.

Mr. Lewis in his pathfinder car arrived here at 1:45, an hour and a quarter late. He was soon followed by the car carrying J. C. Glidden of Boston, donor of the trophy, and F. J. Hower of Buffalo, Chairman of the American Automobile Association Contest Board. They, like Lewis, pronounced the roads "fierce."

Car No. 109, a Pierce-Arrow, driven by Charles A. Scofield, was the first contestant to report. One minute behind it came No. 9, a Maxwell, driven by W. F. Winchester, while No. 108, another Pierce-Arrow, in charge of John S. Williams, was third. The last car was in at 4:30.

Penalties for to-day's run were not announced this evening, as Starter Ferguson, who has the starting time, was delayed at Wilton, sixty miles east of La Crosse by an accident. In order to avoid hitting a child, who jumped from some bushes in front of Ferguson's car, the automobile was turned down a steep bank, breaking a spring.

SARGENT WINS MATCH.

Open Golf Champion Defeats Strong, 2 Up and 1 to Play.

George Sargent, the open champion, yesterday defeated Herbert Strong, profcssional of the Apawamis Club over the club course at Rye by 2 up and 1 to play. The first eighteen holes of the match found each man with a card of 76, but Sargent improved in the afternoon, and after going out in 43 came home with a score of six strokes less. The pair did the opening round one stroke above par and five strokes under bogey.

Sargent was strong in the short game, approaching and putting, while Strong outdrove the champion from almost every tee, but was one down at the end of the first half of the match.

The second eighteen holes were evenly contested. The club professional went out in 41, or two strokes less than Sargent. He fell off somewhat on the return journey, while the champion improved. Neither golfer showed any particularly good form, although their work was up to the general professional average. The score:

MORNING ROUND.

Sargent .....Out, 41; in, 35—76
Strong .....Out, 39; in, 37—76

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Sargent .....Out, 43; in, 37—80
Strong .....Out, 41; in, 40—81

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Local showers Friday and probably Saturday; light, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair in southern, local showers in northern portion Friday. Saturday, fair; light to moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas and Oklahoma—Local showers Friday. Saturday, fair.

Utah—Generally fair Friday and Saturday.

Arkansas, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, and North and South Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Partly cloudy Friday. Saturday, fair.

Ohio—Local showers Friday. Saturday, fair; light to moderate southwest and west winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair Friday and Saturday; light westerly winds, becoming variable.

Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair Friday and Saturday; light to moderate westerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Friday and Saturday; light prefarly winds, becoming variable.

ARONDACK EASILY BEATS ETHERIAL

Filly from Canadian Tracks Takes the Whirl Stakes at the Yonkers Course.

WESTERN HORSES' SWEEP

Newcomers Gather In All the Purses, with the Bedwell Stable First in Two Events.

About the most thorough beating that the horses of the New York turf have ever received from the horses of the West was that at the Yonkers track yesterday, when straight through the six events racers from the West and Canada were winners. Arondack, winner of the Whirl Stakes, the feature of the programme, though she formerly campaigned on the local tracks, was included among the newcomers, for Arondack has been racing in Canada through the Spring, and there developed into a filly of real quality, as in the Whirl, she took the top weight, and conceding ten pounds each to her opponents, galloped in first, hard held at the end.

Western owners took the remainder of the races with Western horses, and the winners with a single exception were ridden by Western jockeys, H. G. Bedwell, as on the first day of the meeting, sending out two victors, Fireball and Belleview, both ridden by the stable jockey, Taplin.

The one really close finish of the day was in the mile and a sixteenth handicap, run as the third race, in which the fast handicap horse Stanley Fay, though he had top weight and was just off the cars, after his trip to New York, started as a warm favorite. Dr. Barkley, another Western horse, was well backed in an uncommonly open contest. The race resolved into a fight between Stanley Fay and Pins and Needles in the stretch, after Dr. Barkley made the pace to the last turn, with Stanley Fay second to that point. Stanley Fay moved to the front, just as Pins and Needles began her run for the leaders, and all down the stretch Pins and Needles closed steadily, driving Stanley Fay to his best effort, but the mare never quite got up, Stanley Fay winning by a short neck, ridden out, with Pins and Needles second, and Dr. Barkley third. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; five and one-half furlongs.

Colby Karr's Zephyr, br. f., by Star Shootaria, 108, (E. Martin,) 20 to 1 and 4 to 1.....1½
J. L. McGinnis's Madeline L., b. f., 90, (Glass,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 4.....2
William Gerst's Tyras, b. c., 93, (Taplin,) 7 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3½
Frank Purcell, 98, (J. Bergen,) 25 to 1; Zacatecas, 95, (Creevy,) 9 to 5, and Jack Frost, 98, (McCahey,) 50 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:08.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of two races of $400 since June 23, selling allowances; six furlongs.

H. G. Bedwell's Fireball, ch. g., aged, by Ben Strome-Sly Nun, 104, (Toplin,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5.....1
Mr. Curry's Black Mary, blk. f., 4, 107, (Scoville,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1.....2
Thomas C. McDowell's Miss Crittenden, ch. f., 3, 96, (E. Martin,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1.....3
Adrinche, 107, (E. Dugan,) 12 to 5; Escutcheon, 109, (McCahey,) 40 to 1; Snap, 104, (McGee,) 20 to 1; County Fair, 104, (J. Bergen,) 8 to 1; Trois Temps, 101, (Page,) 8 to 1; Billy Bodemer, 98, (Walsh,) 7 to 1; Tokahira, 104, (Creevy,) 4 to 1, and Summer Night, 102, (Crowley,) 15 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:13 2-5.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth.

W. Walker's Stanley Fay, b. c., 4, by Canopus-Mamie B., 119, (E. Dugan,) 7 to 5 and 2 to 5.....1
H. L. Lee's Pins and Needles, b. m., 5, 107, (Butwell,) 4 to 1 and 1 to 1.....2
L. Smitha's Dr. Barkley, ch. c., 3, 95, (Page,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5.....3
Zienap, 108, (Powers,) 3 to 1 and 9 to 10, and Ardri, 98, (Creevy,) 40 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:47 4-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Whirl Stakes, for three-year-olds; allowances; one mile.

Mrs. James McLaughlin's Arondack, b. f., by Hastings-Astoria, 112, (McCahey,) 5 to 1 and 7 to 10.....1½
Elkwood Park Stable's Etherial, b. g., 104, (Cullen,) 1 to 3 and out.....2
August Belmont's Practical, ch. g., 104, (E. Dugan,) 8 to 1 and 8 to 5.....3
Gliding Belle, 102, (A. Walsh,) 10 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:40 4-5.

FIFTH RACE.—For maiden fillies two years old, special weights; five and a half furlongs.

George J. Long's Foursome, b. f., by McGee-Helter-Skelter, 110, (Powers,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 3.....1
W. D. Althouse's Pocket, b. f., 110, (Rowan,) 5 to 1 and 7 to 5.....2
Montpelier Stable's Projectile, b. f., 110, (Creevy,) 5 to 2 and 4 to 5.....3
Gray Goose, 110, (Leach,) 100 to 1; Motion, 110, (Williams,) 30 to 1; Shamrock, 110, (McCahey,) 20 to 1, and Sona, 110, (Austin,) 20 to 1, also ran. Won in a canter. Time—1:08 2-5.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

H. G. Bedwell's Belleview, ch. g., 6, by Bel Demonio-Gadabout, 100, (Taplin,) 1 to 1 and 1 to 3.....1
Montpelier Stable's May River, b. g., 3, 94, (Creevy,) 4 to 1 and 6 to 5.....2
C. F. Clark's Lord Stanhope, b. g., 5, 98, (Ural,) 12 to 5 and 3 to 5.....3
Monocle, 106, (Walsh,) 6 to 1; and Donatus, 104, (McGee,) 40 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:47 3-5.

Entries for Yonkers Races To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling allowances; five and one-half furlongs.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Lord Clinton	108	*Evening Song	100
Top Notch	105	Jack Frost	108
Love Watches	108	*Etching	103
*Responsful	100		

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upwards; special weights; allowances; one mile.

Nimbus	111	Cohort	108
Prince Ahmed	114	Pearl Point	96
Tony Honero	108	Arcite	114
King Sol	108	Jolly	93
Hill Top	94		

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; six furlongs.

Glamor	103	Personal	109
Ruble	104	Osorine	99
Belleek	95	Lilypad	93
*Richard Reed	101	Right Guard	101

FOURTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

Arcite	119	Zienap	101
Bellwether	108	King of Bashan	89
Spooner	100	Personal	95
Lawton Wiggins	107	County Fair	96

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; special weights; allowances; five and one-half furlongs.

Follie Levy	113	May Florence	99
Captain Swanson	102	Bion	102
Interpose	102	Top Notch	99
Fighting Bob	102		

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; one mile.

Gild	107	Mirzer	106
Rara Avis	106	Lawton Wiggins	107
Oriental Queen	101	*Pearl Point	101
Fond Heart	101	Eschau	94
*Hans	111	Rye	103
*Killiecrankie	96	Nattie Bumppo	103

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Fairmont A. C. Offers Good Card.

Three ten-round bouts are scheduled to take place to-night at the Fairmount A. C. stag. All six pugilists are evenly matched. Billy Herman and Jack Curley will box the first ten rounds. They will be followed by Mickey McDonough and Nick Muller, while the windup will bring together Bert Keyes and Johnny Marto.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

LOUIS MERYASH.—Judge Giegerich of the Supreme Court has appointed Daniel Hanly receiver in supplementary proceedings for Louis Meryash, builder, of 73 West 118th Street, on the application of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, which obtained a judgment against him on Dec. 10, 1907, for $10,287, and the bond of the receiver was fixed at $10,000. The assets are only some notes aggregating from $2,000 to $4,000. He began building operations in 1906, and on Aug. 28, 1907, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against him, which was dismissed on Nov. 25, 1907. His unsecured liabilities then were about $84,000. He transferred all his real estate, six houses, to the Amsterdam Holding Company, which was formed by creditors to work out the debts. He was a Director in the company. One of the pieces of property transferred to that company was 73 West 118th Street, where Mr. Meryash has since lived without paying rent.

AGNES G. BOYLE.—Agnes G. Boyle of A. & J. Boyle, dressmakers and millinery, 23 West Thirty-first Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, in which James T. Boyle, the other partner, refused to join. The firm liabilities are $6,342, and the assets $3,007, consisting of stock, $1,237; fixtures, $1,000; accounts, $670, and cash, $100. Of the liabilities $3,950 are to the Boyle family, as follows: Anna G. Boyle, $1,500 note; Mrs. Ella Boyle, $1,000 loan; John F. Boyle, $1,000 loan, and Josephine Boyle, $450 wages. The partners were buyers in this line for fifteen years, and started in business on Jan. 1, 1908, claiming $6,000 cash capital.

DAVID WITTENBERG.—David Wittenberg of 478 Sixth Avenue, formerly in the millinery business, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,726 to twenty creditors in 1908, and no assets.

CARRIE E. BATCHELDER.—Carrie E. Batchelder, a milliner, 418 Fifth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,335 to sixteen creditors and assets of $230, consisting of stock, $40; fixtures, $149, and accounts, $31.

IDA HARRIS.—Ida Harris, manufacturer of petticoats, at 136 Prince Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on June 12, has made a settlement with creditors at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar, payable, 15 cents cash and the balance in notes at three and five months, and the petition in bankruptcy has been dismissed. The liabilities were reported to be $9,500.

H. LEONARD SIMMONS.—H. Leonard Simmons, doing business as H. Leonard Simmons & Co., furs, 13 West Twenty-fourth Street, has made a settlement with creditors, and the bankruptcy proceedings are to be dismissed.

JOSEPHSON & FRIDMAN.—Edward G. Benedict, receiver in bankruptcy of Josephson & Fridman, wholesale cotton and woolen goods, at 70 Eldridge Street, received a check for $9,000 from Walter T. Kohn, as a deposit for the payment of the cash part of a composition at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar, which has been accepted by most of the creditors. The composition is payable 10 cents cash and the balance in notes. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against the firm on March 20, and the liabilities are about $90,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Brekstone, Abraham—P. Gross, $139.
Beadleston, Alfred N.—Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., $5,000.
Bloch, Max E.—A. H. Dollard, costs, $708.
Bayer, Harris, et al.—A. Moll, $149.
Bruck, Samuel L.—H. Rothstein, $4,557.
Claffone, Lorenzo—F. Sforzo, $206.
Cuhen, Barnet—Rosenbluth et al., $171.
De Julio, Angelo—N. Campbell, $584.
D'Ambrisi, Ricciotti—S. Amoruso, $119.
Dalton, James H.—Columbia Trust Co., $9,184.
Elting, Isador—J. Rabinowitz, $958.
Finnegan, Mary A., et al.—J. McGuffog, costs, $107.
Furlong, Henry J.—J. R. Shipley, $113.
Glashiem, Nathan, et al.—Marco Bros., Inc., $119.
Gerlach, Daniel—E. N. Hall, $421.
Goldstein, Marks—G. Lebett, $472.
Grier, Franklin—Nassau Bank, $112.
Henigson, Hyman—L. Klein, $321.
Jardine, James, et al.—J. McGuffog, costs, $107.
Kamenetsky, Max, et al.—A. Moll, $149.
Koslowsky, Musiel—N. Hirsch, $406.
Killer, George—S. P. Jones et al., $207.
Luzinsk, Celia, (not summoned,) et al.—Marco Bros., Inc., $119.
Lench, George W., receiver—Passaic Livery and Trucking Co., $148.
Levy, Charles, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Levy, Max, et al.—Same, $1,000.
Logie, James—H. Kulenkampff, $373.
Miller, Agnes S.—H. W. Simpson, costs, $105.
Martone, Angelo—S. Piana, $519.
Meyer, Louis, et al.—S. Freed et al., $212.
Same—Same, $252.
McMahon, John T., et al.—Harlem Supply Co., $215.
Nolan, Rose V.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $207.
Nassauer, Gustave—C. H. Anderson, $498.
Nonnenman, Adolph—M. Risch, $425.
O'Flaherty, John J., (not summoned,) et al.—J. Hentz, Jr., et al., $389.
O'Donnell, John B.—W. Hagedorn, $1,376.
Plummer, David S.—Canton Sparta Brick Co., $153.
Pringle, Charles E., et al.—J. J. Hentz, Jr., et al., $389.
Parshelsky, Isaac—A. Goldberg, $489.
Quandt, Paul—Ironclad Mfg. Co., $1,275.
Rode, Raymond F.—L. Stern et al., $361.
Same—M. Pocker, $158.
Rose, David L.—E. L. Lathauer, $1,295.
Rosenberg, Solomon, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Same—Same, $1,000.
Reynolds, James, (not summoned,) et al.—Harlem Supply Co., $215.
Seward, De Witt C.—J. Mohr, $2,545.
Same—Same, $3,094.
Sonin, Morris and Aleel—S. Brody, $459.
Van Loan, John J.—E. P. Morris Co., $699.
Whyatt, John—H. F. Ehler et al., $187.
Williams, John T.—Robert C. Fisher Co., $1,543.
Fox Theatrical Enterprises—S. Kraus, $1,540.
Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., executor—D. L. Martin, $381,516.
Butler Brothers-Hoff Co.—S. K. Sullivan, $158.
Louis Meyer Realty Co. et al.—S. Freed et al., $252.
Same—Same, $212.
Lambert Snyder Co.—J. E. Garrett, $281.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

Continental Printing and Playing Card Co.—A. Harder et al., March 18, 1909, (reversed,) $1,149.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—J. Lewine, Feb. 2, 1909, $415.
Same—A. Sneddon, Jan. 27, 1909, $640.
Lakakes, Nicholas E.—C. G. Tzingos, May 7, 1909, $532.
Os-We-Go Natural-Mineral Water Co. et al.—Whitteman Bros., July 14, 1909, $1,165.
Sunderlin, Frank C., et al.—Same, July 14, 1909, $1,165.
Healy, John J., et al.—Same, July 14, 1909, $1,165.
Fay, John F., et al.—Same, July 14, 1909, $1,165.
N. Y. City Interborough Ry. Co.—P. Brauer, April 22, 1908, (reversed,) $27,246.
Raymond Van Praag Supply Co.—W. Kavanagh, Feb. 9, 1909, $4,643.
Simis, William, Jr.—Simmons Hardware Co., Dec. 12, 1907, $573.
Schier, John H.—Ries & O'Donovan, Inc., June 15, 1909, $570.
Same—Same, June 15, 1909, $570.
Purrington, George F.—W. M. Purdy et al., Nov. 25, 1902, (canceled,) $3,506.
Talcott, James—J. M. Jonasson et al., Jan. 14, 1904, $102.
Siegel, Hyman, et al.—J. Collins, April 2, 1908, $539.
Goldstein, Hyman, et al.—J. Collins, April 2, 1908, $539.
Levy, Abraham—A. Heyman, Nov. 12, 1900, $224.
Maccolini, I. William—B. K. Bloch, Jan. 31, 1908, $227.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDAR.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Litigated motions. A, B—Trustees of Presbytery-Westminster Pres Church. 1—Wilds-Albright. 2—Lyons-Burns Bros. 3—Alexander-N & Z Realty Co. 4—In re Garland. 5—Silberman-Silberman. 6—In re Standard Addressing Mach Co. 7—Diamond-St Mark's Const Co. 8—City Real Estate Co-Realty Assn. 9—Cohen-Cohen. 10—Reed, Hall & Hewlett-Tone. 11—Andres-Andres. 12—Skidmore-Van Beuren Co. 13—Clausen-Herman Realty Co. 14—Heller-Kessler. 15—Nichols-City of N Y. 16—People-Int Graphophone Co. 17—Katz-Katz. 18—MacLea Co-Kessler. 19—Larkin-Larkin. 20, 21—Berman-Greenberg. 22—Strauss-Harris. 23—In re Newfeld. 24—White-White. 25—Murray-Ward. 26—Jerome-Press Pub Co. 27—Dessar-Washington Life Ins Co. 28—Mack-Mack. 29—Riordan-Riordan. 30—Staats-Doe. 31—Lehmann-Makrausky. 32—In re New Weston Hotel Co. 33—Thompson Co-Flashnick. 34—Laughlin-Laughlin. 35—McCann-Hearn. 36—Kaplan-B H R R. 37—Bittingsame. 38—Fischer-Branson. 39—Regan-Taylor. 40—Comm'l Skirt Co-Levy. 41—In re Public Parks. 42—Heine-Stern. 43—Muldoon-Board of Education. 44—Stiefel-Stiefel. 45—Rogers-Koenigsberg. 46—In re Levy. 47—Temple-Temple. 48, 49—Saracena-Hecken Willenbrock Co. 50—Philbrick & Bro-Florio Co Op Assn. 51—Cohen-Halperin. 52—Greenfield-Greenfield. 53—Bullock-L I R R. 54—Hodorowitz-Potopovitz. 55—Hagmayer-Alten. 56—Goldstein-Bachrach. 57—Yankowitz-Yankowitz. 58—Northern Bank-Hyman. 59—Bohunisky-Bohunisky. 60—Miller-Jones. 61—City of N Y-34th St, &c, Ry. 62—Conti-Conti. 63—Isman-Bennett. 64—Grant-Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. 65—People-Am Ice Co. 66—Keuthen-Breuer. 67—Michel-Poltmann. 68—Bernardo-Schnitzer. 69—Commonwealth Sec Co-Brown Realty Co. 70—Eisenstein-Kamineo. 71—Fleischman-Kadir. 72—Schmittberger-Schmittberger. 73—Slade-Squier. 74—In re Gilbert. 75—Donegan & Swift-Johnson. 76—Lewis-Tromberg. 77—Johnson-Kronheim. 78—Larkin-Hedden Const Co. 79—In re Gilbert. 80—Strack-Putnam Holding Co. 81—Hein-Harris. 82—Gavigan-Rieser. 83, 84—Reitman-Green. 85—First Neustadter Cong, &c-Stubenhaus. 86—Johnson-Victoria Chief Copper, &c, Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Antonio Lizzo, Bartholomew Gray, Jeremiah Rierden, Frank J. Leslie, Adolph Lesser, Edmund E. Murphy, Mathilda Daremo, Pauline Greenberger, Gustav F. Speckel, Reuben Sindheim, Catherine Dwyer.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Beller vs. Blumberg—John H. Judge.
SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Chapman vs. Myers—Henry J. Goldsmith. Kahn vs. Cohn—Gustavus A. Rogers. Hogenauer vs. Swarts—George H. Engel.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Milton Weintraub vs. Joseph Weisner—Milton Weintraub.
SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Mabel R. Cushing vs. Freyball Realty Co.—Albert Sanders. Edward Roche vs. John R. Bartlett—George P. Vail.
CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Leonardo Carlo vs. Frank Zagauno—Nathan Greenbaum. Charles Scheiner vs. Leopold Strauss—Charles Lane.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Garbade, Elband & Co., Galveston, Texas; H. A. Elband, furnishing goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Murphy Dry Goods Company, Sherman, Texas; George Murphy, dry goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Levy, lace curtains and upholstery goods; 684 Broadway.
William I. Keetch Knitting Company, Cleveland, Ohio; A. B. Pike, knit goods; Hotel Imperial.
The Jones-Witter Company, Columbus, Ohio; W. R. McGaw, notions; I. A. McGaw, dry goods; 101 Franklin Street.
McWatters-Dolan Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Charles A. Dolan, clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Murray, M. C., Saginaw, Mich.; Amelia M. Bricault, dry goods; New Grand Hotel.
The Lion Dry Goods Company, Toledo, Ohio; James Drummond, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Rouse, C. B., Artesia, New Mexico; William E. Ragsdale, merchandise; B. W. Carter, merchandise; St. Denis Hotel.
The J. L. Hudson Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. L. Henderson, silks; A. G. Naylor, knit underwear and hosiery; 101 Franklin Street.
Kaufman, C. A., Company, New Orleans, La.; A. J. Kaufman, millinery, waists, and muslin underwear; 256 Church Street.
Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; F. Disque, silks; Hotel Navarre.
Trask, Prescott & Mackay Company, Erie, Penn.; J. C. McIlhaney, carpets; 320 Church Street; Hotel Broztell.
Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; R. K. West, dress goods; Hotel Broztell.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; F. G. Everts, upholstery goods; Hotel Broztell.

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SAVOY HOTEL, LONDON.
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BY ORDER OF
MESSRS. SEISEL & SPORN, (Retiring,)
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MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS & RAINCOATS
all manufactured for the coming Fall and Winter season, in the very best manner.
Sale will start 10:30 sharp, with a consignment of a retailer, retiring, consisting of 350 MEN'S AND YOUTHS' SUITS,
650 BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS,
700 DOZEN MEN'S AND YOUTHS' PANTS,
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Simpson Terrace	26	Hillcrest	20
Madison House	45	Lawrence Cottage	20
Mountain View	45	Kenwood	20
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Atelsion House	40	Maple Ave. Farm	20
Westholm	40	Prospect House	30
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REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT. COUNTY OF New York.—JOHN F. HALSTED, Henry F. Taylor, and Francis L. Noble, as Trustees of the trust created under the will of Hiram M. Forrester, deceased, plaintiffs, against BERNARD SCHEINKMAN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 23d day of June, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of July, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot or piece of land, with the building thereon, known as Number 327 East Seventy-fifth Street, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, situate and described as follows:

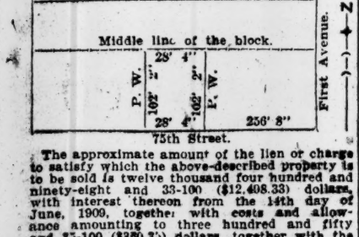
Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street, distant two hundred and fifty-six feet and eight inches westerly from the intersection of said northerly side of Seventy-fifth Street with the westerly side of First Avenue; and running thence northerly parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block; thence westerly parallel with said street, twenty-eight feet and four inches; thence southerly again parallel with said avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to Seventy-fifth Street; and thence easterly along Seventy-fifth Street twenty-eight feet and four inches to the point of beginning, the easterly and westerly side walls of said building being party walls.

Dated New York, June 23d, 1909.

THOS. W. McKNIGHT, Referee.

CHARLES MARTIN CAMP, Attorney for Plaintiffs, No. 2 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 327 East Seventy-fifth Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is twelve thousand four hundred and ninety-eight and 33-100 ($12,498.33) dollars, with interest thereon from the 14th day of June, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and fifty and 33-100 ($350.33) dollars, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is seven hundred and twenty-three and 13-100 ($723.13) dollars and interest.

The premises will be sold subject to party wall agreements recorded in Liber 1,600 of Conveyances, Page 413, and in Liber 1,693 of Conveyances, Page 280, and to such state of facts as an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, June 23d, 1909.

THOS. W. McKNIGHT, Referee.

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EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
CONEY ISLAND

LANDING AT DREAMLAND,
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World:
TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):
Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.50, 7.45 P. M.
Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9.00, 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.15, 2.00, 2.45, 3.45, 4.30, 5.30, 6.15, 7.00, 7.45, 8.53, 9.10 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St.
Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *10.45, *11.25 A. M., 12.10, *12.55, *1.40, 2.25, 3.40, *4.25, 5.25, 6.10, 7.10, *7.55, *8.40, *9.25, *10.10, 10.40 P. M.
Returning from Coney Island trips marked with * go to 129th St., North River.
Round Trip Tickets, 40 Cents.
Round Trip Tickets, 129th St., 50 Cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERY DAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7.00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7.40 A. M.; Pier (new) No. 1 N. R., 8.20 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC
ROCKAWAY BEACH

Lv. Yonkers 8:30 A. M.
Lv. foot 129th St., N. R., 9.30 A. M., *12.30 P. M.
Lv. 22d St., N. R., 10.15 A. M., *2.00 P. M.
Lv. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 10.40 A. M., 2.30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12.30 P. M., 5.30 P. M.
Trip marked * transfers to Str. "Grand Republic" at Pier 1, N. R.
Round Trip Tickets, 50c. Children, 25c., include admission to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

ROCKAWAY BEACH

Steamer Rosedale leaves 129th St. 9.00; West 22d St., 9.45, 2.30 P. M.; Battery, 10.15, 3.00. Leaving Seaside Landing, Rockaway, 5.30 P. M.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS

Up the Picturesque Hudson to
West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.

Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany." Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex,) 8; Debrosses St., 8:40 and 9:40; W. 42d St., 9:00 and 10:00; W. 129th St., 9:20 and 10:20 A. M. Returning on either down boat due 42d St. 5:30 or 8:40 P. M. MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO
WEST POINT

STEAMER MARY POWELL.

Leaving Debrosses St. 1:45; W. 42d St. 2:00; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M.; Arriving West Point 5 P. M., where close connection for New York is made with Day Line steamer "ALBANY." Excursion fare $1.00. Also choice when buying ticket of return by any West Shore or N. Y. Cent. train or Cent. Hud. Str., $1.10, giving ample time to see Cadets in Camp, Public Buildings, etc. Orchestra on board.
This Excursion Made Daily, except Sunday.

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50c. AFTERNOONS 50c.

UP THE HUDSON and return, 6-hour sail. Lve. E. 24th St. 2 P.M.; Battery Landing 2:30 P.M.

50c. EVENINGS 50c.

UP THE SOUND and return, 5-hour sail. Lve. W. 129th St. 6:45 P.M.; Battery Landing 8 P.M.; E. 24th St. 8:20 P.M. Return Island E. 24th St. only

75c. Round Trip **SUNDAYS** Round Trip 75c.

The Regular BRIDGEPORT EXCURSION Landing Port Jefferson, L. I., Lve. Pier 29, E. R., ft. Market St., 10 A. M.; E. 24th St. 10:30 A. M. Music. Dancing. Refreshments. Dining Room and Grill management Harlem Casino. For Staterooms or information 'Phone Orch. 600.

SIGHT SEEING STEAMER
ZEPHYR Around Manhattan Island.

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Above Steamer for Charter Evenings.

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R. I.
EVERY SUNDAY

Special Express train, with parlor car, will leave foot E. 84th St., N. Y., 8:30; Brooklyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East New York, 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by steamer "SHINNECOCK."

Leave Block Island, returning (via Sag Harbor) 4 P. M.

Tickets on sale, commencing Friday of each week, at 120 B'way, 263 Fifth Ave. and Long Island R. R. station foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y., and at Long Island City, and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Music and refreshments on steamer.

UP THE HUDSON
EVERY SUNDAY

TO HIGHLAND FALLS, ADJOINING WEST POINT.

Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Screw, Steel Steamer

"MONTAUK"

Lve. L. I. City, L. I. R. R. Dock.. 9:30 A. M.
" 24th St., E. R., N. Y..... 9:45 A. M.
" James Slip, (ft. New Chambers St., E. R.).....10:00 A. M.
" Pier 8, E. R. (near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta.,) N. Y.....10:20 A. M.
" 131st Street, N. R., N. Y....10:45 A. M.
Returning, due New York..... 7:00 P. M.

Fare 75c. Round Trip.
Music and refreshments.

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Up the Sound to Sea Cliff & Glenwood

Steamer "Nantasket" leaves New Pier 8, E. R. (near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta.,) Saturdays at 1:00; 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9:25 P. M.

Steamer "Nantasket" leaves New Pier 8, E. R., Sundays at 9:30; 31st St., E. R., 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Glenwood at 5:30 P. M.

Excursion 50c. Tickets.

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Best Sunday Excursion
OUT OF NEW YORK
BRIDGEPORT AND RETURN 75c Round Trip

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Mountain Excursion Resort. Every Sunday.
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Cortlandt & Desbrosses Sts.....9:00 A. M.
Pennsylvania Ferries.

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WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Parlor.	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor.	6:50 pm	7:00 pm

Through daily trains to the West.

CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 345, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 225 5th Av., New York; 55 Av. B, 77 Ridge St., 348 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 23d St. and Liberty St.

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Lve.	Read Down.			Arr.	Read Up.	
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Daily, ex. Sun.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
8:00		†	B'klyn Annex	†	6:20	
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00	
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:38	8:40
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10	8:10
9:45	10:50		Yonkers		4:30	7:35
		4:30	Highl'd Falls	8:40		
11:50	1:00	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50	5:45
	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15		*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15	5:05
		6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30		
		6:30	Milton	7:15		
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20	4:10
2:10			Kingston Pt.		12:25	
		7:45	Kingston	6:00		
3:23			Catskill		11:00	
3:40			Hudson		10:40	
6:10			Albany		8:30	
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry.

Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†

Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with

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PROVIDENCE LINE Via Providence. Leave Pier 18, N. R., ft. Murray St., week days only 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via Pennington. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 79, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.

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For New Bedford, Woods Hole, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion, and Cape Cod points. Leave Pier 40, North River, foot of Clarkson Street, week days only at 6:00 P. M. Steamers MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days 7:45 P. M.; Sundays 9:30 A. M. Foot East 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M.; Sundays 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., Str. NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M. Str. BRIDGEPORT 3:00 P. M. Saturdays 2:00 P. M. Foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M., Saturdays 2:30 P. M., Sundays 5:30 P. M.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
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Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, and intermediate landings, weekdays (except Saturday,) 5 P. M.
Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.
SUNDAYS 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.

For Catskill Mountains, all points, Hudson, Coxsackie. Leave, week days, foot Christopher St., 6 P. M.; foot W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Also Saturday "Special" 1 P. M., foot Christopher St., 1:20 P. M., foot W. 129th St. Summer resort directory free. Address Pier 43, N.R.

JOY LINE 240 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
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Str. "Shinnecock" leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sats., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Montauk" Mon., Wed. & Fri. for Sag Harbor and intermediate landings, 5:30 P.M. Runs through to Block Island on Fri.

HARTFORD LINE.

From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTment of the City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1909,

for furnishing and delivering twelve thousand five hundred (12,500) feet of ten-conductor underground cable.

For full particulars see City Record.

NICHOLAS J. HAYES, Commissioner.
Dated July 6, 1909.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks More Active—Call Money Rates, 1¾@2 Per Cent.

U. S. STEEL THE FEATURE

Rise to New High Record Influences Industrials—Wheat Breaks Sharply —Cotton Also Down.

Yesterday's stock market was to all intents and purposes the market in United States Steel. Transactions in this one issue totaled nearly 125,000 shares out of total sales of some 567,000 shares. The stock rose to the new high record price of 71¼, and influenced directly the rest of the industrial department, which was more active and stronger by far than the railway list. On the Stock Exchange, at least, it seems to be pretty much taken for granted that at the forthcoming meeting of the Steel Corporation Directors the dividend on the common stock will be advanced. In addition to the behavior of steel in the market, in itself a sufficient cause for the propagation of the increased dividend report, support for this pleasing belief is found by the Stock Exchange in the excellent news from the steel and iron world. Thus it became known yesterday that Eastern makers of steel billets had advanced prices on this product $1 a ton, while manufacturers of iron kept pace by means of an increase of 25 cents a ton in the cost of this material. Curiously enough, the labor troubles in and about Pittsburg, centring in the bituminous coal fields and the plants of one of the great car-making concerns, had not the least effect upon Stock Exchange sentiment. Equal indifference was shown to the decline of over 5 cents a bushel in the price of July wheat on the Chicago Board of Trade, but this was, perhaps, natural, since a corresponding advance on Wednesday was also passed over without comment. Reports from the crop country were uniformly favorable, so much so that the prospect of early deliveries of wheat at a number of Western centres was the direct occasion of the day's incline in prices. On the Cotton Exchange lower prices were established for that staple following the receipt of encouraging dispatches from many points in the cotton belt. In other respects the day's developments were of only minor importance to financial markets, such matters, for example, as the declaration of the usual dividend on Amalgamated Copper having been anticipated.

As a result of the return of United States deposits through the medium of banks here and the taking of gold for export local institutions have already lost to the Sub-Treasury since Friday last above $7,000,000. This drain, together with the smaller inflow from the interior this week, will presumably operate to cut down the abnormally large surplus reported last week. Foreign exchange rates were a trifle firmer yesterday, and negotiations were still under way for further exports of gold to South America. The English Bank in its usual weekly statement noted an increase of its proportion of reserve to liabilities to a figure almost without precedent at this time of the year. The actual percentage is 52.24.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad for rights.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Pacific Coast Power Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.

American Woolen Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1¾@2 per cent., with the last loan at 1⅞ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1⅞ per cent.

Time money rates, 2@2¼ per cent. for sixty days, 2½ per cent. for ninety days, 2¼@2¾ per cent. for four months, 3 per cent. for five months, and 3½@3¾ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3½@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3½@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 1½ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 1¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $300,435,825; balances, $11,388,298; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $189,551.

Sterling exchange steady, with demand quoted at $4.8715@$4.8720, sixty days at $4.8570@$4.8580, and cables at $4.8735@$4.8745.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅛@5.16¾ plus 1-32 for cables, 5.16⅞ less 1-32@5.16⅛ for sight, and 5.18¾ less 5-64@5.18¾ for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95⅝@95 7-16 less 1-64 for cables, 95 5-16@95⅝ less 1-64 for sight, and 94⅞@95 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, 25c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 40c premium; St. Paul, 90c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London was quoted 1-16d higher, at 23½d per ounce, and in New York at ⅛c higher, at 51c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@50c.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
1st week July..	$63,384	$58,361	$5,023
ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—			
1st week July..	40,254	32,017	8,237
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
1st week July..	160,620	127,014	13,606
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
1st week July..	33,314	31,347	1,967
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—			
1st week July..	70,217	60,833	9,384
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN for May—			
	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	42,494	47,004	51,997
Exp. and taxes.	33,500	29,785	35,652
Net	8,994	17,219	16,345
Other income...	51	45	
Total income...	9,045	17,264	16,345
Charges	17,260	17,144	15,916
Surplus	*8,215	120	429
11 mos. gross..	533,250	554,308	559,338
Exp. and taxes.	372,420	372,719	368,495
11 mos. net....	160,830	181,589	190,843
Other income...	12,475	26,554	9,480
Total income...	173,305	208,143	200,323
Charges	187,122	183,470	175,176
11 mos. surplus.	*13,817	24,672	25,147

*Deficit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT AND TRACTION COMPANY for the month of June—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Earnings	238,171	189,835	48,336
Expenses	9,649	4,000	5,649
Net earnings..	228,522	185,835	42,686
For six months ending June 30, 1909:			
Earnings	1,546,979	1,217,426	329,552
Expenses	53,787	24,000	29,787
Net earnings..	1,493,192	1,192,426	299,765
For twelve months ending June 30, 1909:			
Earnings	3,052,616	2,535,819	516,796
Expenses	74,787	36,562	38,224
Net earnings..	2,977,829	2,499,257	478,572

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4s	May, '59	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝
4½s	May, '57, f'chg	111⅞	112¼	111⅞	112¼
4½s	Nov., '57, f'chg	111⅞	112¼	111⅞	112¼
4½s	May, '17, f'chg	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝
4s	Nov., '58, f'chg	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4s	May, '57, f'chg	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4s	Nov., '56, reg	101⅜	101¼	101⅜	101
4s	Nov., '36, reg	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
3½s	May, '55, f'chg	90⅝	91	90⅝	91
3½s	May, '61, coup	90⅝	91	90½	91
3½s	May, '54, reg	90¾	90½	90	90¾
3½s	Nov., '60, reg	101⅛	102	101¼	102
3½s	Nov., '10, reg	103½	104	103½	104

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales July 15, 1909 573,000
From Jan. 1, 1909 103,775,300
Corresponding period last year 90,000,184

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15	16	100	Allis-Chalmers	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	...
52	53	300	Allis-Chalmers pf	51	51½	51	51½	+ ⅝
80⅝	80⅝	15,400	*Amalgamated Cop	79⅞	80⅜	79⅞	80½	+ ⅞
45	45¼	700	Am. Agricul. Chem	44	45	44	45	...
101½	...	100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ½
43	43½	1,100	Am. Beet Sugar	42½	43¼	42½	43½	+ ⅝
11¼	11½	200	Am. Can	11⅛	11¼	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
80⅜	81¼	1,800	Am. Can pf	80½	81⅛	80¼	81⅛	+ ⅝
58¼	58⅜	4,200	Am. Car & Foundry	57½	58½	57½	58¼	+ ⅝
117	117⅝	100	Am. Car & Found. pf	117½	117⅞	117½	117½	...
73	73¼	800	Am. Cotton Oil	74	74	73½	73¼	- ½
8	8¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
40¾	41¼	400	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	41¼	41¼	41	41¼	- ¼
34½	35¼	450	Am. Ice Securities	34½	35	34½	35	+ ⅝
16⅝	17⅛	100	*Am. Linseed	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	- ⅛
59⅝	60¼	1,200	Am. Locomotive	59	60½	59	60¼	+1
52½	53	600	Am. Malt pf	52¾	52⅝	52	52½	...
94	94¼	4,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	94	94⅝	93⅝	94	+ ⅝
111¼	111⅝	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	111½	111⅞	111½	111⅝	- ⅛
52	52¼	802	Am. Steel Foundries	51¾	52	51¼	52	+1
127	127½	200	Am. Sugar Ref	127	127½	127	127½	+ ½
124	125½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	125	125	125	125	...
140½	140¾	3,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	139⅞	140⅜	139⅞	140⅜	+ ⅝
100⅝	100⅞	500	Am. Tobacco pf	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞	+ ⅛
33¼	33	100	*Am. Woolen	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	...
46½	46¾	3,800	*Anaconda Cop. Min	46	46⅞	46	46¾	...
116	116⅛	10,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	116	116⅝	115⅝	116	...
104¼	104⅝	100	Atch., Top. & S. F pf	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝	...
128¼	128¾	300	Atlantic Coast Line	129	129	129	129	...
118⅞	119	2,200	Baltimore & Ohio	118⅞	119½	118⅝	118⅞	- ⅛
94½	94⅝	30	Baltimore & Ohio pf	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	...
5	5¼	800	Batopilas Mining	5⅛	5¼	5	5¼	- ⅛
30	30¼	800	Bethlehem Steel	30	30⅞	30	30⅞	+1
60	63	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	61	62	61	62	+1½
78	78⅛	800	Brook. Rapid Transit	78	78⅛	77⅞	78	+ ⅛
139	141	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	140	140	140	140	...
18½	18⅝	1,000	Brunswick City	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	...
184⅞	184⅞	9,500	Canadian Pacific	184⅜	185¼	184½	184⅝	+ ⅝
32⅝	32⅝	9,800	Central Leather Co	31⅞	33⅛	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅛
104⅞	105½	1,100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	104⅞	105⅞	104⅞	105⅛	+ ⅛
77⅞	78	3,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	77⅝	78	77⅝	78	+ ⅛
68⅝	69	200	Chicago & Alton	68⅝	68⅞	68½	68⅞	- ⅛
1⅞	1¼	1,300	Chicago Gt. Western	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅛	- ⅛
154	154½	3,450	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	153⅞	154⅝	153⅝	154⅛	+ ¼
169¼	169¾	153	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	169½	169⅝	169½	169½	...
44⅞	45	16,400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44	45¼	44	45	+ ⅛
81½	82	120	Col. & South. 1st pf	81	81	81	81	- ⅛
64⅝	66	500	Col. & Hock. C. & I	65	65	64⅞	64⅞	- ⅛
139¼	140	2,800	Consolidated Gas	139	140½	139	140	+1
22⅜	22½	700	Corn Products Ref	22¾	22⅞	22⅜	22⅜	- ⅛
86½	87	126	Corn Products Ref. pf	86⅝	86⅞	86⅝	86⅝	...
57	61	100	Crex Carpet	58	58	58	58	+ ⅛
193	193½	250	Delaware & Hudson	193	193¼	193	193¼	+ ⅛
47¼	47½	900	Denver & Rio Grande	47¼	47½	47	47⅛	+ ⅛
85	85¾	590	Den. & Rio Grande pf	84⅞	85⅝	84⅞	85⅛	- ⅛
37⅝	38	600	*Distillers' Securities	38	38	37⅝	38	...
16¼	17	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	- ⅛
31½	33	200	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	31½	32	31½	32	- ⅝
36⅜	36½	3,700	Erie	36	36⅝	36	36½	+ ⅛
53⅝	53¾	300	Erie 1st pf	53⅛	53⅜	53	53⅜	+ ⅛
88	90	100	Federal M. & S	88	88	88	88	...
164½	164⅞	1,600	General Electric	164	166	164	165½	+1½
149½	149⅞	1,800	Great Northern pf	149	150	149	149½	+ ⅛
76	76¼	4,300	*G. N. certs. ore prop	76¼	76⅝	76¼	76⅝	+ ⅛
...	61½	000	Havana Electric	60	60	59½	60	-1
102	110	800	*Hocking Valley t. r	111	111	106	106	-8
93½	95½	100	Hocking Valley pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	- ½
155½	156	2,700	Illinois Central	155¾	155⅞	155¼	155½	- ⅛
15⅝	15⅞	1,250	Interborough-Met.	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	...
48¼	48½	3,600	Interborough-Met. pf	48	48⅞	48	48¼	+ ¼
86	87½	400	Intern'l Harvester	86	86⅝	86	86	...
121½	122	700	Intern'l Harvester pf	122	122	122	122	...
15⅝	16¼	700	Intern'l Paper	15⅝	16⅛	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
63	64	600	Intern'l Paper pf	64½	64⅞	64	64	...
38⅞	39¼	1,300	Intern'l Steam Pump	38⅝	39	38⅝	39	+ ⅛
89	89⅝	400	Int. Steam Pump pf	89½	89½	89	89	...
29⅜	30	460	Iowa Central	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+ ⅛
55¼	56	300	Iowa Central pf	55⅝	55⅞	55⅝	55⅞	+ ⅛
45¼	45½	300	Kansas City South	45⅝	45⅝	45	45	+ ⅛
71½	71⅝	200	Kan. City South. pf	71½	71½	71½	71½	+ ⅛
142⅜	142⅝	2,100	Louisville & Nash	141⅝	142½	141⅝	142½	+ ¾
145	147	1,360	Manhattan Elevated	145	146	145	146	+1
6⅜	6¾	500	Mercantile Marine	6½	6½	6⅜	6⅜	- ⅛
21¾	22	900	Mercantile Marine pf	21⅞	22	21¾	21¾	+ ⅛
15	20	100	*Met. Street Railway	20	20	20	20	...
55½	56¾	725	Minn, & St. Louis	55½	56¾	55½	56¾	+ ½
142	143	100	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	142	142	142	142	...
89¾	90¾	100	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	90½	90½	90½	90½	...
41¼	41¾	1,900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	41¾	41½	41	41½	+ ⅜
72	72½	600	Missouri Pacific	71½	72¼	71½	72¼	+ ¼
130	138	50	Nash., Chat. & St. L	135	135	135	135	...
15¾	16⅛	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ½
85¾	86⅛	200	Nat. Lead Co	86	86	86	86	...
25½	25⅝	1,000	N. Rys.of Mex. 2d pf	25¼	25⅜	25	25	- ⅝
2	2¼	900	*Newhouse M. & S	1⅞	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	- ¼
85½	86¼	400	N. Y. Air Brake	86	87	86	86	-1
132⅛	132½	1,200	N. Y. Central	132⅝	132⅝	132½	132½	...
168½	169	400	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	169½	169½	169½	169½	+ ½
140	140¼	300	N. Y. & N. J. Tel	139⅞	140	139⅞	140	+2⅜
52	52¼	800	N. Y., Ont. & West	51⅞	52¼	51⅞	52	...
91¼	91¾	1,400	Norfolk & Western	91⅞	92	91⅝	91⅝	- ⅛
82¼	82½	100	North American	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	+ ⅜
151½	151⅝	3,200	Northern Pacific	150½	152	150⅝	151½	+1
29¾	29⅝	500	Pacific Mail	29⅞	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝	- ¼
137⅜	138	8,600	Pennsylvania R. R	138	138	137⅜	137⅝	...
115⅝	116	6,200	People's' Gas, Chi	115¼	116¼	115¼	115⅝	+ ½
92½	93	300	Pitts., C., C. & St L	93	93	93	93	+ ¼
43¾	44	1,270	Pressed Steel Car	43	43⅝	43	43⅝	+ ¼
106	107	150	Pressed Steel Car pf	106⅛	106½	106¼	106½	+ ¼
7	7½	300	Quicksilver	7	7¼	7	7	- ⅛
154⅞	155	33,300	Reading x d	154⅛	155⅝	154⅛	155	+ ⅝
92	93½	140	Reading 1st pf	93	93	93	93	- ⅛
98	101	200	Reading 2d pf	99	99	99	99	- ⅛
32½	32⅝	5,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	32	32⅝	32	32⅝	+ ⅛
105⅝	106	1,965	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	104½	106	104½	105½	+1
34⅛	34¼	22,900	Rock Island Co	33⅝	34¼	33⅝	34¼	+ ⅛
72	72⅜	6,300	Rock Island Co. pf	71⅞	72½	71⅞	72⅜	+ ⅛
72	73	400	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	72	73	72	73	+1
53½	54⅛	5,950	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	53	54¼	52⅞	53½	+1⅛
62	67	10	St. L. & S. F. C. & E. Ill. new stock certs	65	65	65	65	-1
27	27¼	800	St. Louis Southwest	26⅝	27⅛	26⅜	27⅛	+ ⅝
66¼	66½	1,250	St. Louis Southw. pf	65½	66¼	65½	66¼	+ ⅝
83½	84	400	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. Co	83	84	83	84	+ ⅝
133⅛	133¼	22,900	Southern Pacific	133	133½	132⅞	133¼	+ ⅛
31	31¼	6,700	Southern R'way ext	30⅝	31½	30⅝	31	+ ⅛
69⅝	69⅞	6,900	South. R'way pf., ext	69	70¼	69	69⅝	+1¼
37⅛	37⅜	300	*Tennessee Copper	37⅞	37⅞	37¾	37¾	- ⅛
34⅞	35	8,900	Texas & Pacific	32⅜	35¼	32⅜	35	+2½
18½	18⅜	2,650	Third Avenue	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅝	...
50⅜	51½	700	Toledo, St. L. & W	50½	51¼	50½	51¼	+ ⅝
69	69½	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	69⅜	69⅝	69⅜	69⅝	+ ⅛
103¼	103¾	475	Twin City Rap. Tran	103⅛	103⅝	103⅛	103½	+ ⅛
194	194½	28,200	Union Pacific	193⅝	194¼	193⅜	194¼	+ ⅛
105	105½	6,100	Union Pacific pf	104	106½	104	105	+1½
110¼	110⅝	800	*Unit.Dry Gds. pf.ofs	110⅝	110⅝	110¼	110⅝	+ ⅛
54	55½	100	United Rys. Invest.pf	55	55	55	55	- ½
81	81½	315	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf	81½	81½	81	81	...
86	90	25	U. S. Express	90	90	90	90	...
80¾	81¼	200	U. S. Realty & Imp	81	81	80¾	80¾	+ ½
38½	39	300	U. S. Rubber	38¼	38¾	38¼	38¾	+ ¼
115½	116	440	U. S. Rub. 1st pf. x d	115½	116	115¼	116	+ ¼
71⅛	71¼	193,600	U. S. Steel	69¾	71¼	69¾	71¼	+1⅝
126	126⅛	3,220	U. S. Steel pf	125½	126⅝	125½	126¼	+ ⅛
47½	48	100	Utah Copper	47½	47½	47½	47½	...
51⅝	51¾	8,530	Va.-Caro. Chemical	51¼	52	51	51½	+ ⅜
65	66	1,000	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	65	66¾	65	66	+1
21¼	21⅝	1,000	Wabash	21⅛	21⅝	21	21¼	- ¼
56⅜	56⅞	6,300	Wabash pf	57	57⅜	56⅜	56⅝	- ¼
6⅝	6⅞	13,900	Western Maryland	6¼	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	- ⅛
72½	73	1,100	Western Union Tel	72	73	71¾	72½	+1
84½	85	5,100	Westinghouse E. & M	84	85¾	84	84½	+ ½
6½	7	300	Wheel. & Lake Erie	6½	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅜
17	19	300	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	16¼	16⅝	16¼	16½	...
55¼	57	400	Wisconsin Central	57	57	56½	56½	- ½

*Unlisted.

MINING STOCK.

..	..	500	Comstock	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930-1004	101½	
2s, c., 1930-1010	102	
3s, r., 1918-1014	102	
3s, c., 1918-1014	102	
4s, r., 1925-1175	118⅛	
4s, c., 1925-1195	120	
Pan. 2s, r., 1936 ..100	101½	
Pan. 2s, r., 1938 ..100	101½	
D. C. 3-65s-108	..	
Adams Exp-217	..	
Alb. & Sus-224	..	
A. B. S. pf. 95	95½	
Am. Coal ..120	125	
A. C. O. pf-103	105¼	
Am. D. Tel. 20	30	
Am. Exp..227	230	
Am. L. Co. pf. 46⅞	47	
A. Loc. pf-118	119½	
A. Sm. pf., 9⅝	9⅝	
A. Sm. pf., B. 88¼	88½	
Am. Snuff-250	300	
Am. Sn. pf-101	104½	
Am. T. & C. 76	84	
Am. W. Co. pf. 103	104½	
Ann Arbor, 15	30	
Ann A. pf. ..	80	
Asso. M. 1st pf. 107⅝	..	
Asso. M. 2d pf. 107½	..	
B., R. & P. 90	99⅜	
B., R. & P. pf. 121	133	
B. & S. pf. 31	68	
But'k Co. pf. 31	34	
Canada So., 65	67½	
C. R. R. of N. J.....285	290	
C. & S. A. Tel. 110	..	
C. & A. pf. 72	74	
C., B. & Q.200	..	
C. & E. Ill. pf. 116	150	
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A.... 24	25	
Chi. Gt. W. pf., B.... 4½	4½	
Chi. Gt. W. deb. 58	59	
C., I. & L. pf. 40	80	
C. & N. W.182	183½	
C. & N. W. pf. 221	230	
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.158	162	
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf. 170	175	
Chi. T. T., 1¾	2	
C. T. T. pf. 12	18¼	
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.. 4¾	5	
Chi., Un. T. pf., cts. st. 13	14	
C., C., C. & St. L..... 72	74½	
C. C., pf. 103	..	
Cleve. & F.175	..	
C. F. & I. pf. 80	83	
Col. South. 58	59¾	
C. & H. 2d pf. 80	90	
D., L. & W.350	380	
Del. & H. 175	176	
D., L. & W. 490	500	
Den. & R. G. 10	14	
Det. Edison. 76	..	
D. & M. pf. ..	96	
Det. U. R. 60	63	
Erie 2d pf. 42¾	42¾	
Ev. & T. H. 60	75	
Ev. & T. H. pf. 83	95	
Fed. S. pf.. 91	100	
Gen. C. Co. 77	85	
Gen. C. Co. pf. 104	..	
Granby Con. 92	100	
G. R. & W. 80	90	
Hav. El. R. pf. 88	88	
Homestake.. 90	91	
Ill. C. l. l. 98	..	
Inger.-Rand. 55	..	
Inger.-Rand. pf. 90	..	
Int. Power.	39	
Jol. & Chi. 165¾	..	
K. & M. r. 59	62	
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf. 76	78	
K. & D. M. 6	9	
K. & D. M. pf. 30	35	
Kn. L., Chi. pf. 60	67	
Lacl. Gas..104	..	
Lacl. G. pf. ..	98	
L. E. & W. 25½	26½	
L. E. & W. pf. 58	61	
Lake Shore.300	400	
Long Island 69½	71	
Mackay Cos. 79	80	
Mackay Cos. pf.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Steel the Dominant Stock.

Steel common was the dominating stock in the market yesterday during the entire session, even after the exuberance of the first hour had somewhat subsided. The fact that 88,000 shares of Steel common were traded in during the first hour, compared with 7,000 shares of Union Pacific, is significant enough of the comparative activity of these two stocks, and the same comparison applies practically to every other stock on the list. The new high record established by Steel common naturally increased interest in the stock and aroused further speculation as to what might be done by the Directors at the meeting one week from Tuesday next. The buying of Steel was classified as good, although the floor report simply gave the names of houses supposed to trade either for important interests or individuals. There is no need to point out that the indications afforded by the fact that certain houses are buying or selling are not always conclusive. It may be that they represent professional operations as well as operations by important outside interests. Whatever was the character of the buying in Steel common it was sufficiently impressive to arouse interest in every office and curiosity as to the ultimate high price which might be attained.

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Taking Substantial Profits.

There were reports that many small blocks of Steel, which had evidently been held for an indefinite period, were coming on the market. This was true, as verified by certain brokers, who not only had several hundred share lots, presumably bought two years ago, but many odd lots supposedly purchased at the same time. This might be significant if the fact were not in evidence that a similar condition might have been discovered at any time during the recent rise in the stock, and undoubtedly since it crossed 40 on its way up. There are many holders of Steel common who were positive, when the stock touched 50, that they would hold it for par, but are sorely tempted to sell when it reaches a price like 70. Brokers, as a usual thing, give very careful advice when any is sought by the holders of stock bought at a much lower figure. The taking of profits is always advisable, and this general rule when suggested is often followed.

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Disconcerting the Bears.

Incipient bears were a little bit discouraged by the action of the market in the first hour. It did not look as if much encouragement was being held out for a reactionary position. There is little reason to doubt that prices are being controlled practically by the professional element, and there are no signs of any change of heart on the part of the leaders of the professional traders, at least at the moment. One of the biggest professional operators in the market is out of town just now and supposed to be doing nothing. Instead of being absorbed in vacation pursuits he is in direct touch with his brokers from the opening until the close, and even if he is not doing a large business, he is doing sufficinet to show his interest in the situation. Some brokers are advising their clinets that even if there be elements in the speculative situation not wholly suggestive of permanent strength, there is not a sufficient force among the opposition or enough concert in operation to assume that stocks can be forced lower at present. A small recession is suggested as a possibility, but a sharp break is confidently assumed to be impossible. Whether this confidence is based on reason and facts remains to be seen.

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Conservatism Not Relished.

Traders read the interview with Stuyvesant Fish on his return from Europe with more or less interest, but his conservative attitude was scarcely pleasing to those who are committed to much higher prices. Conservatism in a bull market is a quality not usually appreciated until prices begin to tumble, and possibly the conservatism of Mr. Fish would be more appreciated if it could be understood that there was a time limit within which his conservatism might be assumed to be demonstrated as logical. It is interesting to note that many of the market letters of important houses are conservative in a general way, but at the same time nothing is said that might put the brakes sharply on the speculative tendencies of customers. Words of warning that are not emphasized and are qualified merely as possibilities are not likely to have immediate effect, but are useful subsequently when they may become a sort of I-told-you-so possibility. There is not enough general speculation anyway to warrant the necessity of letter writers for speculative houses taking extraordinary pains in forecasting.

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Dabbling in Other Markets.

Interest in the grain markets is sufficiently marked among the traders in the ordinary stock houses to give the impression that the feeling prevails that the stock market is likely to be influenced materially in the near future by continuance of spectacular operations in wheat. Any number of traders, and more particularly the small traders, have been dabbling in wheat, most of them successfully. The usual experience of the stock trader who thinks it advisable during a dull period in the stock market to try to make money in some other market is that he loses his temporarily acquired profits and comes back to the big market resolved to stick to it and nothing else. The average trader in stocks is not nimble enough in a wild grain market to get the better of the fluctuations. He is likely to overstay his market, or, if he attempts scalping, to get so little out of it that the first loss he takes wipes out whatever he may have gained in his earlier trading. There is not so much scalping in the stock market nowadays, according to those who watch it, as there used to be, except among the professionals, and even they are tempted to try for the long turn more than they used to do.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alex. Scott (F. P.)	4¼	4¼	4¼
	Con. Ice	11½	11½	11½
1,730	Crucible Steel	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝
411	Crucible Steel pf.	75¾	75	75½
610	Fireproof	8	7⅞	8
295	Fireproof pf.	25	24¾	25
35	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	87	86	87
10	Independent Brew. pf.	21	21	21
5	Jos. Light & Heat	17¾	17¼	17¾
274	Ohio Fuel	40	40	40
25	Pittsburg Brewing	23¼	23¼	23¼
60	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	43	43	43
105	Pittsburg Coal pf.	46	45¾	46
60	Pittsburg Plate Glass	119	118½	119
4,900	Rose Mining	22c	22c	22c
100	Shoshone	$1.50	$1.50	$1.50
4	Union Switch	97	97	97
3	United States Steel	70¼	70¼	70¾
2	United States Steel pf.	125¾	125¾	125¾
21	West. Air Brake	112¾	112¾	112¾
2	West. Elec. 2ds	42	42	42

UNLISTED.

100	Cemung	13¾	13¾	13¾
60	Kansas Gas	54½	54	54½
2,350	Lustre	$1.02	90c.	$1.02
17,200	Mount Elliott	30c.	28c.	29c.
14,200	San Toy	51c.	50c.	51c.
500	Silver Peak	48c.	48c.	48c.
100	Superior & Pittsburg	16¼	16¼	16¼
5	Union Gas	108½	108½	108½

BONDS.

$1,000	Independent Brew. 6s.	82	82	82
1,000	Pittsburg Brewing 6s.	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Sewer Pipe 5s.	99	99	99
1,000	West. Penn. 5s.	100	100	100

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 15.—Steel common was the most active stock to-day. It was followed by North Butte, which advanced almost two points, and by Amalgamated, which went up a fraction while waiting for the declaration of the quarterly dividend by the Board of Directors.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s.	101¾	101¾	101¾
18,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s.	94¾	94¾	94¾
10,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s.	104¾	104¾	104¾
13,000	A. G. & W. I. SS. 5s.	75¾	75	75
1,000	Cudahy Packing 1st 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	Gen. Elec. conv. 5s.	150¼	150¼	150¼
21,000	Mass. Gas 4½s.	100	99¾	100

RAILROADS.

155	Atchison	116¼	115¾	116¼
13,586	Atchison rights	$1.25	$1.18¾	$1.25
27	Boston Elevated	129¾	129¾	129¾
17	Boston Elevated, $55 subs. paid	69¾	69¾	69¾
1	Boston & Maine	148	148	148
10	Mass. Electric	13¾	13¼	13¼
25	Mass. Electric pf.	72	72	72
5	N. Y., N. H. & H.	170	170	170
20	Rutland pf.	38	38	38
123	Union Pacific	194½	194	194½

TELEPHONES.

2,227	American	140¾	139¾	140¼
5	Mexico pf.	6	6	6
9	New England	134	133½	134
210	Western	11¼	11	11
6	Western pf.	90	90	90

MISCELLANEOUS.

355	Am. Agr. Chem.	45	44½	45
127	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	102¼	101½	101½
200	Am. Pneu. Service	8½	8	8
335	Am. Pneu. Service pf.	19	17½	19
82	Am. Sugar	127¼	126¾	127¼
67	Am. Sugar pf.	125	125	125
67	Am. Woolen pf.	103¾	103	103½
30	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf.	30	29¾	30
100	East Boston Land.	11¾	11	11⅜
20	Edison	248	248	248
36	General Electric	165	164	165
10	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	98	93	93
60	Massachusetts Gas	63¾	63¼	63¾
36	Massachusetts Gas pf.	90	89½	89½
50	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	108	108	108
30	North Texas Elec.	47	46	46
5	Pullman	189	189	189
25	Reece	11¾	11¼	11½
30	Rotary Ring	7¼	7	7
20	Seattle Elec. pf.	103	102¾	103
225	Swift & Co.	108¾	108¼	108¾
100	Union C. L. & M.	1¾	1¾	1¾
9	United Fruit	139	138	139
190	3-10 United Shoe Mach.	61	60¾	61
58	United Shoe Mach. pf.	30	30	30
7,750	U. S. Steel	71¼	69¾	71¼
123	U. S. Steel pf.	126¼	125½	126¼

MINING.

55	Adventure	6½	6	6¼
4,105	Amalgamated	80¾	79⅛	80⅜
475	Amer. Zinc	28½	28	28½
305	Ariz. Commercial	38¾	38	38¾
50	Atlantic	8½	8½	8½
85	Boston Consol.	14¼	14¼	14¼
140	Boston & Corbin	17⅜	17¼	17⅜
360	Butte Coalition	23⅞	23½	23½
45	Calumet & Arizona	102	101	101
12	Calumet & Hecla	630	630	630
200	Cons. Mercur	20c	20c	20c
185	Copper Range	80	79¼	80
30	Daly-West	8	8	8
761	East Butte	11¼	11	11¾
250	Franklin	16¼	16	16¼
1,145	Giroux	8¾	8½	8⅝
1,075	Greene-Cananea	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
575	Isle Royale	24½	23¾	24½
15	Kerr Lake	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
325	La Salle	11¼	11	11¼
60	Mass	8	8	8
85	Mexico Consol.	4½	4½	4½
5	Miami	15	15	15
10	Michigan	10	10	10
130	Nevada Consol.	23⅜	23¼	23¼
2,644	Nipissing	11¼	10⅝	11¼
3,576	North Butte	51½	49½	50½
300	North Lake	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
50	Old Dominion	51	51	51
30	Osceola	129	129	129
220	Parrot	30¼	30	30
5	Quincy	88½	88¼	88½
350	Shannon	14½	14½	14½
120	Superior	40	39½	40
170	Superior & Boston	14⅝	14½	14½
355	Superior & Pittsburg	16	15⅝	15⅝
15	Tamarack	64	63	63
210	Trinity	12	11	11⅜
120	United Copper	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
608	U. S. Smelting	48½	48¼	48¼
181	U. S. Smelting pf.	49½	49¼	49¼
100	Utah-Apex	4⅝	4½	4½
250	Utah Consolidated	40¾	40⅜	40⅜
55	Utah Copper	47½	47	47½
10	Victoria	4	4	4
50	Winona	5	5	5
20	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½

*Ex rights.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Bonds continued fair, although confined to a few issues. United Railways income bonds made a further advance of ½, to 58, and the funding 5s gained ⅜, to 86, while the Consolidated 4s were ¼ firmer, at 87½. Norfolk & Portsmouth Traction 5s were fractionally firmer. G. B. S. Brewery 4s moved up a full point, to 46½. Stocks, 1,250 shares; bonds, $201,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	A. C. L. R. R. 4s ctfs.	85	85	85
4,000	Baltimore Electric 5s.	90	90	90
1,000	Con. G. A. E. P. 4½s.	85	85	85
14,000	Cotton Duck 5s.	81½	81	81½
1,000	Consol. Gas 5s.	111¾	111¾	111¾
1,000	Columbia & Green. 1st.	100½	100½	100½
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. Inc.	15	14	15
11,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s.	46½	45½	46½
2,000	Ga., Caro. & Nor. 5s.	106¼	105¼	106¼
1,000	Memphis St. Rys. 5s.	99	99	99
10,000	Maryland Elec. 5s.	94¾	94¾	94¾
13,000	Norf. & Ports. Trac. 5s	87¼	87¼	87¼
3,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s.	98¼	98¼	98¼
38,000	Seaboard 4s.	90¾	90¼	90¾
9,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s.	99½	99½	99½
3,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s.	99½	99½	99½
54,000	United Rys. inc.	58¼	57½	58
8,000	United Rys. 4s.	87½	87½	87½
11,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s.	86	85¾	86

STOCKS.

10	Bank of Baltimore	121	121	121
25	Farm. & Mer. Bank	48½	48½	48½
100	German-Amer. Fire	37½	37½	37½
100	Houston Oil	7½	7½	7½
25	Mercantile Trust	145	145	145
75	Seaboard Co. com.	18	18	18
800	United Rys.	12¼	12¼	12¼
115	Western Maryland	3¾	3¾	3¾

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Trading on the local Exchange was very quiet. Street's Stable Car was nearly a point lower, and Match was off a point. In the afternoon Illinois Brick advanced one-half of a point, as did Can preferred, while Title and Trust lost one-half point of its gain, closing at 142.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	American Can	11¼	11¼	11¼
110	American Can pf.	80½	80½	80½
10	Am. Shipbuilding pf.	109½	109½	109½
7	Booth Fisheries	15¾	15¾	15¾
23	Both Fisheries pf.	52¾	52½	52½
3	Chicago Pneumatic Tool.	23½	23½	23½
25	Chicago Rys. scr. 1	112	112	112
6	Chicago Rys. scr. 4	10	10	10
17	Chicago Telephone	132½	132½	132½
55	Chicago Subway	21	20¾	20¾
61	Chic. Title and Trust	142½	142	142
25	Com. Edison	121	121	121
24	Diamond Match	127¼	127	127
100	Illinois Brick	47	46½	47
30	Kan. City Light pf.	84½	84½	84½
780	People's Gas	116⅜	115⅜	115⅜
175	Sears-Roebuck	95	94½	94½
20	S. S. El.	55	55	55
100	Street's	48¾	48¼	48¾
610	Street's ex div.	48¼	47¾	48¼
205	Swift & Co.	108½	108¼	108½
30	United Boxboard	15	15	15

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—United States Steel was heavily dealt in, sales aggregating about 13,000 shares. Cambria Steel advanced ¾ point. Lake Superior Corporation shared in the advance of steel stocks, the same house which was a heavy seller all the way down from 34 to 22 being a buyer to-day. The traction stocks were freely supplied on any show of strength.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Am. T. & T.	140¾	140¾	140¾
5	American Rwys.	45½	45½	45½
243	Bell Telephone	120	118	120
10	Berg. & Engel pf.	95	95	95
22	Cambria Iron	45½	45¼	45½
4,691	Cambria Steel	43⅝	43	43½
200	Elec. Co. of Am.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
428	Elec. Storage	52½	52	52¼
194	Gen. Asphalt	22	22	22
160	Gen. Asphalt pf.	64½	64½	64½
14	Hunt. & B. T. pf.	85¼	85¼	85¼
5	Keystone	13	13	13
939	Lake Sup. Corp.	24½	22½	24½
51	Lehigh Nav.	107¼	106¾	107¼
955	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	107¼	104¾	107¼
1,186	Lehigh Valley	80¾	79¾	80¾
4	Mine Hill	61¾	61½	61½
16	North. Cent.	104½	104½	104½
8	North. Penn.	100¼	100¼	100¼
365	Pennsylvania	69 1-16	68⅝ 68	15-16
6	Penn. Steel pf.	116	116	116
90	Phila. Co. pf.	43	42¾	43
430	Phila. Elec.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
955	Phila. Rapid Transit.	23¾	23¾	23⅞
765	Reading ex div.	77⅝	77 3-16	77⅜
200	Reading, cash.	78 3-16	78 3-16	78 3-16
145	Reading 1st pf.	46¾	46¾	46¾
150	So. Rwy.	31¼	31¼	31¼
617	Tonopah Mining	6 11-16	6¼ 6	11-16
720	Union Traction	53	52¾	53
247	United Gas Imp.	87¾	87¾	87¾
13,861	U. S. Steel	71¾	69¾	71¼
250	Warwick I. & S.	9	9	9
5	W. J. & S.	50	50	50

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The copartnership of Allan Bond and William J. Buttfield, under the firm name of Bond & Buttfield, has been dissolved. Mr. Bond has been admitted to the firm of Daniel O'Dell & Co., 71 Broadway. Mr. Buttfield, with Charles W. McCutchen as special partner, will continue the brokerage business at 67 Exchange Place.

Directors of the Southern Iron and Steel Company received from President Hassinger yesterday estimates of cost for the authorized improvements and additions to be made to the properties of the company. The plans were approved and the necessary expenditures authorized. It is the intention to push the work as rapidly as possible, and it is expected that the plants of the company will be in full operation by the latter part of September.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

American Securities Close Firm on the London Exchange.

LONDON, July 15.—Money was firm on the market to-day. The calls of £5,000,000 sterling more than offset the dividend distributions of £2,000,000. Discounts were dearer on foreign gold inquiry.

On the Stock Exchange operators showed little disposition to enter upon fresh commitments in the present dull appearance of the market. Giltedged securities hardened a fraction on the London Bank return, and foreign rails drooped, but Kaffirs and Russian bonds improved on Paris support.

American securities opened at about parity. Later prices advanced slightly on light buying, and at noon the market was steady from ⅛ lower to ⅛ higher than yesterday's New York closing. In the afternoon United States Steel received attention on dividend rumors, and Steel common touched 72⅝. Wall Street then supported Amalgamated Copper, which also improved, and the market finished firm.

Bar silver steady, 23½d per ounce.
Money, ¾ per cent.
The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1 5-16@1⅜ per cent.; for three months' bills, 1⅝@1 7-16 per cent.

PARIS, July 15.—Trading was sluggish on the Bourse to-day and prices were heavy.
Three per cent. rentes, 97f 65c for the account.
Exchange on London, 25f 19c for checks.

BERLIN, July 15.—There was a firmer tone on the Boerse to-day.

Bank of England.

LONDON, July 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve increased £174,000, circulation increased £282,000, bullion decreased £108,499, other securities decreased £2,268,000, other deposits decreased £1,670,000, public deposits decreased £1,954,000, notes reserve increased £77,000, Government securities decreased £1,503,000.
The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 52.24 per cent.; last week it was 48.82 per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, July 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation increased 9,825,000f, Treasury deposits decreased 8,725,000f, general deposits decreased 45,225,000f, gold in hand decreased 6,750,000f, silver in hand decreased 2,875,000f, bills discounted decreased 36,925,000f, advances decreased 13,600,000f.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84 3-16	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account	84⅛	..	..	+1-16
Anaconda	9⅝	46¾	46¾	+ ⅛
Atchison	110	116	116	..
Can. Pacific	189½	184¾	184¼	+ ½
St. Paul	158	154½	153⅞	+ ⅝
Erie	37	36⅛	36	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	54¼	53	52⅞	+ ¼
Ill. Central	160½	156¾	156	+ ¾
Louis. & Nash.	145	141½	141⅜	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	136	132⅛	132½	..
Pennsylvania	70⅜	138	137⅝	+ ⅛
Reading	79¼ ex	156¼	156¼	..
Southern Pacific	136½	133	133	..
Union Pacific	198⅜	193⅞	193½	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel	72½	70¾	69¾	+ 1⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	129	126	125⅝	+ ⅜

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95	96
German consol 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102½	103½
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85	86
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88	89
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British consol 2½s	84	85

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	6	Esperanza	3	0	0
Tomboy	1	2	0	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	5	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT—July was again the centre of interest yesterday. It opened excited and 3c a bushel higher in New York, at $1.34, and was 2¾c higher in Chicago, selling at $1.29. The jump was credited to overnight orders, for almost immediately the price began to recede under clearing weather in the Southwest, and near the close fairly collapsed in sympathy with a seven-cent break in cash wheat at St. Louis. Railroads in the Southwest were reported loaded with wheat waiting for shipment, which, presumably the clearing weather and subsiding floods will make possible. Cables came steady and ¼d to ⅝d higher from Liverpool and ⅞c higher from Berlin. Receipts in the Northwest at all Western points were 250,000 bushels, compared with 668,000 bushels last year. No export business was reported, and on the late curb September sold off ½c further to $1.17⅞. Cash wheat in New York closed: No. 2 red, $1.45 elevator and free on board, afloat, for old; new No. 2 red, $1.21⅛ free on board afloat, and August No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.42⅝, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.40⅝ free on board afloat, for old.
CORN—Owing to good rains in Oklahoma prices dropped about a cent per bushel yesterday. Receipts aggregated 253,000 bushels at all interior points, compared with 256,000 bushels a year ago. Liverpool was ½d higher. In New York, cash corn was easier, 3¼c for old No. 2 in elevator, and 79½c free on board afloat; new No. 2, 64½c free on board afloat, Winter shipment.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednes. Close.
July	$1.34	$1.30	$1.30	$1.31
September	1.19⅞	1.18	1.18	1.19⅝
December	1.16⅝	1.15⅝	1.15⅝	1.17¼
May	..	..	1.17¼	1.18½
Corn—				
July	..	..	80½	80½
September	..	..	74⅝	75¼
December	..	..	67	67¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednes. Close.
July	1.29	1.22¼	1.28½	1.26⅝
September	1.12⅝	1.10⅝	1.10⅝	1.12⅝
December	1.09½	1.08	1.08	1.09⅝
Corn—				
July	72⅝	71¼	71⅝	72¾
September	67	65⅞	66	66⅞
December	56⅝	56⅛	56½	57
Oats—				
July	48⅞	48½	48½	48⅞
September	43	42⅝	42⅝	43⅛
December	43	42½	42½	43¼
Lard—				
September	11.85	11.80	11.82	11.80
October	11.80	11.70	11.72	11.72
Ribs—				
September	11.50	11.42	11.50	11.42
October	11.17	11.12	11.15	11.10
Pork—				
September	21.17	21.00	21.07	20.95
January	18.00	17.90	17.95	18.05

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Business at the Metal Exchange yesterday was dull. Tin was lower in the asking figure. Other commodities continued quiet and unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday spot copper receded 1s. 3d. from the final figure of Wednesday; futures made a drop of 2s. 6d. from Wednesday's final price. The market finished quiet, final quotations ruling at: Spot, £58; futures, £58 12s. 6d.

Pig tin closed quiet with spot deliveries unchanged, at £131 12s. 6d. and future deliveries up 2s. 6d., to £133 2s. 6d. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged, at £12 11s. 9d. Spelter and Cleveland warrants were steady and unchanged, at £22 and 48s., respectively.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Wednesday:

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lake	13.25	13.87½	13.25	13.37½
Electrolytic	12.62½	12.87½	12.62½	12.87½
Castings	12.50	12.75	12.50	12.75
Spelter	5.30	5.40	5.30	5.40
Lead	4.32½	4.35	4.32½	4.35
Tin	28.87½	29.02½	28.87½	29.12½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar 4s, March 15, 1911	99	99½
Am. Cigar 4s, March 15, 1912	98¼	98¾
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	101⅛
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101½	101¾
Interborough 5s, March, 1910	101¼	101⅜
Interborough 5s, May, 1911	104½	104⅝
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	99⅞	100¼
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	101
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅝	100⅞
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	101¼	101⅜
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅜	100⅛
New York Central 6s, Feb., 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	101	101⅛
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100⅛	100⅜
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅜	100⅝
Tidewater Co., June, 1911	102⅜	102⅝
West. N. & M. Co. 6s, Aug., 1910	101¼	101½

Interest to be added.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.03	Hale & Norcross	.21
Alpha Con.	.07	Julia	.06
Andes	.13	Kentucky Con.	.03
Belcher	.42	Mexican	.03
Best & Belcher	.30	Occidental Con.	.13
Bullion	.16	Ophir	1.27
Caledonia	.15	Overman	.24
Challenge Con.	.15	Potosi	.33
Chollar	.10	Savage	.18
Confidence	.70	Sea Belcher	.06
Con. Cal. & Va.	.71	Sierra Nevada	.30
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.44
Crown Point	.14	Utah Con.	.03
Gould & Curry	.15	Yellow Jacket	.11

Silver bars, 51; drafts, sight, 20 2½ cents premium; telegraph, 40 5 cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.01
Belmont	.83	Daisy	.24
Jim Butler	.09	Diamond Field	.03
McNamara	.25	Goldfield Con. M.	6.25
Midway	.20	Great Bend	.06
Montana	.62	Jumbo Ext.	.12
Tonopah Ext.	.45	Lone Star	.03
West End	.22	Red Hills	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm	.09
Adams	.01	Silver Pick	.10
Atlanta	.09	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mount.	.05
Combination Frac.	.75	Tramps Con.	.06

THE COFFEE MARKET.

The coffee market was very quiet yesterday, but ruled a little steadier under very light offerings. The market closed steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. Sales were reported of 7,500 bags.

Contract prices were as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Wed. Close.
July	7.05	7.05	7.05@7.10	7.05
August	6.10	6.10	6.05@6.10	6.00
September	5.75	5.75	5.70@5.75	5.70
October	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.40
November	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
December	5.40	5.40	5.40@5.45	5.35
January	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
February	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
March	5.40	5.40	5.40@5.45	5.35
April	..	..	5.40@5.45	5.35
May	..	..	5.40@5.50	5.40
June	..	..	5.40@5.50	5.40

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 15.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	10	10¾	Jackpot	9	10
Elkton	68½	69	McKinney	39¾	41
El Paso	53	53¼	Portland	75	75½
Gold Dollar	13¼	13¾	Vindicator	68	70
Isabella	21½	.22¼	J. Sample	7	8¾

Some Important Facts

THE "WALL STREET JOURNAL" is a daily paper which sells for five cents. Its circulation is small, probably not over fifteen thousand

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Upper Fifth Avenue Block of Lofts Planned—New $600,000 Apartment Building for Park Avenue—Dealings by Brokers and at Auction.

Plans have been filed for a three-story loft and store building with a frontage of 199.10 feet and a depth of 85 feet, to be erected from designs by Walter E. Thompson on the block front on the east side of Fifth Avenue from 125th to 126th Street, at a cost of $50,000, and for a six-story loft building from designs by W. W. Pearse, architect, for Sophia B. Silleck, at 510 to 514 West Twenty-seventh Street, at a cost of $40,000.

Plans have been filed for enlarging the four-story dwelling at 789 Madison Avenue and making it over into a store building with two suites of flats on the upper floors, the change of occupancy being made at a cost of $13,000 from designs by Albro & Lindeberg for W. Holden Weekes, and for remodeling the four-story dwelling at 618 Fifth Avenue, installing stores on the lower stories, the improvements being made at a cost of $12,000 for the Kemp Real Estate Company from designs by E. Elliot R. Coe.

Plans have been filed for making over the four-story dwelling at 107 East Sixteenth Street into a loft building, the change of occupancy being made for Hyman & Oppenheim at a cost of $15,000 from designs by C. B. Meyers.

Apartment Building for Park Ave.

Pickering & Walker, as architects for the 829 Park Avenue Company, M. K. Miller, President, have filed plans for a new twelve-story apartment house to be built for the company at the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street. It will have a frontage of 107 feet and a depth of 100 feet, and contain forty-eight suites of apartments. It is to cost $600,000.

Plans have been filed for a six-story flat house with suites for thirty families to be built from designs by C. B. Meyers for Harris Sokolski, adjoining the old Seventh Street Methodist Church, at the corner of Hall Place and Seventh Street, immediately in the rear of the old Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory. It will front 75 feet on the street and is to cost $48,000.

Apartment House Sold on West 79th Street.

White & Pierce have sold for the J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Company to an investor 44 East Seventy-ninth Street, southeast corner of Madison Avenue, a five-story apartment house, on lot 21 by 80, opposite the Cook block. The property has been held at $125,000.

To Remodel St. Bartholomew's Rectory.

Plans have been filed by Percy Griffin, as architect for St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, for remodeling the old rectory adjoining the church, at the corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. The present porch and basement are to be removed and a new brownstone entrance built. The first floor will be refitted as a chapel, with a mortuary chapel built as an extension. The upper floors will be refitted as meeting rooms for various societies of the parish. The improvements are to cost $15,000. A neighboring residence is being fitted as rectory to replace the old pastoral residence.

Janes & Leo, architects, have filed plans for a seven-story fireproof tenement house, without elevators, to be built for the Fogliasse-Clement Construction Company in the original "Little Italy" colony, at 217 and 219 Thompson Street. The building will have a frontage of 50 feet and a depth of 100 feet and will cost $70,000.

Dwelling on East 168th Street Sold.

The Woodstock Exchange has sold the four-family brick house, on plot 28 by 90, at 573 East 168th Street for J. J. Lucey to Katherine Wendling.

J. Massimino has sold 74 Tremont Avenue, corner of 177th Street, a four-story two-family house, to Mrs. Ellen McGuire. Mr. Massimino erected a row of nineteen houses at this point.

Steven B. Ayres has purchased from Archibald Douglas and H. M. Merriman Plots 3 and 14 of Arden tract, the Bronx, with a frontage of more than 200 feet on East 222d Street.

To Build Apartments on 181st Street.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to a builder the plot, 104.5 by 153.8 by 123.3, at the southeast corner of 181st Street and Haven Avenue, to a builder, who will improve it with a six-story elevator apartment house.

Sale of Woodlawn Road House.

E. J. Adams & Co. have sold for Jacob Fisher to a client 3,199 Woodlawn Road, west corner of Bainbridge and Van Cortlandt Avenues, a two-family house, 25 by 100.

Commonwealth Ave. Dwelling Sold.

Moran, Hahn & Moran have sold for Mrs. Bischoff the dwelling at 100 Commonwealth Avenue, Van Nest, to a client for occupancy.

Tenants for Downtown Stores.

Huberth & Gabel have leased for Saul Deiches the four-story building at 133 East Eighty-seventh Street, adjoining the corner of Lexington Avenue, to David J. Rothschild. The same brokers also leased for Mr. Deiches to the Century Athletic Club 99 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn.

Hell & Stern have leased for Henry Corn in the new building now being erected at 54 to 62 West Twenty-first Street the fourth, fifth, and seventh lofts, a total floor space of about 33,000 square feet, to Blauner Brothers & Co. and the Oceanus Manufacturing Company. The leases are for a long term of years at a total rental of over $100,000.

O'Connor, Lawrence & Ellison have leased the corner store of the newly altered building at the northeast corner of Church and Liberty Streets to a café company for a term of years at a rental aggregating about $100,000; also one of the small stores in the same building to Mark A. Gerard for a term of years.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the building at 116 John Street to the Zonol Products Company; also, offices in the Terminal Building to Guerther & Nolte, and a floor in 27 Beekman Street for Potter & Brother to Frasca & Cingolo.

William J. Room & Co. have leased the building at 2,206 Broadway to Michael Anastasio and Lazarus Lefkowitz for a term of years.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased for a client 46 West Forty-eighth Street, to Dr. F. C. Yeomans for a term of years.

Brooklyn Dwellings Sold.

Edwin M. La Roche, Brooklyn, reports the following recent sales:

At Bath Beach, Brooklyn, 8,824 Bay Ninth Street, dwelling on plot 40 by 100 from Jessie Rollins to an investor.

At Bensonhurst, 2,225 Eighty-fifth Street, dwelling on plot 60 by 100, from Bernard Murphy to J. Le Roy Gibson.

At Far Hills, N. J., twelve acres on Lamington Road from Jessie Rollins to Frederick C. Osborne. Plans are being drawn to improve same with a country residence and garage; also, eight acres fronting on Pluckamin Road, adjoining the Osborne tract, from Jessie Rollins to J. P. D. Shiebler, to be improved with a country house and outbuildings.

Long Island City Plots Sold.

Stuard Hirschman has sold to a Manhattan operator a plot in Long Island City, situated on the north side of Flushing Avenue, 154 feet east of Hallett Street, 50.4 by 139 and irregular. It is the intention of the purchaser to improve the plot this Fall with a business building.

Suit to Foreclose on Duane St. Block.

Suit has been brought in the Supreme Court by Edward Roche against John R. Bartlett and others to foreclose a mortgage of $183,000 on property on block bounded by Duane Street, Washington Street, Reade Street, and West Street. The mortgage was made by John R. Bartlett on July 12, 1906. Young, Ver Planck, Prince & Flanders of 149 Broadway are the attorneys for the plaintiff.

Justice Erlanger of the Supreme Court has appointed Albert Sanders receiver of the rents of 187 and 189 Pearl Street, a store and loft building, pending a suit brought by Mabel R. Cushing against the Freybell Realty Company and others to foreclose a mortgage of $13,000.

Justice Gleegerich of the Supreme Court has appointed Daniel Hanly receiver in supplementary proceedings for Louis Meryash, builder, in a suit brought by the Mechanics and Traders Bank, a judgment creditor for $10,287. Mr. Meryash was formerly interested in an apartment house on West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Herbert A. Sherman.

6th Av, 755, s w corner of 48d St, 21.5x61, four-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to Arthur Jost, $5,000.

By Samuel Marx.

Broadway, 2,828-2,834, s e corner of Cathedral Parkway, 100x100 and irregular, leasehold, two-story Lion Palace; all right, title, &c., of J. F. Douthitt, C. A. Holland, and Holland Amusement Co.; foreclosure sale; adjourned to July 22.

By Joseph P. Day.

Avenue D, 55 and 57, s w corner of 5th St, 41x80, two five-story tenements and two-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to Samuel Shapiro, $46,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

St. Nicholas Av, 712, s e s, 166.10 ft n of 145th St, 21x100, four-story dwelling; foreclosure sale to Paul Halpin, $18,300.

THE BUILDING DERARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures In Manhattan and Bronx.

Thompson St, 217 and 219, for a seven-story brick tenement, 50x87; Fogliasse-Clement Construction Co., 189 Bleecker Street, owner; Janes & Leo, architects; cost, $70,000.

27th St, 510 to 514 West, for a six-story brick loft, 75x90; S. B. Silleck, 11 West 96th St, owner; W. W. Pearse, architect; cost, $40,000.

Park Av, 829, for a twelve-story brick apartment, 107x100; 829 Park Avenue Co., 103 Park Av, owner; Pickering & Walker, architects; cost, $600,000.

26th St, 27th St, 18th and 14th Avs, block, for a steel and frame freight platform, 6x108.6; Lehigh Valley Railroad Co., 143 Liberty St, owner; J. H. McCleece, architect; cost, $800.

Hall Place, s e corner of 7th St, for a six-story brick tenement, 75x68.2; H. Sokolski, 354 Grand St, owner; C. B. Meyer, architect; cost, $48,000.

5th Av, e s, 125th to 126th St, for a three-story brick store and lofts, 199.10x75; J. W. Powers, 34 Mount Morris Park, owner; W. E. Thompson, architect; cpst, $50,000.

White Plains Av, e s, 64.10 ft s of 221st St, for a one-story brick store, 50x80; S. M. Williamson, 219th St, owner; George P. Crosier, architect; cost, $10,000.

White Plains Av, s w corner of Mianna St, for a one-story frame store and dwelling, 28.6x47.6; A. Landsgribe, Morris Park Av, owner; T. J. Kelly, architect; cost, $6,000.

Briggs Av, e s, 175 ft s of 201st St, for a one-story frame shed, 12x16; C. Davis, 2,976 Briggs Av, owner and architect; cost, $150.

Crotona Av, w s, 201.84 ft s of 182d St, for two four-story brick tenements, 30x87.93 and 30x93.065; F. Guiliano, Villa Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $50,000.

Intervale Av, w s, 75 ft s of Home St, for two four-story brick tenements, 37.6x61 each; Volga Improvement Co., 332 Beekman St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $40,000.

Wales Av, w s, 125 ft n of 125th St, for a three-story brick dwelling, 20x55; Michael Marrone, 414 East 116th St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $7,000.

Bryant Av, e s, 200 ft s of 172d St, for four two-story brick dwellings, 18.9x55 each; Kinson Construction Co., (Alonzo Jackson, 87 Nassau St, President,) owner; Robert La Velle, architect; cost, $36,000.

213th St, 150 ft e of Carlisle Place, for a three-story brick tenement, 19.6x52; Angelo Josti, premises, owner; John Davidson, architect; cost, $12,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, 613, to a four-story brick dwelling; Kemp estate, 615 5th Av, owner; E. R. Coe, architect; cost, $12,000.

Madison Av, 789, to a four-story brick dwelling; W. H. Weekes, 128 Broadway, owner; Albro & Lindeberg, architects; cost, $13,000.

16th St, 107 East, to a four-story brick dwelling; G. Hyman and M. Oppenheim, 103 4th Av, owners; C. B. Meyers, architect; cost, $15,000.

41st St, 232 West, to a five-story brick tenement; S. and A. Manheimer, premises, owners; J. H. Knubel, architect; cost, $6,000.

Madison Av, 342, to a four-story brick rectory, &c.; St. Bartholomew's Church, premises, owner; P. Griffen, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JULY 15.

ANDREWS AV, w s, 325.10 ft n of 183d St, 50x99.11; Albert H. Moritz to Herman H. Moritz, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

ANDREWS AV, w s, 325.10 ft n of 183d St, 124.2x125; Herman H. Moritz to Clarence R. Dugan, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

BROOK AV, 1,498, e s, 25x100.9; Aaron Kosovsky to Abraham Cohen, $1.

BARETTA ST, n e corner of 167th St, 57.10x82.2; Vincenzo Razzano to Altro Realty Co., (mtg $16,000,) $100.

BRYANT AV, n e corner of 172d St, 100x100; Lewis V. La Velle to Elviel Realty Co., $1.

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 300 ft n of 122d St, 75.3x121.2; Edward F. Hassey, executor, to William J. Casey, $48,000.

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 300 ft n of 122d St, 75.3x121.2; Lots 37 and 38, part of Oak Tree plot; Jacob A. Frank to Frederick Damm, $1.

CYPRESS AV, 362, e s, 40x100; Israel Schulman to Hyman Schulman, (mtg $25,000,) $100.

FREDERICK ST, s e s, at s w corner of Bayard St, 45x87; Gisella Kleinberger to Samuel Plemsky, $100.

GRAND ST, 581 to 585, s s, 20x80.6 Charles A. Person to Irving Bachrach and another, $100.

GRANT AV, 954, e s, 20x105; William E. Diller to Patrick J. Flood, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

HULL AV, s e s, 135.11 ft s w of Suburban St, 50x110; Annie Werner to Magdalena Siemon, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

IRVINE ST, w s, 100 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x 38.2; Anna M. Pacher to Annie Peace, (mtg $6,000,) $1.

LEWIS ST, 55, w s, 175 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100; Lowen E. Gipn, referee, to Samuel Gorden, $500.

LEWIS ST, 55, w s, 175 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100; Samuel Gorden to Anna Slominsky, (mtg $17,400,) $100.

LOT 186, map of Van Nest Park; Nathan Dullich to Jacob Becher, (mtg $2,900,) $100.

LOTS 187, 188, 195, to 198, map of Walde Hutchins estate; Benjamin Fuchs to Bernat Zicherman, (mtg $3,430,) $1.

MANIDA ST, w s, 175 ft s of Spofford Av, 25x 100; John B. Dosso to Louisa Ratzka, (mtg $4,500,) $100.

MANNA ST, s s, Lots 19 to 21, map of Hunt estate, Van Nest; Annie Murphy and another to Anton Landgrebe, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

OLIVER PLACE, n s, at centre of Orchard St, 25x irregular; George V. Mullen to John Hollaran and others, $1.

PARK VIEW PLACE, Lot 56, map of Moses Devoe, 26x90; Thomas F. Murray to Marion P. Reed, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

PLOT 21, map of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicate; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Fort View Con. Co., $100.

SEAMAN AV, s s, 100 ft e of Academy St, 100x100; Frederic J. Fuller to Gretchen Schlotfeldt, ¼ part, (mtg $13,849,) $1.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 118, s w s, 15.7x97.6; Abraham C. Weingarten to Emil Klein, $1.

TREMONT AV, 749 and 751, n s, 69 ft w of Prospect Av, 50x96; J. C. Julius Langbein to Clement H. Smith, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

VAN BUREN ST, e s, 125 ft s of Columbus Av, 25x100; Nathan Driellich to Jacob Becher, (mtg $3,200,) $100.

WEST SCOFIELD AV, s s, Lot 4, map of property of Elizabeth Pell, 100x119; Pauline Wosslick to William D. Dayton, $100.

WEST SCOFIELD AV, n s, Lot 4, map of property of Elizabeth Pell, 100x119; Georgiana Secor to Rudolph Wosslick, Chicago, Ill., $100.

3D AV, 1,147 and 1,149, s e corner of 67th St, 40.5x100; 3d Av, 1,131 to 1,141, n e corner of 66th St, 120.5x100; Hamilton Heights Syndicate to Jesse W. Ehrich, (mtg $286,000,) $1.

3D ST, n s, 111.9 ft w of MacDougal St, 68x100; John Ryan to Pincus Lowenfeld and another, (mtg $27,000,) $100.

6TH ST, 640, s s, 22x97; Rose Schreiber to Albert Loewinthan, (mtg $18,971.99,) $1.

7TH AV, e s, 135.6 ft w of 11th St, 21x68.10; William Blumstein and others to St. Vincent's Hospital, $1.

23D ST, 165 West, 22x112.6; Emily G. Painter to Susan E. Woods, (mtg $55,000,) $100.

33D ST, 152 East, 18.9x25; Henry P. Jackson to Joseph F. Gross and another, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

51ST ST, 321 West, n s, 20x100.5; Forbes J. Holland to Mary Travers, $100.

51ST ST, n s, 312.6 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x100.5; Sophie Blaut to Arthur L. Kupfer, (mtg $7,000.) $1.

51ST ST, n s, 312.6 ft e of 2d Av, 18.9x100.5; Sophie Blaut to Arthur L. Kupfer, (mtg $7,000,) $1.

53D ST, 346 East, 25x100.5; Jonas Weil and others to Fanny Gruen, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

53D ST, 346 East, 25x100.5; Fanny Gruen to Jonas Weil and another, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

66TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 41.8x irregular; Pincus Lowenfeld and others to Jennie I. Ryan, (mtg $37,000,) $100.

75TH ST, n s, 34.4 ft w of Park Av, 17x102.2; Henrietta Ross, executrix, to Betty M. Hawkes, (mtg $30,000,) $45,000.

75TH ST, n s, 34.4 ft w of Park Av, 17x102.2; Betty M. Hawkes to Alliance Realty Co., (mtg $3,000,) $100.

79TH ST, 431 East, n s, 26x102.2; Mary Volanth to Abraham E. Levy, (mtg $18,400,) $100.

80TH ST, s s, 348 ft e of Avenue A, 50x102.2; Frank Faliotico, to J. Rumore Realty Co., (mtg $11,250,) $100.

87TH ST, 312 West, 17x100.8; Henrietta J. Erneman to Alice H. Dillon, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

88TH ST, 259 West, 18x100.8; Araminta Rockwood to Alma L. Fellows, $22,000.

93D ST, 9 East, n s, 20.6x100.8; Clara Rosenthal to Pine Investing Co., (mtg $33,000,) $100.

96TH ST, s s, 208.6 ft e of 3d Av, 96.6x100.8; Beke Schneider to Beke Klein, ¼ part, $100.

97TH ST, 213 East, n s, 24.6x100.11; Theo. K. McCarthy to Jenny E. Keil and another, (mtg $18,000,) $17,000.

98TH ST, 215 East, n s, 25.2x100.11; Charles A. Person to Irving Bachrach and another, $100.

104TH ST, 51 East, n s, 25x100.11; Samuel A. Borenstein to Bella Cohn, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

107TH ST, 129 East, n s, 50 ft w of Park Av, 25x75.11; Max Orbach to Simon Jarett, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

120TH ST, 308 West, s s, 25x100.11; Harris Jacoby to Max Jacoby, ½ part, (mtg $16,000,) $1.

121ST ST, 128 West, s s, 20x100.11; Pauline Strauss to Fanny Gruen, $1.

124TH ST, n s, 185 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11; John Hickey to Christian Brothers' Institute, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

154TH ST, n s, 370 ft w of Elton Av, 25x100; 154th St. n s, 395 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Balthasar Schoppelreg to John Schnakenberg, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

154TH ST, n s, 370 ft w of Elton Av, 25x100; 154th St, n s, 395 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Margaretha Hellmuth to John Schnakenberg, quitclaim, $1.

178TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 45x 91.2; Paterno Brothers to Annie M. Hyland, (mtg $39,000,) $100.

179TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Crotona Av, 50.4x 100; David Simon to Clara B. Freudenvoll, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

222TH ST, n s, 170 ft w of 4th St, 17.6x114; Max A. Schlessinger to Henrietta M. Redman, $3,000.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALTRO REALTY CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., Barretto St, n e corner of 167th St, 69.11x87.10, due April 14, 1910, 6% $33,000

ARTHUR AVENUE BUILDING CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Arthur Av, n e corner of 178th St, 50.1x105, demand, 6% $38,000

BAIRD, Isabella, to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 76th St, 49 West, due, &c., as per bond $25,000

BAUM, David, and others to Citizens' Savings Bank; St. Nicholas Av, w s, 84.11 ft n of 145th St, 66x100, due Nov. 15, 1914, 4½% .. $90,000

BARTHOLDI, Maria E., to Augusta E. Brown; 143d St, 454 East, 5 years, 5½% .. $5,000

BEHRENS, Anna, to The North New York Co-operative Building Association; Quincy St, w s, 100 ft n of Eastern Boulevard, 25x100, 3 years, 6% $2,750

BEHRENS, Anna, to North New York Co-operative Building and Loan Association; Irving St, w s, 125 ft n of Eastern Boulevard, 25x100, 3 years, 6% $2,750

BORENSTEIN, Samuel and Elias A. Cohen; 51 East 104th St, prior mtg $14,000, due &c., as per bond $2,800

BOSI, Louis, to Alwell Realty Co.; Melville St, w s 250 ft s of Van Nest Av, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond $2,000

CASEY, William J., to Edward F. Hassey and another, executors; Claremont Av, e s, 300 ft n of 122d St, 75x115.3, due July 14, 1912.. $43,000

CONGREGATION KEHILATH JESHURUN, corporation, to Jacob H. Rubin; 85th St, 117 to 121 East, installments, 6% $8,000

CORBILLETTA, Luigi, to Michele Balletto and another; Lot 5, map of H. P. Rose Co., due Nov. 19, 1910 ..... $450

DALLAS, Nettie, to Nannie K. Lane; Timpson St, s e s, 234.6 ft s of 149th St, 25x100, 3 years $4,500

DAMM, Frederick, to Jacob A. Frank; Lots 37 and 38, map of 68 lots of Oak Tree plot, 3 years, 5½% $3,750

DAVIS, Annie, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; Prospect Av, 689, 5 years... $6,000

DE JONGE, Annie, to Ullman B. Soule; Morris Av, e s, 180.6 ft s of 140th St, 29.8x—, prior mtg $17,000, due July 15, 1910, 6% .. $2,000

DILLON, Alice H., to Henrietta J. Erneman; 312 West 87th St, prior mtg $4,000, due May 1, 1911, 6% $3,750

EDELSTEIN, Matilda, to Ida L. Davis; Private St, e s, 501.1 ft s of Fort Washington Park, —x—, 6 years, 6% $10,000

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to Lewis V. La Nelle; Bryant St, n e corner of 172d St, 100x100, prior mtg $36,500, due March 15, 1910, 6% .. $13,000

ELVIEL REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Bryant Av, n e corner of 172d St, 100x100, demand, 6% $36,500

FORT VIEW CONSTRUCTION CO. to Frederick Cooper & Co.; Plot 21, map of 55 plots of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicate, 5 years $180,000

FREUDENVOLL, Clara B., to David Simon; 179th St, n s, 100 ft w of Crotona Av, 50.4x 100, 3 years $2,100

GOLDBERG, Samuel, to Louis Goldberg; Bowery, 101, prior mtg $35,500, due Aug. 1912, 6% $10,000

GROSS, Joseph F., to Henry P. Jackson; 33d St, 152 East, prior mtg $10,000, installments, $3,800

GRUEN, Fanny, to Scholle Brothers' Corporation; 121st St, 128 West, 5 years, 4% .. $16,000

HAWKS, Betty M., to Henrietta Ross and another, trustees; 75th St, n s, 34.4 ft w of Park Av, 17x102.2, due, &c., as per bond $15,000

HERB, Jacob, to Harry W. Watrous, executor; South St, n e corner of James Slip, 45x84.10 5 years, 4½% $57,000

HUNTSMAN, William E., Excelsior Savings Bank; 225th St, n s, 205 ft w of 3d St, 50x 114, Wakefield, 5 years $4,000

HYLAND, Annie M., to Paterno Brothers' Corporation; 178th St, s s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 45x91.2, prior mtg $35,000, 3 years, 6% .. $4,500

KAUFMAN, Philip, to Henry Braun; Jackson Av, w s, 160 ft s of Starling Av, 25x108, 3 years $3,500

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Whitlock Av, w s, 325 ft n of Barretto St, 37x100, due, &c., as per bond. $21,000

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Whitlock Av, w s, 325 ft n of Barretto St, 37x100, due, &c., as per bond. $21,000

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Whitlock Av, w s, 362 ft n of Barretto St, 37x100, due, &c, as per bond $21,000

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Whitlock Av, w s, 400 ft n of Barretto St, 2 lots, each 88.5x100, 2 mtgs. each $21,000, due, &c. as per bond.... $42,000

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Whitlock Av, w s, 287.6 ft n of Barretto St, 37.6x100, due, &c, as per bond $21,000

KATONAH CONSTRUCTION CO. to Theodore Wentz; Marmion Av, e s, 33.4 ft s of 178th St, 33.4x85.7, due Jan. 1, 1910, 6% ... $18,000

KATONAH CONSTRUCTION CO. to Theodore Wentz; Marmion Av, e s, 66.8 ft s of 178th St, 33.4x85.7, due Jan. 1, 1910, 6% ... $18,000

KATONAH CONSTRUCTION CO. to Theodore Wentz; Southern Boulevard, w s, 86.8 ft s of 178th St, 72.6x115.5, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

LANDGREBE, Anton, to Catharine McGhan; Lots 19 to 21, map of partition sale, Hunt estate, due, &c., as per bond $3,000

LEVY, Jacob, and another to Union Trust Co.; 2d Av, 2,332, due July 14, 1914, 4½% ... $8,000

LEVY, Jacob, and another to Union Trust Co.; 2d Av, 2,330, due July 14, 1914, 4½% ... $8,000

McCOY, Rosina F., to Frieda M. Buehrle; Lot 12 and part of Lot 11, map of Cebrie Park, due July 15, 1910, 6% $800

MACNAB, Marie, and another to William H. Murphy; Jesup Av, n w corner of Jesup Place, 125x97.6, due, &c, as per bond... $5,000

MANDEL, Edward, and others to Real Estate Mortgage Co.; Willett St, 62, due July 1, 1912 ..... $20,000

MANDEL, Edward and others, to Real Estate Mortgage Co. of N. J.; Willett St, 64, due July 1, 1912 ..... $20,000

MARESCA, John, to Elisa K. Dooling; Hughes Av, w s, 100 ft s of 187th St, 25x87.6, 3 years, 5½% $10,000

MOONEY, Thomas J., to Margaret M. Nugent and another; Home St, s e corner of Hoe St, 25.2x92, 3 years, 6% $4,500

MORANTE, Emilio, to Caroline S. Fellowes; 109th St, 324 East, 5 years $16,500

MORANTE, Emilio, to Esther Lion; 109th St, 324 East, prior mtg $16,500, 4 years, 6% .. $4,000

MURPHY, Patrick, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Pearl St, 504, prior mtg $14,000, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

NEAMANN, Robert H., to Philip A. Zoller; Fordham Av, w s, 106.2 ft n of 176th St, 27x 91.10, prior mtg $8,000, 3 years, 6% .. $2,000

QUIN, Eugene J., to Cornelius Callahan; Sedgwick Av, e s, adjoining land of Merrill, —x—, prior mtg $11,500, 1 year, 6% $2,500

REID, Marion P., to Thomas F. Murray; Park View Place, Lot 56, map of Moses Devoe, $3,800

RENDALL, John, to Anna L. Bachman; Webster Av, s e corner of 187th St, 21.6x100, due, &c, as per bond $30,000

RUSSO, [illegible] to Mary P. [illegible] ..... $[illegible]

to 41, map of 329 lots of Schieffelin estate, 5 years, 6% $3,000

RECORDON, Henry L. C., to Blanche La Croix; Nathalie Av, w s, Lot 35, map of Anthony estate, due July 1, 1919 ..... $3,000

REVEL REALTY AND SECURITIES CO. to Greenwich Savings Bank; 54th St, s s, 200 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9, due, &c., as per bond $30,000

SAUNDERS, Walter D., to Henry W. Lenbeck; Creston Av, e s, 300 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 20x75.3, 3 years, 5½ $3,000

SCHULMAN, Hyman, to Irving Savings Institution; Cypress Av, 362, prior mtg $25,000, due, &c, as per bond $3,000

SCHULMAN, Hyman, to Irving Savings Institution; Cypress Av, 364, prior mtg $25,000, due, &c, as per bond $3,000

SCHNAKENBERG, John, to B. Schoppelrey; 154th St, n s, 395 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100, prior mtg $8,000, due, &c., as per bond. $9,000

STRADINGER, Elizabeth, to Mary A. Campbell and another; Lot 41, Block A, map of Mapes estate, due July 1, 1912, 5½% ... $300

TOPLITZ, Lillie L., to Charles E. Squier; 67th St, n s, 181.1 ft w of Broadway, 25x75.5; Broadway, w s, 84.9 ft n of 67th St, 28.1x 105.3, 4 years, 4½% $87,500

WENZEL, Anna, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 93d St, 54 West, due, &c, as per bond $24,000

WENZEL, Anna, to Frank Demuth and another; 93d St, 54 West, prior mtg $24,000, 2 years, 6% $3,500

WILLNER, Dora, to Henry Dreyer; Cherry St, 383, 3 years, 6% $4,000

WYNNE, John P. and another, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Tiebout Av, s s, 101.5 years $4,000

ZINN, John, to Julius Helderman; Leland Av, e s, 125 ft s of Wood Av, 25x100, 3 years, 6% $4,000

Mechanics' Liens.

41ST ST, 108 to 112 West; Davis Brown against Trustees of St. Luke's M. E. Church, owner; Charles E. Force & Co., contractors, $5,100.

26TH ST, 334 and 336 East; Simon Berger against Pauline Miller, owner; Adolph S. Miller, contractor, $252.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n e corner of 172d St, 95.6x125; Katz & Kanter against Ray Ginsberg, owner; Kingsway Construction Co., contractor, $2,000.

87 NICHOLAS AV, 202; Katz & Kanter against Morris Gordon and Harry Bloom, owner and contractor, $62.

31ST ST, 138 West; Sullivan Insulation Co. against Church of St. Francis of Assisi, owner; Hopkins-Jordan Co., contractor, $148.

87TH ST, s e corner of 22d St, 59.2x83; Michael O'Connell against Bradish J. Smith, owner; William Dwyer and Frank Bennett, lessees and contractors, $765.

63D ST, 307 East; Abraham Goldman against Richard Price, owner; Ike Bloom, contractor, $50.

LEXINGTON AV, 30; Eller Manufacturing Co. against Ess Ert Realty Co., owner; Tassoff & Reichman, contractors, $25.

9TH AV, s w corner of 31st St, 21.4x70; Louis Rost against Sweeney Estate, owner; Abraham N. Jacob, lessee and contractor, $515.

41ST ST, 108 to 112 West; M. F. Westergren, Inc., against Charles E. Force & Co., owner and contractor, $2,375.

41ST ST, 108 to 112 West; Davis Brown against Chalmers Dale, owner; Sam S. & Lee Shubert, lessees; Charles E. Force & Co., contractors, $5,100.

CONCOURSE AV, s e corner of 178th St, 100x 75; Dimock & Fink Co. against Hagerman Construction Co., owner; M. Burufke & Co., contractors, $377.

BROOK AV, w s, 50 ft n of 170th St, 75x90; Candee, Smith & Howland Co. against Cohen & Eckman Corporation, owner and contractor, $1,840.

LEGGETT AV, n w corner of Kelly St, 118.7x 110.10x132.4x110; Albert E. Davis against Philipp Freudenmacher, owner and contractor, $400.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

MORRIS AV, 300; Barnet Narotzky against Annie de Jonge et al., June 10, 1909, $137.

BROOK AV, s e corner of 170th St; Samuel Solomon against Lennon Construction Co. et al., June 14, 1909, $350.

235TH ST, s s, 105 ft e of Carpenter Av; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Germansky Construction Co. et al., June 30, 1909, (by bond,) $498.

235TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Carpenter Av; Unionport Lumber and Manufacturing Co. against Germansky Construction Co. et al., June 22, 1909, (by bond,) $487.

235TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Carpenter Av; Edward Weber against Germansky Construction Co. et al., June 24, 1909, (by bond,) $226.

Lis Pendens.

18TH ST, 530 East; Paul Hellmann against Henry Kramer et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. A. Hovell.

7TH AV, 169; 20th St, 164 West; Thomas H. Styles against Thomas G. McClatchey et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. F. Kimber.

12TH ST, s s, 286 ft e of 5th Av, 61.8x108.3; Parker Sheet Metal Works against Julia Fitzgerald et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, L. Rosenberg.

DUANE ST, Washington St, Reade St, and West St, block, &c.; Edward Roche against John R. Bartlett et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Young, Ver Planck, Prince & Flanders.

CANNON ST, 98; Hene Cooper against Josset Wisselthler et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Seidman.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

There are many

defects of title, some known, others unknown, unsuspected. Some can be cured; some insured; some neither. Better consult us.

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,000,000
($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

DOUBLE FLAT, $4,000 CASH.

Unusual opportunity to purchase five-story flat, no steam, perfect order, fully rented, Indiana limestone front; janitor's apartment in basement. Best renting section of Harlem, immediately adjacent to 116th St. and Lenox Av. Price $39,000 each, mortgaged $25,000, four years.

Arnold, Byrne & Baumann, 41 Liberty St.

Nothing is Cleaner and Brighter than
WHITEWASHING
well done. F. J. FLECK & CO.,
407 West 18th St. Tel. 99 Chelsea.

Estate money; liberal loans, Manhattan property; brokers protected. F. Goldsmith, Attorney, 41 Park Row.

Below 14th St.

BARGAIN TO INVESTORS

Loft building in Washington Square district. Will trade or sell for cash.

Full Commission to Brokers.

LEWIS B. PRESTON,
165 BROADWAY.

East Houston, running through to 2d St.; four tenements, stores; $27,500; mortgage, $22,000; 5%, 5 years; violations. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

East Side.

Must Sell This Month—Single flat, near 3d Av., above 96th St.; $11,000; only $3,500 cash. Seide, 1,424 Madison Av.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ONE FAMILY BRICK HOUSES.

All latest improvements; open for inspection daily; Briggs Av., north of 194th St., Fordham. WM. H. WRIGHT & SON, Owners.

Beautiful University Heights Section.—New 10-room 1-family dwelling, large plot; investigate and be convinced. Owner, 120 West 190th St.

Plot 70x200, excavated, not restricted, vicinity Tremont, Crotona Avs., $11,000. Owner, Tel. 1545 Stuyvesant.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Property subdivided into building lots. Chas. A. Nutting, the Land Auctioneer, World Building.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHNSTON & HENDERSON,
Timber and Agricultural Lands,
Room 605, 115 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—SALE OR TO LET.

STRAWBERRY HILL, STAMFORD, CONN. For Sale—Gentleman's all-year country place of five acres, most beautiful section; house contains six master's and four servants' bedrooms, three master's and one servants' bath; house bricklined; electricity and steam heat; barn, greenhouse, icehouse, cow barn, chicken house, toolhouse, and gardener's cottage; all buildings in first-class condition; g

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COOK—French, German, or Swedish preferred, in small family, at seashore for Summer; wages $25. Answer, with references, Box C 37 Times, Times Square.

EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN for CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE. Steady positions and good salaries to capable saleswomen for this department. Apply to Superintendent, 8-10 A. M. or by letter. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., Lexington to 3d Av., 59th-60th St.

FAMILY IRONER.—First-class ironer only need apply. 69 West 109th St.

MODEL, junior, to try on 14-year size suits in misses' suit house; skirt length 35; highest salary paid. Metzendorf Bros., 35 East 12th St.

MODEL MISSES' suit house desires stylish young lady experienced as showroom model; highest salary paid. Metzendorf Bros., 35 East 12th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Young lady; absolutely refined; knowledge of French and typewriting; short hours. C 43 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, with business sense and tact; must have had experience; state salary wanted and length of experience and references. Address Competent, Box C 38 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced young lady, who can take dictation correctly and assist with bookkeeping; must write plainly. Apply by letter or personally Monday morning. Davies, 821 Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Hotel switchboard; references. C 12 Times, Times Sq.

WANTED—IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE, A NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN EXPERIENCED IN CLERICAL WORK; MUST BE ABLE TO FIGURE QUICKLY AND ACCURATELY, AND WRITE NEATLY. ADDRESS "DEPARTMENT STORE," BOX 125 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANT a number of girls in our mailing department experienced in referring to Dun's and Bradstreet's books; none other need apply; address by letter, stating where formerly employed and salary desired. S. F. Myers Co., 47 Maiden Lane.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman as companion and help for young woman at comfortable farm in West Berkshire Hills, Mass.; transportation and $5 per month; references. Address C. Beckwith, Ringville, Mass.

WANTED—Young lady in Brooklyn shoe factory; must have some knowledge of order entry work; state experience and salary. B. S., Box 166 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, knowledge of bookkeeping, one who can operate typewriter. Apply by letter. Address J. E. Middle, 377 Broadway.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

HELP WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN to learn the publishing business; make application by letter. Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., publishers, 428 West Broadway.

DESIGNER.—First-class designer wanted by a leading Philadelphia waist and dress house; salary no object, and an excellent opportunity for the right party. C 21 Times, Times Square.

WANTED,
EXPERIENCED BOND MAN
FOR OUTSIDE TERRITORY.
B., Box 29 New York Times, 80 Broadway.

WANTED—Experienced varnish salesman for New York City and State for carriage and automobile trade; also for furniture, architectural and dealers' trade. Address, stating age, experience, and salary wanted, C Box 40 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—For banking business, cable clerk knowing shorthand and typewriting; state previous experience, age, and salary expected. H 165 Times Downtown.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED.—We receive more calls for salesmen than we can fill; traveling salesmen are the best paid class of men in the world; they earn from $1,000 to $10,000 a year and expenses; you can easily enter this pleasant, well-paid profession; we will teach you to be a high-grade salesman by mail and our free employment bureau will assist you to secure a good position; if you earn less than $50.00 a week and want to increase your earnings, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how; write or call for it to-day. Address National Salesman's Training Association, 810-D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

AGENTS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AGENTS wanted to sell our riders' policies, issued to both men and women, covering accidents, sickness, and death, and all occupations, giving $3,000 death and $15 weekly benefits, costing but $5 per annum; something entirely new; extra large commission given. Call or address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York. Established 24 years.

AGENTS to sell photo tickets. Stremnel, 212 East 14th St.

ENERGETIC men make big money with our Patent Button Camera; lowest price and best button camera made; on installments if desired. Cee-Bap Manufacturing Co., 629 West 43d St.

TEA and coffee agents wanted; experience not necessary; good opportunity to build up a nice business for yourself; ask for our free sample case offer; write or call. Burns & Reed, importers, 209 Hudson St., New York.

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—STENOGRAPHER.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or offices assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5,712 Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Lady, knowledge typewriting, for 5th Av. house; $12. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill, Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

COOKS, $25; laundresses, $25; waitresses, nurse. Flaherty Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741—Riverside.

MISS NELSON'S Swedish Employment Bureau, 570 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, and laundresses; references thoroughly investigated; 'phone 3679 Plaza.

MRS. RICE KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Thoroughly competent domestic help; investigated references. Tel. Riverside 9348.

Steele's Help Exchange, 155 West 133d St.—First-class colored help, male and female. Mrs. C. Steele. 'Phone 1366 Morningside.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER—Thoroughly competent beginner; limited experience; moderate salary. Box P 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, intelligent; competent to fill difficult position; best references; $15. Reliable, H 133 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable beginner, business college graduate; will take moderate salary where there is a chance to advance. Emma Rogers, 759 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate transcriptions; experienced, intelligent, educated; substitute, permanent; reference. P. L., 127 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, but neat, rapid, accurate, desires permanent position; $7. Worthy, H 134 Times, Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, with good reference, would like place in sanitorium or care of invalid or would travel. C 42 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, supervised; weekly and monthly arrangement; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. Telephone 3539—Worth.

A LECTURER AND ELOCUTIONIST wishes engagements. L. W., 207 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; balances, systematizes, audits books, regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, skilled, licensed, German-American of excellent family, desires to accept position in private family. Chauffeur, care William Fahibusch, 1,392 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR.—German-American, married; experienced Haynes and Buick cars; handy with tools; private family preferred; city, country; reference. Gus, 216 Willis Av.

DETECTIVE.—Confidential investigating, shadowing; licensed, bonded. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3436 Bedford.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, 21 years, high school graduate, desires position in office. C 2 Times, Times Square.

OFFICE BOY.—Boy, 13, honest, willing to work, as errand or office boy; $4 to start. H. M. Mannheimer, 477 West 140th St.

SECRETARY.—Awaiting an appointment; an expert in Surrogate work; 20 years' experience in management of estates; just completed and closed an extensive estate; would entertain secretarial position; highest personal references. B 156 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 20, with several years' experience in the advertising department of a prominent newspaper, wishes a position where good, hard work is appreciated; long hours no drawback; will go outside of city; no soliciting; best references. C 6 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

New York.

ACCOMMODATIONS for few boarders; high ground, overlooking Hudson, with shore front; large rooms; excellent table. Terms apply Mrs. J. M. Gavcy, Grand View-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Beautiful mountain scenery, large, shady lawn; modern conveniences; no children; two hours from New York. Mrs. L. H. Palmer, Sugar Loaf, N. Y.

Berkshire Hill.—Shady Rest: bathing, fishing; small farm; $6. Maud Barber, Petersburgh, N. Y.

Elm Place Farm.—Mountain air; shady lawn; piano; terms on application. S. J. Reeve, Middletown, N. Y.

Long Island.

ARVERNE.—Aug. 1 to Sept. 11, large room, southwestern exposure; three windows and private balcony; excellent table; best location. For terms address Joseph E. Baer, 251 5th Av., New York.

A JEWISH FAMILY have one large ocean-front room. Sea View Cottage, Atlantic Av., Far Rockaway. Telephone Far Rockaway 799.

At Greenport, L. I.—Choice rooms, all modern conveniences, excellent table, at $8 to $10 per week; children $5. I. M. Rayner, Phone 87 W.

New Jersey.

MANNAHASSETT HOTEL, Monmouth Beach, N. J.—Special rate. Over Sunday, $3.50. Stage meets all trains; on Shrewsbury River; bathing, boating, fishing, garage; rates $10 per week up. Wastena Co., 80 William St., New York City. Telephone 669 John.

Can accommodate several boarders in a quiet, reserved home; piazza; shade; bath; lakes near by; commuting distance, Lackawanna, $8 to $14. Box 202 Denville, N. J.

WILL take a few boarders in real country; country table; terms reasonable. Address Mrs. E. L. G. Ely, Robbinsville, Mercer Co., N. J.

WHITLOCK VILLA, KEYPORT, N. J.
Select private hotel; excellent table; good fishing, bathing free to guests; rates $6 up.

New England.

Unusual board and references; 40 adults, exclusively; choice table; delightful house; fine site; superb, convenient region. Superior, Box 166, Manchester, Vermont.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

Two Hobrew young men desire country board at reasonable rate; please write particulars at once. C 18 Times, Times Square.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.—A most attractive house; cool, comfortable, and quiet; with or without private bath; Summer rates.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, adjoining bath; cool, light; table guests.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suites; private bath; single room; electric lights; Southerners accommodated.

80TH ST., 102 WEST,
(THE ANDERSON,)
Formerly 150 and 152 West 80th St.
Cool Summer location, between Central Park and Riverside Drive; beautiful suites of one, two, three rooms and bath, furnished; American dining room; home cooking our specialty; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large, small rooms, light and cool; homelike surroundings; Summer rates; references.

82D ST., 117 WEST, (between Central Park and Riverside.)—Desirable large and small rooms; Summer rates.

82D, 122-124 WEST, Maison Pelletier.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; permanents; transients; Summer rates.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; "L," telephone.

84TH, 51 WEST.—Attractive large room; private bath; small, airy rooms; superior table; reasonable.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Large, small, cool rooms; near park, Subway, elevated; telephone; table board.

91ST, 48 WEST, (near Parks.)—Nicely furnished cool rooms; $7 up; table guests accommodated.

92D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; good table and service; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Two front rooms; bath; singly or en suite; home table.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; also single room; good board; telephone; references.

93D, 257 WEST.—In select house, large, small rooms, every convenience; Summer rates; table guests.

Noon To-Day

Advertisements for Help Wanted over fifty years of age will be received until 12 o'clock to-day. The advertisements are free of charge and limited to twenty-five words.

Advertisements will be accepted at Main Office, Times Building, Times Square, Downtown Office, 8 Spruce Street, or at the Wall Street Office, 80 Broadway. Advertisements may have box numbers, so that replies may be addressed care The New York Times.

The New York Times

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; also doctor's office; excellent board; Southern home.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Desirable vacancies; private baths; refined, homelike surroundings; parlor dining room; references.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; Summer rates; telephone; near Subway; table guests.

142D, 516 WEST.—Private house; running water; refined Christion family; home atmosphere; references expected.

147TH ST., 541 WEST, Washington Heights.—Large, cool, attractive rooms; references required.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d St.—Finest location in New York City; block from Riverside Park, Subway express station, and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms, overlooking park and river; private baths; private telephone; superior table; more foliage than country; every convenience.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references exchanged.

215T ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large, small rooms; park privileges; telephone; table guests.

22D ST., 33 EAST.—Very attractive single rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; special rates for Summer months; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large cool rooms, overlooking Wall St.; Subway; three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Room and board wanted by two gentlemen in strictly private family; near 125th St. and 7th Av. J. R., 263 West 125th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46.—Corner house; cool, well furnished, large, small rooms; home comforts; telephone.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; running water; all conveniences; bath; select; 'phone.

44TH ST., 233 WEST, (Astor Block.)—Large, well furnished rooms; Southerners accommodated; telephone 396—Bryant.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, clean rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; moderate; references.

50TH, 70 WEST.—High-class large, small, cool rooms; private baths; tourists accommodated.

64TH ST., 153 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms, $2 and up; reference exchanged; telephone; all conveniences.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; cool, comfortable; breakfast optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Cool, handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; Summer prices; telephone.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Elegant parlor floor, suitable for physician's office, private family.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; every convenience; telephone; references; private house.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; running water; first-class house.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive; private house; cool; south; large, small; abundant hot water; telephone.

88D, 68 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms, $3 up; breakfast; telephone; private house.

86TH ST., 310 WEST, near Riverside.—Desirable rooms, one or two gentlemen; reasonable; references.

87TH ST., 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room, bath adjoining; private family; convenient to "L" and Subway; gentlemen.

88TH ST., 570, West End Av.—Private house; a few handsomely furnished rooms and bath; terms moderate. Tel. 7,996 Riverside.

91ST ST., 55 WEST.
Two large rooms, one suitable for doctor, dentist; telephone 319—River; under new management.

91ST ST., 152 WEST.—Large, airy parlor suite; five windows; river breeze; newly decorated; comfortably furnished; Subway. "L"; $3, $6. Fulton.

93D ST., 111 WEST.—Large furnished room; also small; running water; large closets; private house.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms in private house, also excellent accommodations for physician; convenient location.

97TH ST., 25 WEST.—Large room for doctor or dentist; also one furnished; Summer rates.

112TH ST., 301 WEST.—Single room for gentleman; bath; near "L" and Subway; $2. Matthews.

114TH ST., (67 St. Nicholas Av.)—Outside room; elevator; $3.50; Subway, "L"; Apartment 12-2.

116TH ST., 363 WEST.—Comfortable room; strictly private house; water; bath; telephone; refined gentleman only.

118TH ST., 430 WEST, Apt. 46.—Attractive small room; southern exposure; very reasonable.

121ST ST., 246 WEST.—A southern exposed square room, with or without board; Summer rates.

130TH ST., 140 WEST.—Newly furnished large and hall rooms; Summer rates; tourists accommodated; telephone.

131ST ST., 264 WEST.—Large room, second floor, front; closets; running hot, cold water; telephone.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; ample closets; parlor; refined neighborhood; telephone; reasonable.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 348, corner 127th, Windermere Court.—Exceptionally fine furnished room, bath, kitchen; elevator, telephone; reduced $8 weekly upward; also suites of four, five, six rooms, beautifully furnished; lowest Summer rates; $8-$15 weekly.

East Side.

12TH ST., 223 EAST.—Nicely furnished large double parlor; suitable for light business; other rooms, bath.

29TH ST., 51 EAST.—Large, small connecting rooms; Summer prices; Southern guests solicited; board optional.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Delightful rooms, half block east of Waldorf; every convenience; telephone; Summer rates.

48D ST., 13 EAST, opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Desirable large room; running water; small, pleasant room.

49TH ST., 38 EAST.—Very desirable room for gentleman; also small room; moderate rental; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

East Side.

49TH ST., 50 EAST.—Attractive small room; also large room suitable for two gentlemen; low rate.

58TH ST., 34 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; reasonable.

59TH ST., Cor. Lexington, (739.)—Furnished room, bath, single, en suite; gentlemen. 6019 Plaza.

60TH ST., 57 EAST.—Large and small rooms; private house; near Central Park; reasonable; telephone.

116TH ST., 123 EAST, "The Leland."—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; private baths; $3 up.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion,)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

IRVING PLACE, 67.—Large connecting rooms, next bath; hallrooms; block Gramercy Park; references.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696.—Rooms, suites, $3-$10 weekly; private baths; board optional.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

$25,000 buys control in a $150,000 corporation of 10 years' active business, with $40,000 of 8% accumulative preferred stock still in the treasury to be sold for the benefit of the business; splendid chance for two or three interested parties to purchase a paying business where they would receive a good income on their money and could have salaried office positions as well. For personal interview and full particulars address Box 1,156 Boston, Mass.

$2,000.—I have patented an educational apparatus that has received the very highest indorsement of teachers and students to whom it has been demonstrated, who say it will revolutionize the method of teaching the branch to which it applies. I wish to interest some one who has $2,000 to invest in its manufacture; no agents. Address Educational, 163 Times Downtown.

For Sale, Culm Dump.—Located eight miles from Scranton, Pa.; tonnage 200,000 tons; railroad connections, New York, Ontario & Western and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western; an A1 investment. For information address R. L. C., 154 Times Downtown.

$20,000 will buy patents, new invention, showing over 100% profits and insuring return of investment on a year's sales. Principals given demonstrations and details. Soles, 32 West 30th.

Wanted—A philanthropist who is willing to acquire a small property so as to enable an inventor to complete the greatest invention of the age. H. Brown, P. O. Box 245.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

$15.00 REWARD for return of dark puppy, 4 months old, Afredale terrier, black back, yellow legs, shaggy hair and whiskers; License No. 5565, name Ridge. Dr. Henry Kreuder, 159 West 91st St.

FOUND—Evening July 12 lady's silver watch at Cortlandt and West Sts. Inquire of Mrs. O. T. Johnson, Sr., 123 Bement Av., West Brighton, S. I.

LOST—Fox terrier; black spots, brown face, with black streak; reward. McGee, 2,115 Newkirk Av., Flatbush.

LOST—Yorkshire terrier, from 667 8th Av.; reward if returned to Dr. F. C. Coland.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House, at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND—Keys, at 44th St., Madison Av. around 6 o'clock, Thursday evening. Louise Heinzelmann, 891 Trinity Av. Home after 7 P. M.

FOUND—Sunday, watch, 145th St. Subway Station. Inquire 512 West 143d St.

FOUND, July 14—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry St.:
Silver cup, gold lined, marked "To my Godson, from John W. Goff."
Quantity silverware, marked as follows: Whisky flask, "R. F. S."; cup, "J. D., Dec. 6, 1902"; soup spoons, "Young Mr. Corlott, from old man Dixon"; match safe, "W. W."; teaspoons, "I. M. L."; cigarette case, "B. D."; 6 teaspoons, "Y. Anders, 1890"; bracelet, "Edith, Washington, D. C."; 6 teaspoons, "James to Mother"; 6 teaspoons, "H. B. K"; teaspoons and tablespoons, "M. A. O."
FOUND, July 15—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages, envelope.
FOUND, July 15—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Three packages, two satchels.
FOUND, July 15—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Six packages, umbrella.
FOUND, July 15—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Three umbrellas, two packages.
FOUND, July 15—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Two packages, two hats, eyeglasses, rubber coat, overcoat, pair gloves, dress-suit case, knife.
FOUND, July 14—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J.: Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: ON TRAINS—Pair gloves, three packages, eyeglasses, umbrella, two bundles, lady's jacket. ON LIBERTY ST. FERRY—Book. ON SANDY HOOK ROUTE—Knife, cap.
FOUND, July 15—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.: Apply Commissary Department, Pier 19 North River: S. S. PRISCILLA, Fall River Line—Hat, pajamas, toothbrush, eyeglasses and case, purse, eyeglasses and pins, memo. book, hatpin, coat hanger, brush, toothbrush holder, 2 nightshirts, eyeglasses, box.
FOUND, July 14—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO.: Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Dress goods, photos, apron, shawl. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Book, blue print, photos, case, glove, package soap, &c.; cigars, pair gloves, package letters, comb, pocketbook, cane, magazine, eyeglasses, bottle, pair pajamas, books, toy, music, umbrella. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Broom, overalls, apron, bag, underwear, fan, Bible, eyeglasses, pair gloves, valise, check, package bolts, eyeglasses, music, box cigarettes, pair gloves, roll paper, 2 umbrellas, cane. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Books, underwear, 3 packages paper, pipe, photo, package watches, cigars. IN SUBWAY—23 purses, hatpin, pump, mail matter, lorgnette, books, pair gloves, shirt, box powder, photo, pass book, bandage, package bands, beads, legal papers, 2 coats, bank book, tobacco bag, package cloth, bathing suit, box cigars, books, package samples, cloth, wrench, package books, 3 umbrellas.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST—Round pearl brooch, set with 9 diamonds, with Masonic charm attached; dropped in Amsterdam Av. car, eastbound through 125th St., near 7th Av., July 10, 9:15 P. M.; reward. Return to Winthrop Hotel, 2,088 7th Av.

LOST—Tiffany watch, gunmetal case; black leather fob bearing N. Y. A. C. emblem attached; from Lyrice Theatre, West 42d St., to 59th St. and 6th Av.; reward. R. N. Dixon, New York A. C., 59th St. and 6th Av.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, open face, Tiffany make, monogram E. A. G., Subway train, southbound from West Farms, or on 42d St., July 9; reward. Drug Store, 11 West 42d St.

LOST—Gold brooch, greenish; half karat emerald, two small pearls, one chip diamond; like fleur de lis design; Oppenheim-Collins or from there to Matthew's; reward. 167 6th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—On Third Av. elevated, Thursday, a bundle of cancelled checks. Fifth Avenue Bank; the finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at the bank, Fifth Av. and 44th St.

LOST—Bank book, Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, No. 231,142, on Standard Lodge 54, I. O. S. B.; if found, please return to Joseph Todrus, Sec., 5 1st Av., New York.

LOST—Bank book, East River Savings Bank, No. 64,173, on Standard Lodge 54, I. O. S. B.; if found, please return to Joseph Todrus, 5 1st Av., New York, Secretary.

LOST—Bill book, leather, gold corners, containing $250 in three bills; also card of owner, either in Breslin barber shop or taxicab, S. B., Times, Times Square.

LOST—A package containing 27 amber cigarholders, on Canal St., between West Broadway and Centre St. Reward if returned to B. Levison, 232 Canal St.

LOST—On July 14, Broadway surface car, garnet necklace in box marked "Chester Billings." Reward for return to Russell, 7 Washington Place.

LOST—Dress suit case, (contents personal effects), umbrella, cane; July 2d, on L. I. R. R. outgoing train. $5 reward. J. L. Barnum, 153 East 86th St.

LOST—Plain gold ring, engraved inside "Christmas, 1880," locality of Fort Lee Ferry, New York side, July 12; $10 reward. 711 6th Av.

LOST—Gold fob, football shape, face "R. A. M. I.," back "Ed. Klonick, '07;" Riker's, 42d St.-6th Av.; reward. Return to 506 5th Av.

LOST—Bank Book No. 3,318, The Bronx Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—Gold bracelet, topaz stones, links, points; foreign make; reward. Barbarrosa, 25 West 84th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 210,529, Harlem Savings Bank; payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—34th St., Wednesday, pair of glasses in case; reward given. 19 West 34th St., fourth floor.

LOST—Piece of slate, 1 by 1¼ inches; man's carved face; reward. Room 1,212, 135 Broadway.

LOST—Three rings, July 2; reward the value thereof. Stimpson, 310 West 140th.

LOST—Bunch of keys on chain; reward. Return to Room 85, 35 South William St.

REWARD—$2,000, no questions asked, for the return of a package containing one large diamond bowknot brooch, one diamond tiara, one diamond paved watch, and one large emerald; lost on Erie ferryboat Passaic, that left Jersey City at 10:30 A. M. on June 20; absolutely no questions asked. Apply Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$100 REWARD.—Three-stoned diamond ring in ladies' room, Abraham & Straus; positively no questions asked. Peavey, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 Bryant.

LEGAL SALES.

JUDICIAL SALE OF PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to a judgment of the Second Court of Civil Suits of the District of Iturbide of the State of Chihuahua, in the Republic of Mexico, and pursuant to the powers contained in a certain deed of trust bearing date the 20th day of May, 1905, and duly protocolized and registered in the Republic of Mexico, made between The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Company and the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York as trustee, whose successors in the trust are the undersigned, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the office of the said Court in the City of Chihuahua, on Thursday, the 12th day of August, 1909, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all and singular the real and personal property hereinafter mentioned, and more specifically set out in the said deed of trust, namely:

First. All that certain tract of land being in the First Zone of the former County of Degollado, now called the District of Guerrero, in the Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, consisting of 190,372 hectares, more or less, being a portion of the premises granted to Mariano Garcia by the Government of the Republic of Mexico by patent dated January 22, 1886.

Second. All those certain tracts of land situate and being in the Second Zone of the former County of Degollado, now called the District of Guerrero, in the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, consisting of 270,884 hectares, more or less, and being the lands granted by the Government of Mexico by patent dated the 22d day of May, 1890, to Mariano Garcia.

Third. All that tract of land lying and being in the Third Zone of the former County of Degollado, now called the District of Guerrero, in the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, minutely described in the title issued by the Federal Government of Mexico on the 13th day of July, 1885, to the company, Jesus E. Valenzuala and Associates, containing 370,791 hectares, 46 ares, more or less.

Fourth. All that parcel of land situate and being in the extreme eastern portion of the Second Zone of the former County of Degollado, now called the District of Guerrero, in the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, consisting of 31,339 hectares, 39 ares of land, more or less, being the lands granted by the Government of Mexico by patent dated the 25th day of October, 1887, to the estate of the deceased Dr. Don Jose Pablo Martinez del Rio.

Fifth. All that tract of land situate and being in the extreme eastern portion of the Second Zone of the former County of Degollado, now called the District of Guerrero, in the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico, consisting of 5,768 hectares, 65 ares, more or less, and being a part of the lands granted to Mariano Garcia by the Government of Mexico under deed executed by the Federal Treasurer dated the 4th day of July, 1888.

Sixth. All that tract of land situate and being in the Second Zone of the District of Salvarripa, State of Sonora, Republic of Mexico, consisting of 72,784 hectares, more or less, being a portion of the lands granted to Lauro Carillo Company by the Government of the Republic of Mexico by patent dated the 27th day of October, 1887.

Together with all the real property, buildings, works, constructions, plants, rolling stock, raw materials, supplies, goods, wares, and merchandise, products, whether manufactured or in process of manufacture, and also real, mixed and tangible and personal property, goods, and chattels of every kind, name, or nature, owned by the said The Sierra Madre Land and Lumber Company; also, all rights, privileges, concessions, and franchises, and letters-patent owned by the said company; also, the good-will of the business heretofore carried on by it, as well as any and all trade marks or trade names owned by it; also, all books of account, bills and accounts receivable, purchase or sale contracts, promissory notes, checks, drafts, money, claims, demands, and choses in action, and all other property or things of value of any kind, name, or nature, tangible or intangible, legal or equitable, possessed by the company; also, all rights, privileges, franchises, and immunities of the said company.

The said property will be offered for sale en bloc.

A copy of the said judgment and a map showing the location of the above-described properties may be seen, and any further information obtained upon application to the undersigned.

Dated at El Paso, Texas, this 17th day of June, 1909.

GUARANTY TRUST AND BANKING COMPANY, Trustee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1909.
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing, delivering, and laying high pressure fire service mains and appurtenances in Fifteenth, Nineteenth, Seventeenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third Streets, Thirteenth Avenue, and Marginal Street.

No. 2. For furnishing materials, repairing, and restoring artificial stone sidewalks and curbing and resetting natural stone curbing.

For full particulars see City Record.

M. F. LOUGHMAN,
Deputy and Acting Commissioner.
The City of New York, July 8, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for dredging about 25,000 cubic yards in the Boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn, The Bronx, Queens, and Richmond, (Contract No. 1,193,) and for dredging about 150,000 cubic yards on the East and Harlem Rivers in the five boroughs, (Contract No. 1,188,) and for furnishing and delivering sand and broken stone, (Contract No. 1,189,) will be received by the Deputy and Acting Commissioner at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, July 20, 1909.

(For particulars see City Record.)

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 11,498.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN P. FLANNERY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John P. Flannery of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1908, the said John P. Flannery was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

July 15th, 1909. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,508.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the

WILLIAMS ACCUSED OF TERRORIZING MEN

Ellis Island Board of Inquiry No Longer a Free Board, Counsel Declares.

WANTS A JUDICIAL INQUIRY

Sweeping Charges Made at Habeas Corpus Hearing Over Aliens Condemned to Deportation.

Charges were made before Judge Hand of the United States District Court yesterday that Immigration Commissioner William Williams had so terrorized the officials under him at Ellis Island that a fair hearing in the cases of aliens held for deportation was no longer possible. The charges came in connection with habeas corpus proceedings to obtain the release of four men—Hirsch, Stuboski, Gershon Berber, Nehemich Boltz, and Meyer Gelvet—who are represented by Max Kohler and Abram L. Elkus. Mr. Kohler did the talking. In asking for the issuance of the writ of habeas corpus he declared:

"The officers here are afraid to decide cases on their merits, not only with respect to this newly established requirement that each immigrant shall have $25 with him, which is wrong in itself, but in other particulars."

"You mean to say that the Board of Special Inquiry is not a free board?" asked Judge Hand.

"Exactly that," said Mr. Kohler.

He went on to say that a letter was sent recently by Byron Uhl, as Acting Commissioner, to the department at Washington which did not state facts correctly in regard to proposed deportations, and that other representations were made to Washington which were not borne out by the records here.

Mr. Kohler and Mr. Elkus both sought for the appointment of a referee, and the latter said he would be willing to stand the expense himself if necessary to present proof of the charges that the immigration officials were not free agents, but subject to the dictation of Commissioner Williams.

Ridiculous, Walton Replies.

For the Government Assistant United States Attorney Walton declared that the charges were ridiculous. Judge Hand said that the facts upon which they were based would have to be shown to him before he would consider the matter, and even then he doubted if the case called for judicial action. Then it developed from discussion among the counsel that Commissioner Williams had offered to grant a rehearing in case the habeas corpus proceedings were dropped, to which the attorneys for the four defendants had not acceded.

"Will the aliens be allowed counsel in that rehearing?" demanded Mr. Kohler of Mr. Walton.

"Certainly," said the Assistant United States Attorney; "I suppose they are always allowed counsel."

"No, they're not," rejoined Mr. Kohler. "They don't allow them counsel at all."

Judge Hand finally adjourned the case until this afternoon to allow Mr. Kohler to amend his papers and Mr. Walton to prepare an amended answer.

Later an amended petition for the four aliens was put in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Walton by Lawyers Elkus and Kohler, for the petitioners, and he started to prepare his amended answer. He contends that Commissioner Williams's so-called "$25 requirement" is no rule at all, but a notice to prospective immigrants and to steamship companies, providing that in the absence of any statutory provision "though no hard and fast rule can be laid down," it would be unsafe for immigrants to arrive with less than $25. As to the four aliens in question, the answer says, three of them arrived without a cent, and the other had $1.40 in cash.

The amended petition contains the substance of a letter from Commissioner Williams to Samuel Mason of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society, the closing passage of which reads:

> If you are expecting to compel the granting of a rehearing through the threat of habeas corpus proceedings I assure you that you will not succeed. Since you have seen fit to apply to the courts for relief I shall now allow these court proceedings to take their course. After they are disposed of I shall consider your application for a rehearing, but not before.

Mr. Williams Stands Pat.

Commissioner Williams returned from Washington yesterday determined to maintain his attitude against what he considers to be a flood of undesirable aliens, despite the protests which have arisen. The Commissioner set at rest some fears among the employes at the immigration station by the announcement that instead of some hundreds of changes among the staff, he had decided that only about thirty men will have either to be demoted or dismissed for inefficiency. He declared that he was going to run his office on business principles, and that discharges and promotions would be on merit alone.

"We need more men to make the examinations with thoroughness," he said. "At present, with the appropriation on hand I cannot increase my force, but I shall recommend an increase. I am not discriminating against any class of persons of any nationality. I want only desirable aliens landed here, but this I shall insist upon. There is no rule as to the amount of money an alien must have. Those who are liable to become public charges will be deported, no matter how much they have, and those who are capable and desirable will be admitted with little money. Canada has a rule that aliens landing from the United States must have $25."

The Commissioner made public a letter from Supt. Blatchley of the Charity Organization Society congratulating him on his course and telling of cases in which the society is daily giving relief to aliens who have been inadvisably allowed to land.

Protest Made to Taft.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Protest against the rule put into effect by Immigration Commissioner Williams at New York requiring each immigrant to have $25 in cash before being permitted to land from Ellis Island was entered with the President to-day by Leon Kamaiky, editor of The Jewish News of New York, who was accompanied to the White House by Representative Bennet.

"Thousands or able-bodied men and women have been deported in the last month or so because they did not have the amount of cash Mr. Williams has fixed upon," said Mr. Kamaiky to-day. "In one day 614 were deported. There is no law fixing this amount, and desirable men and women are still needed in this country. This rule seems to me to be entirely too harsh."

SUFFRAGE HEADQUARTERS.

Fifth Avenue Floor at $5,000 a Year—Mrs. Belmont Pays the Rent.

Mrs. Alva E. Belmont, widow of Oliver H. P. Belmont, leased yesterday, at an annual rental of $5,000, the entire seventeenth floor in the new building at 505 Fifth Avenue, near Forty-second Street, for use as the headquarters of the woman suffrage cause in this city.

The building was erected recently by Henry Corn. The lease, which covers a period of years, was negotiated by De Blois & Eldredge.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:07—165 8th Av.; unknown	$1,000
12:30—118 Bleecker St.; A. Finkelstein	$1,000
1:20—50 Bayard St.; unknown	None
3:15—2 Platt St.; General Fire Extinguisher Co.	$2,000
10:40—220 2d St.; Herman Hoffman	$100
10:40—410 East 74th St.; Alex. Cohen	$25
11:15—47 Claremont Av.; unknown	None
P. M.	
12:00—121st St. and East River; J. Kramer..	Slight
12:30—175 Norfolk St.; Mrs. Wellman	$25
1:20—902 Amsterdam Av.; A. Simon	Trifling
1:25—134th St. and Convent Av.; N. Y. Billposting Co.	$10
2:20—304 Avenue B; Wells & Newton	Trifling
2:20—124-130 West 60th St.; Columbus Hall..	Trifling
3:05—252 West 138d St.; unknown	Trifling
4:10—503 East 107th St.; Joseph Kausan..	Trifling
7:50—715 Forest Av.; Max Gilbur	$5
8:15—303 West 30th St.; H. Nobleman	$500
9:30—704 Washington St.; P. Brady	Trifling

THE HUNDRED ATTACK BAKER.

If Bingham Left the Police in Good Shape, Why So Many Changes?

For the first time since it was organized the full Committee of One Hundred met yesterday afternoon at its headquarters in the Beaver Building and discussed recent developments in the Police Department.

The Hundred is making its chief issue the summary removal by Mayor McClellan of Gen. Bingham as Police Commissioner. To pave the way for further onslaughts the committee adopted an address yesterday denouncing Police Commissioner Baker and questioning his most important official acts since he was placed at the head of the Police Department.

"Upon being made head of the Police Department," says the address, "Commissioner Baker said that 'Bingham left the department in good shape,' and yet every few days we hear of a 'shake-up.' Scores of officers have been transferred, reduced, and promoted, and the police administration is clearly undergoing radical changes. The new Commissioner was quoted in the newspapers as saying after his inspection of Coney Island that things in that precinct were 'all right.' However, he soon transferred the Captain and many of his subordinates. By his own statements, if he has been quoted correctly in interviews apparently authorized and not denied, many of the changes made by the new Commissioner were not called for by the needs of good police administration. For what, then, have these changes been made? Presumably they have been made for political reasons by a Commissioner who asserts the impossibility of keeping the force free from politics.

"We urge the citizens of New York to take notice of the terrible consequences threatened. The return to the city of lawless elements which had to a great extent been banished is not the worst that may come of this change. No greater harm can be done to a free people than by unfair elections to rob them of the control of their government, and nothing less than this robbery is threatened by politics in the police force."

The committee also finds fault with the failure to remove from the site taken for the Manhattan plaza of the Manhattan Bridge a lot of lodging houses, which in the last election netted the Sullivans one-half of all the votes cast in the particular election district where they are located.

AMERICAN STOCKS ABROAD.

Stuyvesant Fish Says It Is a Task to Create an Appetite for Them.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish returned yesterday on the Adriatic from abroad. They will spend some time at their home at Garrison-on-the-Hudson before going to Newport. Mr. Fish declared he was in the best of health. His wife, however, was indisposed. The strain of travel had been too much for her and she stayed in her cabin while the ship was coming up the Bay.

Mr. Fish said that most of the time abroad he had devoted to pleasure, but that he had studied the financial situation in Europe, and especially in France. Regarding the attempt to list United States Steel on the Bourse Mr. Fish said:

"Creating an appetite abroad for our securities is quite a task, and it will take a little more than the efforts of J. P. Morgan, or any other man, to do so. Such an appetite comes from conditions as they exist both here and there, and as a matter of fact the French investors are now prepared to take up American securities. This action on their part is not the result of anything done by Mr. Morgan in regard to the listing of Steel, but is a result of other conditions.

"The outlook in France is bright so far as the general financial situation is concerned. I noticed a change for the better since my last visit abroad. The feeling of unrest, a reflection of the financial depression in this country a year ago last Fall, is much less in evidence."

Mr. Fish is optimistic of the financial situation here, and he thought the improvement would continue. He criticised conditions on the New York stock market.

"Money has been so easy," he said, "that brokers have been buying stocks in a fashion which has brought about fictitious values which the actual condition of things do not warrant. This will have a bad effect."

NEVER MIND ST. SWITHIN.

There Is Nothing in the Legend About His Day, Says the Weather Man.

There is nothing in the legend about rain, and St. Swithin's Day, which is July 15. Weather Observer Emery said so yesterday, thus destroying another illusion.

"This old talk about St. Swithin's Day, rain, and forty consequent days of rain comes up every year," said Mr. Emery. "Many people still believe in it, but the old superstition hasn't received any corroboration to speak of in thirty-nine years. True, there was rain on St. Swithin's Day in 1897, followed by a good deal more rain. But one year out thirty-nine isn't much corroboration.

St. Swithin, however, lived in England some eleven centuries ago. The weather may have changed since then. Besides, there wasn't any historic American weather in the ninth century, when the good Bishop of Winchester lived.

The legend about him is that when he died he asked that he be buried outside of his church at Winchester, so that the people could tread upon his grave and the water drop from the eaves of his church upon it; and that a century later, after he had been cannonized, the removal of his body to a grave within the church, which was scheduled to take place on July 15, was postponed by forty days of rain.

The American weather gods could have had no interest in the removal of St. Swithin's body, and perhaps they have never got into the habit of following the precedents they set on July 15.

New York had only clouds yesterday, anyhow.

VOLKER ADJUDGED INSANE.

Used Steel Pinchers on His Family and Had Champagne In His Soup.

Louis Volker, a hardware merchant at 435 Seventh Avenue, living at 160 West Thirty-fifth Street, who was taken to Bloomingdale Asylum on June 14, was adjudged insane and incompetent to take care of himself or his affairs yesterday by a Sheriff's jury. He was committed on an order signed by Supreme Court Justice Guy after having begun a career characterized by his wife and daughter as "spendthrift dissipation," having spent $3,000 in one night at Atlantic City. The jury assessed Volker's estate at $144,000, most of it consisting of real estate.

Mrs. Volker alleged that her husband insisted upon putting champagne in the soup, poured it over the food, and that he was in the habit of pinching some of the members of his family with eight-inch pliers, which he carried around apparently for that purpose. She said he imagined he was worth millions.

To Celebrate McAdoo Tunnel Opening.

The committee in charge of the celebration to be held in Jersey City next Monday in honor of the opening of the downtown section of the McAdoo tunnels under the North River has issued a request to all harbor craft to blow their whistles in the four or five minutes that the first train will consume in passing under the river. When the train starts from the Cortlandt Street terminal a telephone message will be sent to the Jersey side and immediately twenty dynamite bombs will be exploded from the roof of the Pennsylvania ferry shed. This will be the signal for the tooting to begin. The train will start at about 10 A. M.

Irish Park to be Opened with Games.

The new Irish Park at Wakefield will open on Sunday with games run under the auspices of the Irish Counties Athletic Union. There will be two football games, Longford vs. Kings and Monaghan vs. Roscommon; a hurling match, Galway vs. Kilkenny, and three running contests.

All coffee ails yield to well-made

Postum Coffee

Be sure it's well boiled.

BUILDING CODE WAR NEARS FINAL BATTLE

Acting Mayor's Public Hearing Next Wednesday to Follow a Mass Meeting Tuesday Night.

McGOWAN ANSWERS CRITIC

Denies Board of Examiners Is a Partisan Body—Labor and Employers to Act on It To-day.

Following his statement on Wednesday that he would take personal action upon the revised Building Code, Acting Mayor McGowan announced yesterday that he will hold a public hearing on the code next Wednesday forenoon at 10 o'clock. He will give both the opposition and those favoring the code an hour for argument, with a quarter of an hour each for rebuttal.

"Eight public hearings on the code have already been held by the Aldermanic Buildings Committee," said Mr. McGowan yesterday, "and I cannot see why both sides will not be able to put their case before me in the time I have allotted them. After the hearing I shall consult with the experts whom I have selected and I then will be ready to pass upon the code."

The Acting Mayor sent a reply yesterday to Patrick Gallagher, a contractor, with offices at 1,181 Broadway, who wrote him a few days ago criticising him for his expressed ignorance of the provisions of the code. In the reply Mr. McGowan says:

> The Mayor of the city knows nothing whatever of the several ordinances passed by the Board of Aldermen until they are presented for his signature. His mind is perfectly clear and his judgment unbiased because he has taken no part in the arguments presented for or against any measure. And I submit to you that, because of that fact, he is better qualified to act impartially than if he took sides or participated in debates incidental to the passage of the various resolutions. This, of course, applies to the President of the Board of Aldermen when acting as Mayor.

Answering Mr. Gallagher's charge that the "city finances are so crippled by the fearful mismanagement and unpardonable extravagance of our officials that we have been and are unable to start any new school buildings for nearly one year, to say nothing of very many other much-needed improvements which are also held up for want of means because of the same extravagance and waste," the Acting Mayor continued:

> The reason why new school buildings and other improvements have been held up is not because of the mismanagement or unpardonable extravagance on the part of officials. A large number of buildings and improvements have been held up until the courts have passed upon the question of the so-called debt limit, which is now before them.

As to the question: "What chance has an unfortunate citizen, who may be wronged by the Building Superintendent, for getting relief from a board where it takes only two out of six to maintain the Superintendent's attitude?" Mr. McGowan points out that the Board of Examiners referred to "consists of one member of the American Institute of Architects, one member of the Board of Fire Underwriters, two members of the Mechanics and Traders' Exchange, one of whom shall be a master mason and one a master carpenter; one member of the Society of Architectural Iron Manufacturers, and one member of the Real Estate Owners and Builders' Association, who shall be an architect or builder, all or whom shall be appointed by their respective associations, and no member of said board shall pass upon any question in which he is personally interested." He then concludes:

> You will note that the appointment of this board is as far removed from politics as possible. The members are under obligations to no party, are selected presumably for their technical knowledge, and if good men are not selected, surely the city officials are not to blame.
>
> The charter does not confer the power of removal upon either the Mayor or the Superintendent of Buildings. Whatever faults you may find in the above section the Legislature is responsible for, and to that body you must apply for your remedy.
>
> In regard to the building materials which you mention, their merits will be carefully considered when I take up the code.

The mass meeting of protest against the Building Code, now being arranged by the Citizens' Union and the Committee of One Hundred, will be held on next Tuesday night. To-night the Central Federated Union at the University Settlement, Rivington and Eldridge Streets, will take up the question.

A special meeting of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects was held yesterday afternoon, in which the code was attacked as a dangerous measure, and one that should be vetoed.

This afternoon a meeting of the Building Trades Employers' Association, composed of more than 1,000 firms engaged in building operations in this city, will be held to vigorously protest against the code.

FARRELL DENIES HIS CLAIMS.

Head of the American Baseball Club Says Gordon Was a Dummy.

Answer was filed yesterday by Frank J. Farrell and the Greater New York Baseball Association, through counsel, to a suit brought recently by Joseph Gordon for one-half of the profits of the club after the original investment shall have been paid off. Gordon says it was he who practically organized the club, and that he was President.

In the answer of yesterday it is asserted in substance that Gordon was simply a friend of Farrell's, and was permitted to assist the owner in small details, in return for which Mr. Farrell permitted him to style himself "President," and gave him the run of the grounds until Gordon made himself a nuisance, when he was ordered away. All of Gordon's other claims are denied.

TRAGEDY ON LONELY ISLAND.

Cigarmaker Slain and Suspected Murderer a Suicide—A Companion Held.

PORT HURON, Mich., July 15.—Louis Rosenberg, a cigarmaker living in Cleveland, Ohio, was murdered early this morning on a lonely island in the St. Clair Flats, just above Joe Bedore's Summer hotel. A few hours later Frank Elebra, also of Cleveland, suspected of the murder, was found dead from a dose of poison self-administered when he saw that arrest was imminent. A third Cleveland man, Sam Frisbie, is held at the county jail here to-night as an accomplice to the murder of Rosenberg, and has made a confession to Prosecutor Stewart.

The three men met at Bedore's hotel, where they had gone for a vacation. Last night they attended a dance at the hotel, and Rosenberg showed a large sum of money. This morning Rosenberg's body was found lying face downward in the rushes on the shore of a little islet about 500 feet from the dance hall. There was a deep gash in the back of his head.

The proprietor of the hotel immediately summoned officers from this city, which is the county seat. When they arrived and searched the pockets of the dead man they found that he had been stripped of every cent of his money. As the officers returned to the hotel with the body they heard a man inside scream, "I've taken dope! Help!" With a physician who had accompanied them they rushed to his side, but he died in a few minutes. The man proved to be Frank Elbera. His room was searched, and in a suit case was found a revolver and some bloody clothes, with nearly $200 in money.

As soon as the examination of Elbera's room had disclosed what the officers regarded as proof that he was the murderer and that robbery had been the motive they took into custody his roommate, Sam Frisbie. Frisbie was hurried to the jail here and examined by Prosecutor Stewart. He told of the cold-blooded fashion in which Elbera knocked Rosenberg on the head with the butt of his revolver and then held the cigarmaker under water until he was drowned.

Frisbie said that race hatred as well as greed seemed to enter into Elbera's attack on Rosenberg. He declares that Elbera coaxed Rosenberg out of the hall and over to the island on the plea that he would meet some girls there. Frisbie says he accompanied them. At the head of the island Elbera suddenly attacked Rosenberg.

Frisbie declares that his only part in the murder was to assist Elbera in dragging Rosenberg's body out of the water and into the bushes where it was found.

FITZ DRUNK AND FITZ SOBER.

His Handwriting Shows the Difference, Says Coler Inquiry Witness.

It was announced at the opening of yesterday's hearing in the Coler investigation before the Commissioners of Accounts that Martin S. O'Neil, Chief Inspector of the Brooklyn Bureau of Public Buildings, had been suspended as an outcome of the testimony already brought out in the inquiry. Commissioner Mitchel declared that charges will probably be filed against the Inspector.

In the examination of Eugene Fitzpatrick, a housesmith, as to the validity of the signatures on certain warrants on the Borough President's office issued by him, the witness had difficulty in identifying some of them.

"My handwriting ain't the same all the time," he explained. "Some of them names were written in the morning and some in the afternoon, that's the difference. My best writing is done in the morning. I might have been half drunk when I signed some of those papers."

Mr. Fitzpatrick looked hurt at the laugh that followed.

Superintendent of Buildings Lawrence was asked to explain two bills for work in the Hall of Records, of eighteen days each, between June 8 and 17. He admitted the apparent impossibility of the correctness of the bills, but declared he believed he could explain them if time were given him to look over his records.

ELIZABETH DONEGAN LET GO.

$5,500 in Bank Is Her Savings, She Says—Schilling Heirs Not Satisfied.

Elizabeth Donegan, whose possession of a tidy bank account has been disturbing the minds of the heirs of the late Mrs. Caroline Schilling, for whom she worked as a servant, was discharged yesterday in the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn, when arraigned on a charge of vagrancy.

She had been found in the street and was taken to the Kings County Hospital to be examined as to her mental condition. It was found that her mind was not impaired.

None of the Schilling heirs appeared in court, although they were anxious to find out how the woman came by her wealth. They were also disturbed by a story that Miss Donegan had placed a number of deeds and other valuable papers in Mrs. Schilling's coffin.

The Donegan woman laughed when asked about this yesterday. She declared that the only thing she had placed in the dead woman's coffin had been a picture of St. Ann, which she had done, she said, at Mrs. Schilling's request.

As to the $5,500 she had in bank the woman asserted that it represented her savings of years and gifts from relatives. The Schilling heirs did not seem satisfied with the explanation and said they would continue their investigation.

As the Donegan woman was leaving court she borrowed a nickel from the probationary officer to pay her carfare back to the hospital. She declined to go to her home with a niece who was in court.

Everett Speyer Arrested.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 15.—Everett Speyer, a New York broker, was arraigned here to-day on the complaint of Dr. Walter S. Reed, who accused Mr. Speyer of having used improper language to him last night in a discussion over the right of way while Mr. Speyer was in an automobile and Mr. Reed in a carriage. The court discharged Mr. Speyer, but fined his chauffeur, Ewen Duff, $10, for having crowded Dr. Reed's carriage from the curb.

Judge's Widow Held as a Vagrant.

Mrs. Jennie Beach, who says she is the widow of William H. Beach, an ex-Judge of an Albany court, is detained in the Queens County Jail, in Long Island City, on a charge of vagrancy. She was found several nights ago wandering about the streets of Ozone Park. Mrs. Beach bears every evidence of refinement, but has become childish.

SEIZED AIGRETTES TO BE DESTROYED

Treasury Department Directs Loeb Not to Sell $1,500 Worth Taken from Liners.

STATE LAWS FORBID IT

Congressional Enactment Holds That Local Custom Houses Must Observe the Plumage Laws of Their States.

Collector Loeb announced yesterday a decision of much interest to women. After much correspondence between the local customs officials and the Treasury Department the decision has been reached that some $1,500 worth of aigrettes which were seized on the Lamport & Holt liners Tennyson and Verdi will have to be destroyed instead of sold, as are other undeclared goods.

The decision followed a protest from the President of the National Association of the Audubon Societies of Wild Birds and Animals. The association protested to Collector Loeb against the plumage being sold at auction, if forfeited, as such sale would be against public interests.

The Collector yesterday received from the Secretary of the Treasury a letter inclosing an opinion from the Solicitor of the Treasury. The Solicitor holds: "The aigrettes, which consist of the plumage of the white heron, should be destroyed by the Collector under the authority of the act of Congress of 1900, which provides, among other things, that all parts of song birds, the importation of which is prohibited, or birds transported to any State or Territory or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale, or storage, shall upon arrival in such State or Territory be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of such State or Territory enacted in the exercise of its police powers to the same extent and in the same manner as though such birds had been produced in such State or Territory.

"Under Chapter 20 of the laws of the State of New York of 1900 it is a misdemeanor to sell the plumage of the heron and of other birds in this State. The Solicitor of the Treasury holds that the tariff laws cannot be controlled or affected by either the formal protest of the Audubon Association or by the statutes of a State, and that, without anything more, the aigrettes in question would have to be sold when forfeited, but under the act of Congress of 1900 mentioned, the aigrettes being imported into the United States come within the intendment of the statutes of the State of New York and that the articles accordingly should be destroyed and not sold. The Solicitor further holds that plumage has the same status as if the herons from which it had been taken had been produced in the State of New York."

TAXING RICH MEN'S WEALTH.

Mr. Roosevelt Continues to Write of Its Advantages.

The Outlook, out yesterday, has an article by Theodore Roosevelt, entitled "Give Me Neither Poverty Nor Riches." It says in part:

"It is to be wished that some of those who preach and practice a gospel of mere materialism and greed, and who speak as if the heaping up of wealth by the community or by the individual was in itself the be-all and end-all of life, would learn from the most widely read and oldest of books that true wisdom which teaches that it is well to have neither great poverty nor great riches.

"The movement which has become so strong during the past few years to secure on behalf of the Nation both an adequate supervision of and an effective taxation of vast fortunes, so far as their business use is concerned, is a healthy movement. It aims to replace sullen discontent, restless pessimism, and evil preparation for revolution, by an aggressive, healthy determination to get to the bottom of our troubles and remedy them.

"The multimillionaire is not, per se, a healthy development in this country. If his fortune rests on a basis of wrongdoing, he is a far more dangerous criminal than any of the ordinary types of criminals can possibly be. If his fortune is the result of great service rendered, well and good; he deserves respect and reward for such service—although we must remember to pay our homage to the service itself, and not to the fortune which is the mere reward of the service; but when his fortune is passed on to some one else, who has not rendered the service, then the Nation should impose a heavily graded progressive inheritance tax, a singularly wise and unobjectionable kind of tax. It would be a particularly good thing if the tax bore heaviest on absentees."

ENDS HER GRIEF WITH ACID.

Widow of a Rug Merchant Found Dead in Bed at Her Home.

Mrs. Goosina Iskiyan, widow of Hartune Iskiyan, a rich Armenian rug merchant of Manhattan, who died eight years ago, was found dead in bed yesterday morning at her home in Floral Park, L. I., and after an autopsy had been held in the afternoon, Justice Gittings of Hempstead, Acting Coroner, announced that Mrs. Iskiyan had committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid.

Mrs. Iskiyan was prominent among the Summer residents of Floral Park. She and her daughter, Mrs. Weurtz, with whom she made her home, entertained extensively at times. Since her husband's death eight years ago, however, Mrs. Iskiyan has had fits of melancholy.

Rival Sheet Metal Union Formed.

The Sheet Metal Workers' Union of the State of New York was organized last night at 287 Rivington Street, and 200 members were initiated. The new union aims to compete with the old one, the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' Union, Local 11, associated with the American Federation of Labor.

PRESSED FOR HER LETTERS.

Francis Savage, Obliging a Friend, Arrested for Annoying a Woman.

Margaret Michler, a young woman living at 228 West End Avenue, appeared in the West Side Court yesterday as complainant against Francis Savage of 568 West Sixty-second Street, who, it was said, is the President of the Empire Audit Company, 30 Broad Street. She had him arrested early in the morning on a charge of annoying her.

Miss Michler's story was that Mr. Savage had approached her, trying to purchase some forty letters which a friend of Savage had written to her. Miss Michler refused to surrender the letters. This was the first time she had ever seen Mr. Savage, she said. He called her up on the 'phone on Wednesday and asked her to meet him at a restaurant, as he had some very important matters to tell her.

She dined with him, and in the course of the dinner he asked for the letters. She refused to sell them and took a car uptown. Mr. Savage followed her, she says, and she could not get rid of him until she reached her home.

Early yesterday morning he called her again on the 'phone and asked her to meet him. Miss Michler refused, but when she walked out in Seventy-second Street to go downtown she saw Mr. Savage waiting for her. She called a policeman and had him arrested.

Mr. Savage avoided any allusion to the letters in court. The stories told by both sides did not agree fully, and Magistrate Barlow discharged the defendant. The magisterial ruling displeased Miss Michler. She said it was hard for women to get justice when a woman's word alone was pitted against that of a man.

NOW WANTS $7,800 ALIMONY.

Lawyer F. L. Wandell's Wife Not Satisfied with $520 a Year.

Mrs. Charlotte M. Wandell, who in 1883 obtained a separation from Francis L. Wandell, a lawyer at 51 Wall Street, living at 137 East Eighty-third Street, carrying with it $10 a week alimony, now wants $7,800 a year alimony. She made application to Supreme Court Justice Blanchard yesterday to that effect.

Mrs. Wandell alleges that her husband is now worth about $200,000, and that he has a remunerative law practice.

Mr. Wandell denies his wife's statements. He asserts that his income is not more than $7,000 a year. Justice Blanchard appointed Cephas Brainerd referee.

Samoff STRAWS Reduced to $1.33

A price inducement no man should pass up. Clean, bright, snappy hats.

Outing Caps 50c. Pongee Caps and Crushers $1.00.

Samoff HAT STORES

271 Broadway at Chambers St.
1205 Broadway at Twenty-ninth St.
1367 Broadway at Thirty-seventh St.
1435 Broadway at Fortieth St.
110 Nassau St., at Ann St.
58 East 23d St., at Fourth Av.
Brooklyn—463 Fulton St.
Boston. Philadelphia. Baltimore.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

"Housecleaning" Panamas at 3.90

Our Own $4.80 & $6.00 Hats

Mackinaws & Milans (soft brim), 1.25 & 1.49

Our Own $1.90 Split Braid } $1.25
" " 1.90 Sennet }

All Straws Reduced.

$4.00 Straws 2.67
$3.00 " 2.00
$2.00 " 1.33

199 Broadway.
605 Broadway.
849 Broadway.
1197 Broadway.
1359 Broadway.
6 Broadway.
500 Fifth Ave.
99 Nassau St.
Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St.

Young's Hats NONE BETTER MADE

CLEARING SALE

All this season's Remnants regardless of their former values, reduced. Suits to measure, $18; Coats and Trousers, $16.

Store closes Saturday 1 P. M.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St

JARDIN DE PARIS N. Y. Theatre Roof. TABLE SEATS $1 A SENSATION, F. ZIEGFELD JR'S REVUE FOLLIES OF 1909 With EVA TANGUAY

AERIAL GARDENS Over New Amsterdam Theatre, W. 42d St. Sm'k'g & Ref'sh'ts. Conc'ts in Promenades A GENTLEMAN from MISSISSIPPI With Thos. A. Wise & Douglas Fairbanks

LYRIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. THE MOTOR GIRL Music by Julian Edwards

Broadway 41st St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS with BLANCHE RING.

Lew Fields' Jefferson De Angelis in HERALD SQR. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. THE BEAUTY SPOT Evs. 8:15.

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF. Evgs. at 8:15. Daily Matn. in Victoria Theatre. GERTRUDE HOFFMAN ANNETTE KELLERMAN and Ten other big acts.

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Jos. M. Weber presents THE CLIMAX Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.

NEW BRIGHTON Parkway Sta., Brighton Beach Daily Mat. 25c. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. La Estelita in Pantomime, Frank Fogerty, Edwards' School Boys and Girls, Lasky's Imperial Hussars, Susanne Roccamoro. Others.

KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way & 28th St. Mat. Daily 25 & 50c. DAZIE, in Pantomime, Adelaide Herrmann, Al Leech & Rosebuds, Melville&Higgins,oths.

PALISADES HIGH UP IN THE WOODS. AMUSEMENT PARK. Opp. W. 130th St. (N. Y.) Ferry.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL. Matinee Daily. Orch. Seats 25c. Evs. 25c. to $1.50. CONSUL. Rosario Guerrero, Ada Overton Walker.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Gypsy Music. CINEMATOGRAPH Every Hour. FOTOFONE Operatic Soloists, etc.

CONEY ISLAND

CONEY ISLAND'S GREAT ORIGINAL LUNA PARK

Copied and Imitated Throughout the World, but Still Supreme for Summertime Fun.

Restaurant A la Carte. Planked Steaks. Shore Dinner. 75, $1, $1.25

SPLASHED BY ITS OWN OCEAN. Greater DREAMLAND

BIG FREE CIRCUS—15 ACTS—ALL NEW. EVERYTHING NEW BUT THE OCEAN.

Ward's FOOT OF WALK. Opp. Luna Park. ALL SUITS STERILIZED. Baths

BRIGHTON BEACH PARK Always Cool. 1 Mile Open Beach. PAIN'S BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS and GRAND FIREWORKS NIGHTLY

HENDERSON RESTAURANT High-Class Vaudeville 16—BIG ACTS—16

IMPERIAL CHINESE RESTAURANT. Under New Management. Everything first-class. Chop Suey our specialty. We cater to the best. Bowery and Tilyou's Walk.

FELTMAN'S OLD FASHIONED CLAMBAKE, $1.50. (CONEY ISLAND) Served from noon to midnight. Service a la carte. NEW. Deutsche Garten.

Wallach Bros.

Third Avenue, Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings).

1195 Broadway, Just Below 29th Street.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Fancy Summer Suits One-Third Off

OUR whole stock of Fancy Suits is now reduced—not one reservation. Come to-day and see them—see their prices—and the values they offer—far greater than any you can find otherwhere.

$45 Suits now $30.00
$40 " " 26.66
$30 " " 20.00
$28 " " 18.66
And those formerly $25 and less 16.66

Separate Trousers Reduced

$5, $6, $7.50 Separate Trousers, plain and turn-up bottoms, at both our stores $3.90

SIX MONTHS' GROWTH.

In the six months ended June 30, 1909, the increase of advertising in The New York Times over the corresponding period of last year was 649,402 lines—a greater gain by more than 100,000 lines than that of any other New York newspaper, morning or evening.

Of all the New York morning newspapers The Times alone gained in advertising space for the six months ended June 30, 1909, compared with the six months ended June 30, 1907—264,737 agate lines.

In the six months ended June 30, 1909, compared with the corresponding period of last year, The Times printed a larger volume of book, financial, and transportation advertising and made a greater gain in dry goods and automobile advertising than any other New York newspaper. Its gain in dry goods advertising was over a quarter of a million lines.

It is the high quality of the great quantity of The Times' circulation that pays advertisers.

The daily circulation of The New York Times exceeds 175,000 copies. Its city sale exceeds the combined city sales of the three other morning newspapers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation.